

INFOSYS LIMITED
In ₹ crore

Balance Sheet as at	Note	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Share capital	2.1	286	286
Reserves and surplus	2.2	45,837	41,806
		<u>46,123</u>	<u>42,092</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	2.3	-	-
Other long-term liabilities	2.4	454	364
		<u>454</u>	<u>364</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade payables	2.5	275	68
Other current liabilities	2.6	5,077	4,071
Short-term provisions	2.7	5,841	6,117
		<u>11,193</u>	<u>10,256</u>
		<u>57,770</u>	<u>52,712</u>
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2.8	6,429	5,719
Intangible assets	2.8	8	13
Capital work-in-progress		1,070	954
		<u>7,507</u>	<u>6,686</u>
Non-current investments	2.10	4,429	3,968
Deferred tax assets (net)	2.3	561	542
Long-term loans and advances	2.11	1,874	2,227
Other non-current assets	2.12	102	52
		<u>14,473</u>	<u>13,475</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Current investments	2.10	3,588	2,749
Trade receivables	2.13	8,108	7,336
Cash and cash equivalents	2.14	26,246	24,100
Short-term loans and advances	2.15	5,355	5,052
		<u>43,297</u>	<u>39,237</u>
		<u>57,770</u>	<u>52,712</u>

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
1
As per our report of even date attached
for B S R & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number:101248W/W-100022

for Infosys Limited

 Akhil Bansal
Partner
 Membership No. 090906

 Narayana Murthy
*Non-Executive
 Chairman*

 S. Gopalakrishnan
*Non-Executive
 Vice-Chairman*

 Dr. Vishal Sikka
*Chief Executive Officer and
 Managing Director*

 U.B.Pravin Rao
*Director and
 Chief Operating Officer*

 K.V. Kamath
Director

 R.Seshasayee
Director

 Ravi Venkatesan
Director

 Prof. Jeffrey S. Lehman
Director

 Bangalore
 October 10, 2014

 Dr. Omkar Goswami
Director

 Kiran Mazumdar- Shaw
Director

 Rajiv Bansal
Chief Financial Officer

 Parvatheesam K
*Chief Risk &
 Compliance Officer
 and Company Secretary*

INFOSYS LIMITED
In ₹ crore, except share and per equity share data

Statement of Profit and Loss for the	Note	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
Income from software services and products	2.16	11,863	11,482	23,182	21,441
Other income	2.17	833	503	1,623	1,066
Total revenue		12,696	11,985	24,805	22,507
Expenses					
Employee benefit expenses	2.18	6,340	6,572	12,574	12,139
Deferred consideration pertaining to acquisition		56	57	113	109
Cost of technical sub-contractors	2.18	679	666	1,296	1,245
Travel expenses	2.18	366	340	706	687
Cost of software packages and others	2.18	198	165	466	339
Communication expenses	2.18	86	88	178	163
Professional charges		87	92	134	187
Depreciation and amortisation expense	2.8	251	257	443	507
Other expenses	2.18	464	540	931	847
Total expenses		8,527	8,777	16,841	16,223
PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEM AND TAX		4,169	3,208	7,964	6,284
Profit on transfer of business	2.10.2	412	-	412	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		4,581	3,208	8,376	6,284
Tax expense:					
Current tax	2.19	1,231	1,006	2,319	1,852
Deferred tax	2.19	(15)	(124)	(28)	(144)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		3,365	2,326	6,085	4,576

EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE

Equity shares of par value ₹5/- each

Before Exceptional item

Basic	51.68	40.50	99.28	79.69
Diluted	51.68	40.50	99.28	79.69

After Exceptional item

Basic	58.89	40.50	106.49	79.69
Diluted	58.89	40.50	106.49	79.69

Number of shares used in computing earnings per share

Basic	57,14,02,566	57,42,36,166	57,14,02,566	57,42,36,166
Diluted	57,14,03,542	57,42,36,166	57,14,03,054	57,42,36,166

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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for B S R & Co. LLP
for Infosys Limited
Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number : 101248W/W-100022

Akhil Bansal <i>Partner</i> Membership No. 090906	Narayana Murthy <i>Non-Executive Chairman</i>	S. Gopalakrishnan <i>Non-Executive Vice-Chairman</i>	Dr. Vishal Sikka <i>Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director</i>	U.B.Pravin Rao <i>Director and Chief Operating Officer</i>
	K.V. Kamath <i>Director</i>	R.Seshasayee <i>Director</i>	Ravi Venkatesan <i>Director</i>	Prof. Jeffrey S. Lehman <i>Director</i>
Bangalore October 10, 2014	Dr. Omkar Goswami <i>Director</i>	Kiran Mazumdar- Shaw <i>Director</i>	Rajiv Bansal <i>Chief Financial Officer</i>	Parvatheesam K <i>Chief Risk & Compliance Officer and Company Secretary</i>

Cash Flow Statement for the	Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	8,376	6,284
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to cash generated by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	443	507
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	158	70
Deferred purchase price	113	109
Interest and dividend income	(1,333)	(1,086)
Profit on transfer of business (Refer to note 2.10.2)	(412)	-
Stock compensation expense	1	-
Other non-cash item	19	(26)
Effect of exchange differences on translation of assets and liabilities	13	(24)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Trade receivables	(930)	(1,040)
Loans and advances and other assets	(322)	(777)
Liabilities and provisions	1,277	2,090
	7,403	6,107
Income taxes paid	(1,835)	(1,568)
NET CASH GENERATED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	5,568	4,539
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payment towards capital expenditure	(948)	(1,036)
Proceeds on sale of fixed assets	-	1
Investment in subsidiaries	(40)	(1)
Investment in liquid mutual fund units	(11,620)	(10,197)
Disposal of liquid mutual fund units	10,088	9,186
Investment in certificates of deposit	-	(519)
Redemption of certificates of deposit	709	-
Investment in tax free bonds	-	(632)
Interest and dividend received	1,271	1,043
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(540)	(2,155)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Loan given to subsidiary	-	(22)
Dividends paid (including corporate dividend tax)	(2,877)	(1,813)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,877)	(1,835)
Effect of exchange differences on translation of foreign currency cash and cash equivalents	(5)	60
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,146	609
Add: Bank balances taken over from Infosys Consulting India Limited (Refer to Note 2.27)	-	1
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	24,100	20,401
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	26,246	21,011

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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As per our report of even date attached

for B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number : 101248W/W-100022

for Infosys Limited

Akhil Bansal Partner Membership No. 090906	Narayana Murthy Non-Executive Chairman	S. Gopalakrishnan Non-Executive Vice-Chairman	Dr. Vishal Sikka Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director	U.B.Pravin Rao Director and Chief Operating Officer
	K.V. Kamath Director	R.Seshasayee Director	Ravi Venkatesan Director	Prof. Jeffrey S. Lehman Director
Bangalore October 10, 2014	Dr. Omkar Goswami Director	Kiran Mazumdar- Shaw Director	Rajiv Bansal Chief Financial Officer	Parvatheesam K Chief Risk & Compliance Officer and Company Secretary

Significant accounting policies

Company overview

Infosys Limited ('Infosys' or 'the Company') along with its controlled trust, Infosys Science Foundation, majority-owned and controlled subsidiary, Infosys BPO Limited and its controlled subsidiaries ('Infosys BPO') and wholly-owned and controlled subsidiaries, Infosys Technologies (Australia) Pty. Limited ('Infosys Australia'), Infosys Technologies (China) Co. Limited ('Infosys China'), Infosys Technologies S. de R. L. de C. V. ('Infosys Mexico'), Infosys Technologies (Sweden) AB. ('Infosys Sweden'), Infosys Tecnologia DO Brasil LTDA. ('Infosys Brasil'), Infosys Public Services, Inc., USA ('Infosys Public Services'), Infosys Americas Inc., (Infosys Americas), Edgeverve Systems Limited (Edgeverve), Infosys Technologies (Shanghai) Company Limited ('Infosys Shanghai') and Lodestone Holding AG and its controlled subsidiaries ('Infosys Lodestone') is a leading global services corporation. The Company provides business consulting, technology, engineering and outsourcing services to help clients build tomorrow's enterprise. In addition, the Company offers software products and platforms.

1 Significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values. GAAP comprises mandatory accounting standards as prescribed by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

1.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. Examples of such estimates include computation of percentage of completion which requires the Company to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended, provisions for doubtful debts, future obligations under employee retirement benefit plans, income taxes, post-sales customer support and the useful lives of fixed tangible assets and intangible assets.

Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the Management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

1.3 Revenue recognition

Revenue is primarily derived from software development and related services and from the licensing of software products. Arrangements with customers for software development and related services are either on a fixed-price, fixed-timeframe or on a time-and-material basis.

Revenue on time-and-material contracts are recognized as the related services are performed and revenue from the end of the last billing to the Balance Sheet date is recognized as unbilled revenues. Revenue from fixed-price and fixed-timeframe contracts, where there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration, is recognized based upon the percentage of completion method. When there is uncertainty as to measurement or ultimate collectability revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved. Cost and earnings in excess of billings are classified as unbilled revenue while billings in excess of cost and earnings is classified as unearned revenue. Provision for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current estimates.

Annual Technical Services revenue and revenue from fixed-price maintenance contracts are recognized ratably over the period in which services are rendered. Revenue from the sale of user licenses for software applications is recognized on transfer of the title in the user license, except in case of multiple element contracts, which require significant implementation services, where revenue for the entire arrangement is recognized over the implementation period based upon the percentage-of-completion method. Revenue from client training, support and other services arising due to the sale of software products is recognized as the related services are performed.

The Company accounts for volume discounts and pricing incentives to customers as a reduction of revenue based on the ratable allocation of the discount / incentive amount to each of the underlying revenue transactions that result in progress by the customer towards earning the discount / incentive. Also, when the level of discount varies with increases in levels of revenue transactions, the Company recognizes the liability based on its estimate of the customer's future purchases. If it is probable that the criteria for the discount will not be met, or if the amount thereof cannot be estimated reliably, then discount is not recognized until the payment is probable and the amount can be estimated reliably. The Company recognizes changes in the estimated amount of obligations for discounts using a cumulative catchup approach. The discounts are passed on to the customer either as direct payments or as a reduction of payments due from the customer.

The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its statement of profit and loss.

Profit on sale of investments is recorded on transfer of title from the Company and is determined as the difference between the sale price and carrying value of the investment. Lease rentals are recognized ratably on a straight line basis over the lease term. Interest is recognized using the time-proportion method, based on rates implicit in the transaction. Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established.

1.4 Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by the best estimate of the outflow of economic benefits required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. Where no reliable estimate can be made, a disclosure is made as contingent liability. A disclosure for a contingent liability is also made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

1.5 Post-sales client support and warranties

The Company provides its clients with a fixed-period warranty for corrections of errors and telephone support on all its fixed-price, fixed-timeframe contracts. Costs associated with such support services are accrued at the time when related revenues are recorded and included in statement of profit and loss. The Company estimates such costs based on historical experience and the estimates are reviewed annually for any material changes in assumptions.

1.6 Onerous contracts

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract. The provision is measured at lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of fulfilling the contract.

1.7 Tangible assets and capital work-in-progress

Tangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Direct costs are capitalized until such assets are ready for use. Capital work-in-progress comprises of the cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use at the reporting date.

1.8 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Software product development costs are expensed as incurred unless technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the Company has an intention and ability to complete and use or sell the software and the costs can be measured reliably.

1.9 Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on tangible assets is provided on the straight-line method over the useful lives of assets estimated by the Management. Depreciation for assets purchased / sold during a period is proportionately charged. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, commencing from the date the asset is available to the Company for its use. The Management estimates the useful lives for the other fixed assets as follows:

Buildings ⁽¹⁾	22-25 years
Plant and machinery ⁽¹⁾	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Computer equipment ⁽¹⁾	3-5 years
Furniture and fixtures ⁽¹⁾	5 years
Vehicles ⁽¹⁾	5 years

⁽¹⁾ For these class of assets, based on internal assessment and independent technical evaluation carried out by external valuers the management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives for these assets is different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

Depreciation and amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end. (Refer note 2.8)

1.10 Impairment

The Management periodically assesses using, external and internal sources, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of the asset's net selling price and value in use, which means the present value of future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and its eventual disposal. An impairment loss for an asset is reversed if, and only if, the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. The carrying amount of an asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

1.11 Retirement benefits to employees

a Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ('the Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company.

Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation at each Balance Sheet date using the projected unit credit method. The Company fully contributes all ascertained liabilities to the Infosys Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund Trust (the Trust). Trustees administer contributions made to the Trust and contributions are invested in specific investments as permitted by the law. The Company recognizes the net obligation of the gratuity plan in the Balance Sheet as an asset or liability, respectively in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) 15, 'Employee Benefits'. The Company's overall expected long-term rate-of-return on assets has been determined based on consideration of available market information, current provisions of Indian law specifying the instruments in which investments can be made, and historical returns. The discount rate is based on the Government securities yield. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

b Superannuation

Certain employees of Infosys are also participants in the superannuation plan ('the Plan') which is a defined contribution plan. The Company has no obligations to the Plan beyond its monthly contributions.

c Provident fund

Eligible employees receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined benefit plan. Both the employee and the Company make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Company contributes a part of the contributions to the Infosys Limited Employees' Provident Fund Trust. The remaining portion is contributed to the government administered pension fund. The rate at which the annual interest is payable to the beneficiaries by the trust is being administered by the government. The Company has an obligation to make good the shortfall, if any, between the return from the investments of the trust and the notified interest rate.

d Compensated absences

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation based on the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the Balance Sheet date. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognized in the period in which the absences occur.

1.12 Share-based payments

The company accounts for equity settled stock options as per the accounting treatment prescribed by Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Guidelines, 1999, issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India and the Guidance Note on Employee Share-based Payments issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India using the intrinsic value method.

1.13 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign-currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in the Statement of profit and loss. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at fair value are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of transaction.

Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction. Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled.

1.14 Forward and options contracts in foreign currencies

The Company uses foreign exchange forward and options contracts to hedge its exposure to movements in foreign exchange rates. The use of these foreign exchange forward and options contracts reduce the risk or cost to the Company and the Company does not use those for trading or speculation purposes.

Effective April 1, 2008, the Company adopted AS 30, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement', to the extent that the adoption did not conflict with existing accounting standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Company Law and other regulatory requirements.

Forward and options contracts are fair valued at each reporting date. The resultant gain or loss from these transactions are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. The Company records the gain or loss on effective hedges, if any, in the foreign currency fluctuation reserve until the transactions are complete. On completion, the gain or loss is transferred to the statement of profit and loss of that period. To designate a forward or options contract as an effective hedge, the Management objectively evaluates and evidences with appropriate supporting documents at the inception of each contract whether the contract is effective in achieving offsetting cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. In the absence of a designation as effective hedge, a gain or loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Currently hedges undertaken by the Company are all ineffective in nature and the resultant gain or loss consequent to fair valuation is recognized in the statement of profit and loss at each reporting date.

1.15 Income taxes

Income taxes are accrued in the same period that the related revenue and expenses arise. A provision is made for income tax, based on the tax liability computed, after considering tax allowances and exemptions. Provisions are recorded when it is estimated that a liability due to disallowances or other matters is probable. Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefits in the form of tax credit against future income tax liability, is recognized as an asset in the Balance Sheet if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal tax after the tax holiday period and the resultant asset can be measured reliably. The Company offsets, on a year on year basis, the current tax assets and liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right and where it intends to settle such assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The differences that result between the profit considered for income taxes and the profit as per the financial statements are identified, and thereafter a deferred tax asset or deferred tax liability is recorded for timing differences, namely the differences that originate in one accounting period and reverse in another, based on the tax effect of the aggregate amount of timing difference. The tax effect is calculated on the accumulated timing differences at the end of an accounting period based on enacted or substantively enacted regulations. Deferred tax assets in situation where unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward business loss exists, are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realized. Deferred tax assets, other than in situation of unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward business loss, are recognized only if there is reasonable certainty that they will be realized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed for the appropriateness of their respective carrying values at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority. The income tax provision for the interim period is made based on the best estimate of the annual average tax rate expected to be applicable for the full financial year. Tax benefits of deductions earned on exercise of employee share options in excess of compensation charged to statement of profit and loss are credited to the share premium account.

1.16 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The diluted potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value which is the average market value of the outstanding shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

The number of shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

1.17 Investments

Trade investments are the investments made to enhance the Company's business interests. Investments are either classified as current or long-term based on Management's intention. Current investments are carried at the lower of cost and fair value of each investment individually. Cost for overseas investments comprises the Indian Rupee value of the consideration paid for the investment translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of investment. Long term investments are carried at cost less provisions recorded to recognize any decline, other than temporary, in the carrying value of each investment.

1.18 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and cash on deposit with banks and corporations. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

1.19 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

1.20 Leases

Lease under which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Such assets acquired are capitalized at fair value of the asset or present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease, whichever is lower. Lease payments under operating leases are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis in the statement of profit and loss over the lease term.

2 NOTES TO ACCOUNTS FOR THE QUARTER AND HALF-YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Amounts in the financial statements are presented in ₹ crore, except for per share data and as otherwise stated. All exact amounts are stated with the suffix “/-”. One crore equals 10 million.

The previous period figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary to conform to the current period presentation.

2.1 SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore, except as otherwise stated</i>	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Authorized		
Equity shares, ₹5/- par value		
60,00,00,000 (60,00,00,000) equity shares	300	300
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-Up		
Equity shares, ₹5/- par value ⁽¹⁾	286	286
57,14,02,566 (57,14,02,566) equity shares fully paid-up	286	286

Forfeited shares amounted to ₹1,500/- (₹1,500/-)

⁽¹⁾ Refer to note 2.33 for details of basic and diluted shares

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of ₹5/-. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the year ended March 31, 2014, the amount of dividend per share recognized as distribution to equity shareholder was ₹63/- The dividend for the year ended March 31, 2014 includes ₹43 per share of final dividend. The total dividend appropriation for the year ended March 31, 2014 amounted to ₹4,233 crore, including corporate dividend tax of ₹615 crore.

The Board of Directors, in their meeting on October 10, 2014, declared an interim dividend of ₹30 per equity share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

The details of shareholder holding more than 5% shares as at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014 are set out below :

Name of the shareholder	As at September 30, 2014		As at March 31, 2014	
	No. of shares	% held	No. of shares	% held
Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (Depository of ADR's - legal ownership)	8,61,39,991	15.00	9,24,70,660	16.10

The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding and the amount of share capital as at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014 is set out below:

Particulars	As at September 30, 2014		As at March 31, 2014	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Number of shares at the beginning of the period	57,14,02,566	286	57,42,36,166	287
Less : Treasury shares	-	-	2,833,600	1
Number of shares at the end of the period	57,14,02,566	286	57,14,02,566	286

The Board in its meeting held on October 10, 2014 has considered and approved and recommended a bonus issue of one equity share for every equity share held, and a bonus issue, viz., a stock dividend of one American Depository Share (ADS) for every ADS held, respectively, as on a record date to be determined. Consequently, the ratio of equity shares underlying the ADSs held by an American Depository Receipt holder would remain unchanged.

The Board approved and recommended the issuance in order to increase the liquidity of its shares and to expand the retail shareholder base.

The bonus issue of equity shares and ADSs will be subject to approval by the shareholders, through a postal ballot, and any other applicable statutory and regulatory approvals. Accordingly, the record date for the bonus issues of equity shares and ADSs will be announced in due course.

Stock Option Plan:

2011 RSU Plan (the 2011 Plan): The Company has a 2011 RSU Plan which provides for the grant of restricted stock units (RSUs) to eligible employees of the Company. The Board of Directors recommended establishment of the 2011 Plan to the shareholders on August 30, 2011 and the shareholders approved the recommendation of the Board of Directors on October 17, 2011 through a postal ballot. The maximum aggregate number of shares that may be awarded under the Plan is 28,33,600 shares (currently held by the Infosys Limited Employees' Welfare Trust) and the plan shall continue in effect for a term of 10 years from the date of initial grant under the plan. The RSUs will be issued at par value of the equity share. The 2011 Plan is administered by the Management Development and Compensation Committee (the Committee). The Committee is comprised of independent members of the Board of Directors.

During August 2014, the company granted 22,794 RSUs under the 2011 Plan. The RSUs will vest over a period of four years from the date of the grant in the proportions specified in the award agreement and expire seven days from the date of vesting. The RSUs will vest subject to achievement of certain key performance indicators as set forth in the award agreement for each applicable year of the vesting tranche and continued employment through each vesting date.

In accordance with the SEBI Guidelines, the excess of the closing market price on the day prior to the grant of the RSUs over the exercise price is amortised on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

The activity in the 2011 Plan during the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014 is set out below:

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30, 2014		Half-year ended September 30, 2014	
	Shares arising out of options	Weighted average exercise price	Shares arising out of options	Weighted average exercise price
2011 Plan:				
Outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	-
Granted	22,794	5	22,794	5
Forfeited and expired	-	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end	22,794	5	22,794	5
Exercisable at the end	-	-	-	-

The weighted average remaining contractual life of RSUs outstanding as of September 30, 2014 under the 2011 Plan was 2.89 years.

The differential on stock compensation expense if the 'fair value' of the RSUs on the date of the grant were considered instead of the 'intrinsic value' is less than ₹ 1 crore. Consequently, there is no impact on Earnings per Share.

The fair value for the above impact analysis is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton model with the following assumptions:

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30, 2014
Weighted average share price (₹)	3,549
Exercise price (₹)	5
Expected volatility (%)	30 - 37
Expected life of the option (years)	1 - 4
Expected dividends (%)	1.84
Risk-free interest rate (%)	8 - 9

The expected term of an RSU is estimated based on the vesting term and contractual term of the RSU, as well as expected exercise behaviour of the employee who receives the RSU. Expected volatility during the expected term of the RSU is based on historical volatility of the observed market prices of the company's publicly traded equity shares during a period equivalent to the expected term of the RSU.

The weighted average fair value of RSUs on grant date was ₹3,544/-

During each of the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014, the company recorded an employee compensation expense of ₹1 crore in the statement of profit and loss.

2.2 RESERVES AND SURPLUS

in ₹ crore

Particulars	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Capital reserve - Opening balance	54	54
Add: Transferred from Surplus	-	-
	54	54
Securities premium account - Opening balance	3,069	3,065
Add: Reserves on consolidation of trust	-	4
	3,069	3,069
Employee Stock Options Outstanding- Opening balance (<i>Refer note 2.1</i>)	-	-
Add: Compensation for options granted during the period	8	-
	8	-
Less: Deferred Employee Stock Compensation	7	-
	1	-
General reserve - Opening balance	8,291	7,270
Add: Transferred from Surplus	-	1,021
	8,291	8,291
Surplus - Opening balance	30,392	25,383
Add: Net profit after tax transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss	6,085	10,194
Reserves on consolidation of trust	-	50
Dividend eliminated on consolidation of trust	12	13
Reserves on transfer of assets and liabilities of Infosys Consulting India Limited (<i>refer to note 2.27</i>)	-	6
Amount available for appropriation	36,489	35,646
Appropriations:		
Interim dividend	1,723	1,149
Final dividend	-	2,469
Total dividend	1,723	3,618
Dividend tax	344	615
Amount transferred to general reserve	-	1,021
Surplus- Closing Balance	34,422	30,392
	45,837	41,806

2.3 DEFERRED TAXES

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Deferred tax assets		
Fixed assets	281	356
Trade receivables	109	44
Unavailed leave	261	249
Computer software	53	50
Accrued compensation to employees	38	31
Post sales client support	109	98
Others	22	17
	873	845
Deferred tax liabilities		
Branch profit tax	312	303
	312	303
Deferred tax assets after set-off	561	542
Deferred tax liabilities after set-off	-	-

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

As at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014, the Company has provided for branch profit tax of ₹312 crore and ₹303 crore, respectively, for its overseas branches, as the Company estimates that these branch profits would be distributed in the foreseeable future. The change in provision for branch profit tax includes ₹9 crore movement on account of exchange rate during the half-year ended September 30, 2014.

2.4 OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Others		
Gratuity obligation - unamortised amount relating to plan amendment (refer to note 2.30)	6	7
Payable for acquisition of business (refer to note 2.10.1)	421	330
Rental deposits received from subsidiary (refer to note 2.26)	27	27
	454	364

2.5 TRADE PAYABLES

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Trade payables	275	68
	275	68
<i>Includes dues to subsidiaries (refer to note 2.26)</i>	231	30

2.6 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Accrued salaries and benefits		
Salaries and benefits	1,184	503
Bonus and incentives	813	669
Other liabilities		
Provision for expenses ⁽¹⁾	1,240	1,296
Retention monies	82	72
Withholding and other taxes payable	877	834
Gratuity obligation - unamortised amount relating to plan amendment, current (refer to note 2.30)	3	4
Other payables ⁽²⁾	98	63
Advances received from clients	9	21
Unearned revenue	746	606
Unpaid dividends	3	3
Mark-to-market forward and options contracts	22	-
	5,077	4,071
⁽¹⁾ Includes dues to subsidiaries (refer to note 2.26)	-	8
⁽²⁾ Includes dues to subsidiaries (refer to note 2.26)	24	3

2.7 SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Provision for employee benefits		
Unavailed leave	859	798
Others		
Proposed dividend	1,723	2,469
Provision for		
Tax on dividend	344	420
Income taxes (net of advance tax and TDS)	2,570	2,105
Post-sales client support and warranties and other provisions	345	325
Provision towards visa related matters (<i>Refer note 2.36</i>)	-	-
	5,841	6,117

Provision for post-sales client support and warranties and other provisions

The movement in the provision for post-sales client support and warranties and other provisions is as follows :

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>				
	Quarter ended		Half-year ended		Year ended
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	March 31, 2014
Balance at the beginning	307	196	325	199	199
Provision recognized/(reversed)	48	(12)	52	(26)	124
Provision utilised	(12)	-	(33)	-	-
Exchange difference during the period	2	6	1	17	2
Balance at the end	345	190	345	190	325

Provision for post-sales client support and other provisions are expected to be utilized over a period of 6 months to 1 year.

2.8 FIXED ASSETS

Following are the changes in the carrying value of fixed assets for the half-year ended September 30, 2014:

in ₹ crore, except as otherwise stated

Particulars	Tangible assets									Intangible assets		Total
	Land-Freehold	Land-Leasehold	Buildings ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Plant and equipment ⁽²⁾	Office equipment ⁽²⁾	Computer equipment ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	Furniture and fixtures ⁽²⁾	Vehicles	Total	Intellectual property rights	Total	
Original cost												
As at April 1, 2014	781	349	4,878	1,090	393	2,178	679	13	10,361	59	59	10,420
Additions/	118	268	306	92	69	244	58	1	1,156	-	-	1,156
Adjustments during the period												
Deductions/ Retirement during the period	-	-	-	-	-	(25)	-	(1)	(26)	-	-	(26)
As at September 30, 2014	899	617	5,184	1,182	462	2,397	737	13	11,491	59	59	11,550
Depreciation and amortization												
As at April 1, 2014	-	-	1,754	671	215	1,554	441	7	4,642	46	46	4,688
For the period	-	14	88	86	31	157	61	1	438	5	5	443
Deductions/	-	-	-	-	-	(17)	-	(1)	(18)	-	-	(18)
Adjustments during the period												
As at September 30, 2014	-	14	1,842	757	246	1,694	502	7	5,062	51	51	5,113
Net book value												
As at September 30, 2014	899	603	3,342	425	216	703	235	6	6,429	8	8	6,437

Following are the changes in the carrying value of fixed assets for the half-year ended September 30, 2013:

in ₹ crore, except as otherwise stated

Particulars	Tangible assets									Intangible assets		Total
	Land-Freehold	Land-Leasehold	Buildings ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Plant and equipment ⁽²⁾	Office equipment ⁽²⁾	Computer equipment ⁽³⁾	Furniture and fixtures ⁽²⁾	Vehicles	Total	Intellectual property rights	Total	
Original cost												
As at April 1, 2013	492	348	4,053	779	276	1,525	518	10	8,001	59	59	8,060
Additions/	96	-	181	54	28	278	56	1	694	-	-	694
Adjustments during the period												
Deductions/ Retirement during the period	-	-	-	(1)	-	(7)	-	-	(8)	-	-	(8)
As at September 30, 2013	588	348	4,234	832	304	1,796	574	11	8,687	59	59	8,746
Depreciation and amortization												
As at April 1, 2013	-	-	1,467	547	159	1,053	345	5	3,576	31	31	3,607
For the period	-	-	138	61	26	225	49	1	500	7	7	507
Deductions/	-	-	-	(1)	-	(6)	-	-	(7)	-	-	(7)
Adjustments during the period												
As at September 30, 2013	-	-	1,605	607	185	1,272	394	6	4,069	38	38	4,107
Net book value												
As at September 30, 2013	588	348	2,629	225	119	524	180	5	4,618	21	21	4,639

Following are the changes in the carrying value of fixed assets for the year ended March 31, 2014:

in ₹ crore, except as otherwise stated

Particulars	Tangible assets									Intangible assets		Total
	Land-Freehold	Land-Leasehold	Buildings ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Plant and equipment ⁽²⁾	Office equipment ⁽²⁾	Computer equipment ⁽³⁾	Furniture and fixtures ⁽²⁾	Vehicles	Total	Intellectual property rights	Total	
Original cost												
As at April 1, 2013	492	348	4,053	779	276	1,525	518	10	8,001	59	59	8,060
Additions/	290	1	825	312	117	672	161	3	2,381	-	-	2,381
Adjustments during the period												
Deductions/ Retirement during the period	(1)	-	-	(1)	-	(19)	-	-	(21)	-	-	(21)
As at March 31, 2014	781	349	4,878	1,090	393	2,178	679	13	10,361	59	59	10,420
Depreciation and amortization												
As at April 1, 2013	-	-	1,467	547	159	1,053	345	5	3,576	31	31	3,607
For the period	-	-	287	125	56	520	96	2	1,086	15	15	1,101
Deductions/	-	-	-	(1)	-	(19)	-	-	(20)	-	-	(20)
Adjustments during the period												
As at March 31, 2014	-	-	1,754	671	215	1,554	441	7	4,642	46	46	4,688
Net book value												
As at March 31, 2014	781	349	3,124	419	178	624	238	6	5,719	13	13	5,732

Notes: ⁽¹⁾ Buildings include ₹250/- being the value of 5 shares of ₹50/- each in Mittal Towers Premises Co-operative Society Limited.

⁽²⁾ Includes certain assets provided on cancellable operating lease to subsidiaries

⁽³⁾ The opening Balance as of April 1, 2013 includes computer equipment having gross book value of ₹1 crore (net book value Nil) transferred from Infosys Consulting India Limited (Refer note 2.27)

⁽⁴⁾ During the quarter ended September 30, 2014, computer equipment having net book value of ₹8 crore was transferred to Edgeverve Systems Limited (Refer note 2.10.2)

During the quarter ended June 30, 2014, the management based on internal and external technical evaluation reassessed the remaining useful life of assets primarily consisting of buildings and computers with effect from April 1, 2014. Accordingly the useful lives of certain assets required a change from the previous estimates.

The existing and revised useful lives are as below:

Category of assets	Existing useful life (Years)	Revised useful life (Years)
Building	15	22-25
Plant and machinery	5	5
Computer equipment	2-5	3-5
Furniture and fixtures	5	5
Vehicles	5	5

Had the Company continued with the previously assessed useful lives, charge for depreciation for the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014 would have been higher by ₹111 crore and ₹238 crore respectively, for assets held at April 1, 2014. The revision of the useful lives will result in the following changes in the depreciation expense as compared to the original useful life of the assets.

Particulars	in ₹ crore		
	Fiscal 2015	Fiscal 2016	After Fiscal 2016
Increase /(decrease) in depreciation expense	(404)	(145)	549

The Company has entered into lease-cum-sale agreements to acquire certain properties. In accordance with the terms of some of these agreements, the Company has the option to purchase or renew the properties on expiry of the lease period.

Tangible assets provided on operating lease to subsidiaries as at September 30, 2014 and *March 31, 2014* are as follows:

Particulars	in ₹ crore		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value
Buildings	60	33	27
	49	32	17
Plant and equipment	2	-	2
	1	-	1
Furniture and fixtures	2	-	2
	-	-	-
Office equipment	2	-	2
	-	-	-

The aggregate depreciation charged on the above assets during the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014 amounted to ₹1 crore each (₹1 crore and ₹2 crore for the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2013, respectively).

The rental income from subsidiaries for the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014 amounted to ₹14 crore and ₹18 crore respectively (₹5 crore and ₹9 crore for the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2013, respectively)

2.9 LEASES

Obligations on long-term, non-cancellable operating leases

The lease rentals charged during the period and the obligations on long-term, non-cancellable operating leases payable as per the rentals stated in the respective agreements are as follows:

Particulars	in ₹ crore			
	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Lease rentals recognized during the period	40	45	82	90

Lease obligations payable	in ₹ crore	
	As at ,	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Within one year of the balance sheet date	116	125
Due in a period between one year and five years	308	314
Due after five years	189	218

The operating lease arrangements, are renewable on a periodic basis and for most of the leases extend upto a maximum of ten years from their respective dates of inception and relates to rented premises. Some of these lease agreements have price escalation clauses.

2.10 INVESTMENTS

in ₹ crore, except as otherwise stated

Particulars	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Non-current investments		
Long term investments - at cost		
Trade (unquoted)		
Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries		
Infosys BPO Limited		
3,38,22,319 (3,38,22,319) equity shares of ₹10/- each, fully paid	659	659
Infosys Technologies (China) Co. Limited	107	107
Infosys Technologies (Australia) Pty Limited		
1,01,08,869 (1,01,08,869) equity shares of AUD 0.11 par value, fully paid	66	66
Infosys Technologies, S. de R.L. de C.V., Mexico		
17,49,99,990 (17,49,99,990) equity shares of MXN 1 par value, fully paid up	65	65
Infosys Technologies (Sweden) AB		
1,000 (1,000) equity shares of SEK 100 par value, fully paid	-	-
Infosys Tecnologia do Brasil Ltda		
4,00,00,000 (4,00,00,000) shares of BRL 1.00 par value, fully paid	109	109
Infosys Technologies (Shanghai) Company Limited	234	234
Infosys Consulting India Limited		
Nil (Nil) equity shares of ₹10/- each, fully paid	-	-
Infosys Public Services, Inc.		
3,50,00,000 (3,50,00,000) shares of USD 0.50 par value, fully paid	99	99
Lodestone Holding AG (refer to note 2.10.1)		
23,350 (23,350) - Class A shares of CHF 1,000 each and 29,400 (29,400) - Class B Shares of CHF 100 each, fully paid up	1,323	1,323
Infosys Americas Inc.		
10,000 (10,000) shares of USD 10 per share, fully paid up	1	1
Edgeverve Systems Limited (refer to note 2.10.2)		
46,18,40,000 (10,00,000) equity shares of ₹10/- each, fully paid	462	1
	3,125	2,664
Others (unquoted) (refer to note 2.10.3)		
Investments in equity instruments	6	6
Less: Provision for investments	2	2
	4	4
Others (quoted)		
Investments in tax free bonds (refer to note 2.10.4)	1,300	1,300
	1,300	1,300
Total non-current investments	4,429	3,968
Current portion of Long term investments		
Quoted		
Fixed Maturity Plans (refer to note 2.10.5)	100	100
	100	100
Current investments – at the lower of cost and fair value		
Other current investments		
Unquoted		
Liquid mutual fund units (refer to note 2.10.6)	3,414	1,866
Certificates of deposit (refer to note 2.10.7)	74	783
	3,488	2,649
Total current investments	3,588	2,749
Total investments	8,017	6,717
Aggregate amount of quoted investments excluding interest accrued but not due of ₹56 crore as of September 30, 2014 (₹48 crore as at March 31, 2014) included under Note 2.15 Short term Loans and advances	1,400	1,400
Market value of quoted investments	1,306	1,344
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	6,619	5,319
Aggregate amount of provision made for non-current unquoted investments	2	2

Profit on sale of Investment is less than ₹1 crore each for quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014 (₹1 crore each for the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2013).

2.10.1 Investment in Lodestone Holding AG

On October 22, 2012, Infosys acquired 100% of the outstanding share capital of Lodestone Holding AG, a global management consultancy firm headquartered in Zurich, Switzerland. The acquisition was executed through a share purchase agreement for an upfront cash consideration of ₹1,187 crore and a deferred consideration of upto ₹608 crore.

The deferred consideration is payable to the selling shareholders of Lodestone on the third anniversary of the acquisition date and is contingent upon their continued employment for a period of three years. The investment in Lodestone has been recorded at the acquisition cost and the deferred consideration is being recognised on a proportionate basis over a period of three years from the date of acquisition. An amount of ₹56 crore and ₹57 crore, representing the proportionate charge of the deferred consideration has been recognised as an expense during the quarter ended September 30, 2014 and quarter ended September 30, 2013 respectively and ₹113 crore and ₹109 crore during half-year ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 respectively.

2.10.2 Investment in Edgeverve Systems Limited

On February 14, 2014, a wholly owned subsidiary Edgeverve Systems Limited (Edgeverve) was incorporated. Edgeverve was created to focus on developing and selling products and platforms. On April 15, 2014, the Board of Directors (the Board) of Infosys authorized the Company to execute a Business Transfer Agreement and related documents with Edgeverve, subject to securing the requisite approval from shareholders in the Annual General Meeting. Subsequently, at the AGM held on June 14, 2014, the shareholders have authorized the Board to enter into a Business Transfer Agreement and related documents with Edgeverve, with effect from July 1, 2014 or such other date as may be decided by the Board. The company has undertaken an enterprise valuation by an independent valuer and accordingly the business has been transferred for a consideration of \$70 million (approximately ₹421 crore) with effect from July 1, 2014. Net assets amounting to ₹9 crore have also been transferred and accordingly a gain of ₹412 crore has been recorded as an exceptional item. The consideration has been settled through the issue of fully paid up shares in Edgeverve.

2.10.3 Details of Investments

The details of non-current other investments in equity instruments as at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014 are as follows:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
OnMobile Systems Inc., (formerly Onscan Inc.) USA		
21,54,100 (21,54,100) common stock at USD 0.4348 each, fully paid, par value USD 0.001 each	4	4
Merasport Technologies Private Limited		
2,420 (2,420) equity shares at ₹8,052/- each, fully paid, par value ₹10/- each	2	2
Global Innovation and Technology Alliance		
5,000 (5,000) equity shares at ₹1,000/- each, fully paid, par value ₹1,000/- each	-	-
	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>
Less: Provision for investment	2	2
	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

2.10.4 Details of Investments in tax free bonds

The balances held in tax free bonds as at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014 is as follows:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>					
	As at September 30, 2014			As at March 31, 2014		
	Face Value ₹	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	
7.18% Indian Railway Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 19FEB2023	1,000/-	20,00,000	201	20,00,000	201	
7.34% Indian Railway Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 19FEB2028	1,000/-	21,00,000	211	21,00,000	211	
7.93% Rural Electrification Corporation Limited Bonds 27MAR2022	1,000/-	2,00,000	21	2,00,000	21	
8.26% India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited Bonds 23AUG28	10,00,000/-	1,000	100	1,000	100	
8.30% National Highways Authority of India Bonds 25JAN2027	1,000/-	5,00,000	53	5,00,000	53	
8.35% National Highways Authority of India Bonds 22NOV2023	10,00,000/-	1,500	150	1,500	150	
8.46% India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited Bonds 30AUG2028	10,00,000/-	2,000	200	2,000	200	
8.46% Power Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 30AUG2028	10,00,000/-	1,500	150	1,500	150	
8.48% India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited Bonds 05SEP2028	10,00,000/-	450	45	450	45	
8.54% Power Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 16NOV2028	1,000/-	5,00,000	50	5,00,000	50	
8.10% Indian Railway Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 23FEB2027	1,000/-	5,00,000	54	5,00,000	54	
8.20% Power Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 2022	1,000/-	5,00,000	50	5,00,000	50	
8.00% Indian Railway Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 2022	1,000/-	1,50,000	15	1,50,000	15	
		<u>64,56,450</u>	<u>1,300</u>	<u>64,56,450</u>	<u>1,300</u>	

2.10.5 Details of Investments in Fixed Maturity Plans

The balances held in Fixed Maturity Plans as at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014 is as follows:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>			
	As at September 30, 2014		As at March 31, 2014	
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
UTI - Fixed Term Income Fund Series - XVII - XIII	2,50,00,000	25	2,50,00,000	25
HDFC Fixed Maturity Plans - Series 29	2,50,00,000	25	2,50,00,000	25
DSP BlackRock FMP Series 146 12M - Dir - Growth	2,50,00,000	25	2,50,00,000	25
DSP Black Rock FMP Series 151 12M - Dir - Growth	2,50,00,000	25	2,50,00,000	25
	<u>10,00,00,000</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>10,00,00,000</u>	<u>100</u>

2.10.6 Details of Investments in liquid mutual fund units

The balances held in liquid mutual fund units as at September 30, 2014 is as follows:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	Units	Amount
SBI Premier Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	24,85,931	249
IDFC Cash Fund Daily Dividend - Direct Plan	49,65,689	497
Tata Liquid Fund Direct Plan - Daily Dividend	25,67,895	286
JP Morgan India Liquid Fund Direct Plan-Daily Dividend	15,79,02,705	158
Religare Invesco Liquid Fund-Direct Plan Daily Dividend	8,070	1
Religare Invesco Liquid Fund-Direct Plan Daily Dividend	19,98,799	200
Reliance Liquid Fund - Treasury Plan - Direct Daily Dividend Option	25,93,407	396
L & T Liquid Fund Direct Plan - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	21,19,464	215
Kotak Liquid Scheme Plan A - Direct Plan - Daily Dividend	14,95,807	183
HDFC Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	17,27,30,629	176
ICICI Prudential Liquid - Direct Plan - Daily Dividend	3,74,00,328	374
AXIS Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	29,24,234	293
Birla Sun Life Cash Plus - Daily Dividend - Direct Plan - Reinvestment	3,85,05,844	386
	<u>42,76,98,802</u>	<u>3,414</u>

The balances held in liquid mutual fund units as at March 31, 2014 is as follows:

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	Units	Amount
SBI Premier Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	14,96,454	150
IDFC Cash Fund Daily Dividend - Direct Plan	23,95,149	240
Tata Liquid Fund Direct Plan - Daily Dividend	24,61,026	274
HDFC Liquid Fund-Direct Plan- Daily Dividend Reinvestment	33,44,09,159	341
Religare Invesco Liquid Fund-Direct Plan Daily Dividend	12,704	1
Reliance Liquidity Fund-Direct Plan Daily Dividend Reinvestment Option	35,45,234	355
L & T Liquid Fund Direct Plan - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	14,82,628	150
UTI Liquid Cash Plan - Institutional - Direct Plan - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	11,78,546	120
Birla Sun Life Floating Rate Fund-STP-DD-Direct Reinvestment	2,34,93,259	235
	37,04,74,159	1,866

2.10.7 Details of Investments in certificate of deposits

The balances held in certificates of deposit as at September 30, 2014 is as follows:

Particulars	Face value ₹	Units	Amount
Oriental Bank of Commerce	100000/-	4,000	37
Corporation Bank	100000/-	1,500	14
Vijaya Bank	100000/-	2,500	23
		8,000	74

The balances held in certificates of deposit as at March 31, 2014 is as follows:

Particulars	Face value ₹	Units	Amount
Oriental Bank of Commerce	100,000/-	48,500	454
IDBI Bank Limited	100,000/-	10,000	93
Corporation Bank	100,000/-	8,000	75
Union Bank of India	100,000/-	5,000	46
Indian Overseas Bank	100,000/-	5,000	46
HDFC Bank	100,000/-	5,000	46
Vijaya Bank	100,000/-	2,500	23
		84,000	783

2.11 LONG-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Unsecured, considered good		
Capital advances	354	687
Electricity and other deposits	62	59
Rental deposits ⁽¹⁾	45	48
Other loans and advances		
Advance income taxes (net of provisions)	1,398	1,417
Prepaid expenses	10	10
Loans and advances to employees		
Housing and other loans	5	6
	1,874	2,227
⁽¹⁾ Includes deposits with subsidiaries (refer to note 2.26)	21	21

2.12 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Others		
Restricted deposits (refer to note 2.34)	49	43
Advance to gratuity trust (refer to note 2.30)	53	9
	102	52

2.13 TRADE RECEIVABLES ⁽¹⁾

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Debts outstanding for a period exceeding six months		
Unsecured		
Considered doubtful	256	135
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	256	135
Other debts		
Unsecured		
Considered good ⁽²⁾	8,108	7,336
Considered doubtful	95	61
	8,203	7,397
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	95	61
	8,108	7,336
	8,108	7,336
⁽¹⁾ Includes dues from companies where directors are interested	10	117
⁽²⁾ Includes dues from subsidiaries (refer to note 2.26)	257	129

2.14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
in ₹ crore

Particulars	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Cash on hand	-	-
Balances with banks		
In current and deposit accounts	22,746	20,600
Others		
Deposits with financial institutions	3,500	3,500
	26,246	24,100
<i>Balances with banks in unpaid dividend accounts</i>	3	3
<i>Deposit accounts with more than 12 months maturity</i>	176	182
<i>Balances with banks held as margin money deposits against guarantees</i>	203	200

Cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014 include restricted cash and bank balances of ₹ 207 crore and ₹ 203 crore, respectively. The restrictions are primarily on account of cash and bank balances held as margin money deposits against guarantees, unclaimed dividends and balances held by consolidated trust.

The deposits maintained by the Company with banks and financial institutions comprise of time deposits, which can be withdrawn by the Company at any point without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

The details of balances as on Balance Sheet dates with banks are as follows:

Particulars	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
In current accounts		
ANZ Bank, Taiwan	1	1
Bank of America, USA	676	632
Bank of Baroda, Mauritius	1	-
Bank of Tokyo	1	-
Citibank NA, Australia	48	75
Citibank NA, India	1	2
Citibank, Dubai	1	-
Citibank NA, EEFC (U.S. Dollar account)	1	-
Citibank NA, Japan	14	11
Citibank NA, New Zealand	7	2
Citibank NA, South Africa	-	1
Citibank NA, Thailand	1	1
Deutsche Bank, Philippines	2	-
Deutsche Bank, India	25	7
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (Euro account)	3	8
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (GBP account)	3	11
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (AUD account)	86	8
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (U.S. Dollar account)	208	63
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (CHF account)	1	-
Deutsche Bank, Belgium	6	12
Deutsche Bank, France	16	5
Deutsche Bank, Germany	16	33
Deutsche Bank, Netherlands	20	16
Deutsche Bank, Russia	-	1
Deutsche Bank, Russia (U.S. Dollar account)	-	13
Deutsche Bank, Singapore	2	10
Deutsche Bank, Spain	2	3
Deutsche Bank, Switzerland	1	3
Deutsche Bank, Switzerland (U.S. Dollar account)	-	2
Deutsche Bank, UK	61	73
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (Swiss Franc account)	-	1
HSBC, Hong Kong	29	2
ICICI Bank, India	200	31
ICICI Bank-EEFC (U.S. Dollar account)	7	8
Nordbanken, Sweden	4	13
Punjab National Bank, India	17	3
Royal Bank of Canada, Canada	7	22
State Bank of India	1	9
	1,469	1,082

in ₹ crore

Particulars	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
In deposit accounts		
Allahabad Bank	931	931
Andhra Bank	850	753
Axis Bank	1,000	1,000
Bank of Baroda	2,125	2,125
Bank of India	2,815	2,461
Canara Bank	2,350	2,046
Central Bank of India	1,500	1,500
Corporation Bank	1,220	1,054
HDFC Bank	469	-
ICICI Bank	2,885	2,976
IDBI Bank	1,470	1,650
Indusind Bank	16	25
ING Vysya Bank	200	200
Indian Overseas Bank	750	700
Jammu and Kashmir Bank	-	25
Kotak Mahindra Bank	-	25
Oriental Bank of Commerce	58	86
Punjab National Bank	457	-
Syndicate Bank	1,000	783
Vijaya Bank	775	775
Yes Bank	200	200
	21,071	19,315
In unpaid dividend accounts		
HDFC Bank - Unclaimed dividend account	1	1
ICICI bank - Unclaimed dividend account	2	2
	3	3
In margin money deposits against guarantees		
Canara Bank	145	142
State Bank of India	58	58
	203	200
Deposits with financial institutions		
HDFC Limited	3,500	3,500
	3,500	3,500
Total cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet	26,246	24,100

2.15 SHORT-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES

in ₹ crore

Particulars	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Unsecured, considered good		
Loans to subsidiary (refer to note 2.26)	38	36
Others		
Advances		
Prepaid expenses	67	98
For supply of goods and rendering of services	39	72
Withholding and other taxes receivable	1,123	987
Others ⁽¹⁾	326	20
	1,593	1,213
Restricted deposits (refer to note 2.34)	917	934
Unbilled revenues ⁽²⁾	2,458	2,392
Interest accrued but not due	137	92
Loans and advances to employees		
Housing and other loans	55	64
Salary advances	138	127
Electricity and other deposits	6	8
Mark-to-market forward and options contracts	43	217
Rental deposits	8	5
	5,355	5,052
Unsecured, considered doubtful		
Loans and advances to employees	8	6
	5,363	5,058
Less: Provision for doubtful loans and advances to employees	8	6
	5,355	5,052
	320	13
	2	-

⁽¹⁾ Includes dues from subsidiaries (refer to note 2.26)⁽²⁾ Includes dues from subsidiaries (refer to note 2.26)

2.16 INCOME FROM SOFTWARE SERVICES AND PRODUCTS

in ₹ crore

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Income from software services	11,478	11,012	22,399	20,563
Income from software products	385	470	783	878
	11,863	11,482	23,182	21,441

2.17 OTHER INCOME

in ₹ crore

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Interest received on deposits with banks and others	636	516	1,244	1,013
Dividend received on investment in mutual fund units	40	42	89	73
Miscellaneous income, net	18	7	24	13
Gains / (losses) on foreign currency, net	139	(62)	266	(33)
	833	503	1,623	1,066

2.18 EXPENSES

in ₹ crore

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
<i>Employee benefit expenses</i>				
Salaries and bonus including overseas staff expenses	6,216	6,500	12,297	11,942
Contribution to provident and other funds	107	63	247	180
Employee compensation expense (Refer note 2.1)	1	-	1	-
Staff welfare	16	9	29	17
	6,340	6,572	12,574	12,139
<i>Cost of technical sub-contractors</i>				
Technical sub-contractors - subsidiaries	332	372	658	643
Technical sub-contractors - others	347	294	638	602
	679	666	1,296	1,245
<i>Travel expenses</i>				
Overseas travel expenses	341	317	649	638
Travelling and conveyance	25	23	57	49
	366	340	706	687
<i>Cost of software packages and others</i>				
For own use	166	129	379	264
Third party items bought for service delivery to clients	32	36	87	75
	198	165	466	339
<i>Communication expenses</i>				
Telephone charges	62	63	127	118
Communication expenses	24	25	51	45
	86	88	178	163

in ₹ crore

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
<i>Other expenses</i>				
Office maintenance	94	81	169	150
Power and fuel	50	47	97	93
Brand building	30	23	44	44
Rent	40	45	82	90
Rates and taxes, excluding taxes on income	25	25	48	42
Repairs to building	14	5	25	12
Repairs to plant and machinery	11	7	22	15
Computer maintenance	18	18	50	43
Consumables	8	5	13	8
Insurance charges	11	9	21	16
Provision for post-sales client support and warranties	12	(12)	16	(26)
Commission to non-whole time directors	2	3	4	5
Provision for bad and doubtful debts and advances	52	31	158	70
Auditor's remuneration				
Statutory audit fees	1	1	1	1
Other services	-	-	-	-
Bank charges and commission	-	1	1	2
Contributions to Infosys Foundation towards CSR (Refer Note 2.35)	72	-	120	-
Others	24	251	60	282
	464	540	931	847

2.19 TAX EXPENSE

in ₹ crore

	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current tax				
Income tax	1,231	1,006	2,319	1,852
Deferred tax	(15)	(124)	(28)	(144)
	1,216	882	2,291	1,708

During the quarter ended September 30, 2014, the company had reversal (net of provisions) of ₹25 crore, pertaining to tax relating to prior years (₹8 crore provisions (net of reversals) for quarter ended September, 2013 respectively).

During the half-year ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, the company had a reversal (net of provisions) of ₹49 crore and ₹15 crore, respectively, pertaining to tax relating to prior years.

The revision in the useful life of assets held at April 1, 2014 has resulted in a decrease in deferred tax credit by ₹44 crore and ₹83 crore for the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014 respectively and will result in a decrease in deferred tax credit by ₹165 crore for the year ended March 31, 2015 (Refer note 2.8).

Income taxes

The provision for taxation includes tax liabilities in India on the company's global income as reduced by exempt incomes and any tax liabilities arising overseas on income sourced from those countries as per Indian Income Tax Act, 1961. Infosys' operations are conducted through Software Technology Parks (STPs) and Special Economic Zones (SEZs). Income from STPs were tax exempt for the first 10 years from the fiscal year in which the unit commences software development, or March 31, 2011 which ever is earlier. Income from SEZ Units is fully tax exempt for the first 5 years, 50% exempt for the next 5 years and 50% exempt for another 5 years subject to fulfilling certain conditions.

2.20 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Contingent liabilities :		
Outstanding guarantees and counter guarantees to various banks, in respect of the guarantees given by those banks in favour of various government authorities and others	25	24
Claims against the Company, not acknowledged as debts ⁽¹⁾ [Net of amount paid to statutory authorities ₹1,715 crore (₹1,716 crore)]	173	169
Commitments :		
Estimated amount of unexecuted capital contracts (net of advances and deposits)	1,137	827

⁽¹⁾ Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts include demand from the Indian Income tax authorities for payment of additional tax of ₹1,548 crores (₹1,548 crores), including interest of ₹430 crore (₹430 crore) upon completion of their tax review for fiscal 2006, fiscal 2007, fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2009. These income tax demands are mainly on account of disallowance of a portion of the deduction claimed by the company under Section 10A of the Income Tax Act. The deductible amount is determined by the ratio of export turnover to total turnover. The disallowance arose from certain expenses incurred in foreign currency being reduced from export turnover but not reduced from total turnover. The tax demand for fiscal 2007, fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2009 also includes disallowance of portion of profit earned outside India from the STP units and disallowance of profits earned from SEZ units. The matter for fiscal 2006, fiscal 2007, fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2009 are pending before the Commissioner of Income tax (Appeals) Bangalore. The company is contesting the demand and the management including its tax advisors believes that its position will likely be upheld in the appellate process. The management believes that the ultimate outcome of these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

2.21 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The following table gives details in respect of outstanding foreign exchange forward and option contracts:

	As at			
	September 30, 2014		March 31, 2014	
	in million	in ₹ crore	in million	in ₹ crore
Forward contracts outstanding				
In USD	709	4,378	724	4,338
In Euro	54	420	49	405
In GBP	68	683	73	732
In AUD	85	457	75	415
Options outstanding				
In USD	-	-	20	120
		5,938		6,010

As of the Balance Sheet date, the Company's net foreign currency exposures that are not hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise is Nil (Nil as at March 31, 2014).

The foreign exchange forward & option contracts mature within 12 months. The table below analyzes the derivative financial instruments into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period as of the balance sheet date:

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Not later than one month	1,152	1,137
Later than one month and not later than three months	2,724	2,674
Later than three months and not later than one year	2,062	2,199
	5,938	6,010

The Company recognized a gain of ₹85 crore and a loss of ₹347 crore on derivative instruments during the quarter ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively, which is included in other income.

The Company recognized a gain of ₹157 crore and a loss of ₹738 crore on derivative instruments during the half-year ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, respectively, which is included in other income.

2.22 QUANTITATIVE DETAILS

The Company is primarily engaged in the development and maintenance of computer software. The production and sale of such software cannot be expressed in any generic unit. Hence, it is not possible to give the quantitative details of sales and certain information as required under paragraphs 5 (viii)(c) of general instructions for preparation of the statement of profit and loss as per Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

2.23 IMPORTS (VALUED ON THE COST, INSURANCE AND FREIGHT BASIS)

Particulars	in ₹ crore			
	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Capital goods	110	128	179	178
	110	128	179	178

2.24 ACTIVITY IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

Particulars	in ₹ crore			
	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Earnings in foreign currency				
Income from software services and products	11,597	11,198	22,649	20,862
Interest received from banks and others	1	1	2	5
	11,598	11,199	22,651	20,867
Expenditure in foreign currency				
Overseas travel expenses (including visa charges)	158	231	527	581
Professional charges	48	274	71	344
Technical sub-contractors - subsidiaries	281	335	559	569
Overseas salaries and incentives	3,949	4,607	7,810	8,397
Other expenditure incurred overseas for software development	821	688	1,367	1,312
	5,257	6,135	10,334	11,203
Net earnings in foreign currency	6,341	5,064	12,317	9,664

2.25 DIVIDENDS REMITTED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Company remits the equivalent of the dividends payable to equity shareholders and holders of ADS. For ADS holders the dividend is remitted in Indian rupees to the depository bank, which is the registered shareholder on record for all owners of the Company's ADSs. The depository bank purchases the foreign currencies and remits dividends to the ADS holders.

The particulars of dividends remitted are as follows:

Particulars	Number of Non-resident share holders	Number of shares to which the dividends relate	Half-year ended September 30,	
			2014	2013
Final dividend for fiscal 2014	2	9,30,32,691	400	-
Final dividend for fiscal 2013	2	7,19,18,545	-	194

in ₹ crore

2.26 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

List of related parties:

Name of subsidiaries	Country	Holding as at	
		September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Infosys BPO	India	99.98%	99.98%
Infosys China	China	100%	100%
Infosys Mexico	Mexico	100%	100%
Infosys Sweden	Sweden	100%	100%
Infosys Shanghai	China	100%	100%
Infosys Brasil	Brazil	100%	100%
Infosys Public Services, Inc.	U.S.	100%	100%
Infosys Consulting India Limited ⁽¹⁾	India	-	-
Infosys Americas ⁽²⁾	U.S.	100%	100%
Infosys BPO s. r. o ⁽³⁾	Czech Republic	99.98%	99.98%
Infosys BPO (Poland) Sp Z.o.o ⁽³⁾	Poland	99.98%	99.98%
Infosys BPO S.DE R.L., DE.C.V ⁽³⁾⁽¹²⁾	Mexico	-	-
Infosys McCamish Systems LLC ⁽³⁾	U.S.	99.98%	99.98%
Portland Group Pty Ltd ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	Australia	99.98%	99.98%
Portland Procurement Services Pty Ltd ⁽⁸⁾	Australia	-	99.98%
Infosys Australia ⁽⁵⁾	Australia	100%	100%
Edgeverve Systems Limited ⁽¹¹⁾	India	100%	100%
Lodestone Holding AG	Switzerland	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants (Canada) Inc. ⁽⁶⁾⁽¹⁰⁾	Canada	-	-
Lodestone Management Consultants Inc. ⁽⁶⁾	U.S.	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Pty Limited ⁽⁶⁾	Australia	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants AG ⁽⁶⁾	Switzerland	100%	100%
Lodestone Augmentis AG ⁽⁹⁾	Switzerland	100%	100%
Hafner Bauer & Ödman GmbH ⁽⁶⁾	Switzerland	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants (Belgium) S.A. ⁽⁷⁾	Belgium	99.90%	99.90%
Lodestone Management Consultants GmbH ⁽⁶⁾	Germany	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Pte Ltd. ⁽⁶⁾	Singapore	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants SAS ⁽⁶⁾	France	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants s.r.o. ⁽⁶⁾	Czech Republic	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants GmbH ⁽⁶⁾	Austria	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Co., Ltd. ⁽⁶⁾	China	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Ltd. ⁽⁶⁾	UK	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants B.V. ⁽⁶⁾	Netherlands	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Ltda. ⁽⁷⁾	Brazil	99.99%	99.99%
Lodestone Management Consultants Sp. z.o.o. ⁽⁶⁾	Poland	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Portugal, Unipessoal, Lda. ⁽⁶⁾	Portugal	100%	100%
S.C. Lodestone Management Consultants S.R.L. ⁽⁶⁾	Romania	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants S.R.L. ⁽⁶⁾	Argentina	100%	100%

⁽¹⁾ The Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka sanctioned the scheme of amalgamation of Infosys Consulting India Limited (ICIL) with Infosys Limited with an effective date of August 23, 2013 and an appointed date of January 12, 2012.

⁽²⁾ Incorporated effective June 25, 2013

⁽³⁾ Wholly owned subsidiaries of Infosys BPO.

⁽⁴⁾ On January 4, 2012, Infosys BPO acquired 100% of the voting interest in Portland Group Pty Ltd

⁽⁵⁾ Under liquidation

⁽⁶⁾ Wholly owned subsidiaries of Lodestone Holding AG

⁽⁷⁾ Majority owned and controlled subsidiaries of Lodestone Holding AG

⁽⁸⁾ Wholly owned subsidiary of Portland Group Pty Ltd. Liquidated effective May 14, 2014.

⁽⁹⁾ Wholly owned subsidiary of Lodestone Management Consultant AG

⁽¹⁰⁾ Liquidated effective December 31, 2013

⁽¹¹⁾ Incorporated effective February 14, 2014 (Refer note 2.10.2)

⁽¹²⁾ Incorporated effective February 14, 2014

Infosys has provided guarantee for performance of certain contracts entered into by its subsidiaries.

List of other related party

Particulars	Country	Nature of relationship
Infosys Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund Trust	India	Post-employment benefit plan of Infosys
Infosys Limited Employees' Provident Fund Trust	India	Post-employment benefit plan of Infosys
Infosys Limited Employees' Superannuation Fund Trust	India	Post-employment benefit plan of Infosys
Infosys Science Foundation	India	Controlled trust

Refer Notes 2.30, 2.31 and 2.32 for information on transactions with post-employment benefit plans mentioned above.

List of key management personnel

Whole time directors

S. D. Shibulal (resigned effective July 31, 2014)
Srinath Batni (resigned effective July 31, 2014)
V. Balakrishnan (resigned effective December 31, 2013)
Ashok Vemuri (resigned effective September 12, 2013)
B. G. Srinivas (resigned effective June 10, 2014)
U B Pravin Rao (effective January 10, 2014)
Dr. Vishal Sikka (appointed effective June 14, 2014)

Non-whole-time directors

N. R. Narayana Murthy (effective June 14, 2014)
S. Gopalakrishnan (effective June 14, 2014)
K.V.Kamath
Deepak M. Satwalekar (retired effective November 13, 2013)
Dr. Omkar Goswami
David L. Boyles (retired effective January 17, 2014)
Prof. Jeffrey S. Lehman
R. Seshasayee
Ann M. Fudge (retired effective June 14, 2014)
Ravi Venkatesan
Leo Puri (appointed effective April 11, 2013 and resigned effective August 14, 2013)
Kiran Mazumdar Shaw (appointed effective January 10, 2014)
Carol M. Browner (appointed effective April 29, 2014)

Executive council members (*)

U. Ramadas Kamath
Chandrashekar Kakal
Nandita Gurjar
Stephen R. Pratt (resigned effective January 31, 2014)
Basab Pradhan (resigned effective July 12, 2013)
Prasad Thrikutam
Rajiv Bansal
Srikantan Moorthy (effective April 1, 2013)
Sanjay Purohit (effective April 1, 2013)
Ranganath D Mavinakere (effective August 19, 2013)
Binod Hampapur Rangadore (effective August 19, 2013)
Nithyanandan Radhakrishnan (effective August 19, 2013)
V.G. Dheeshjith (effective November 1, 2013)
Ganesh Gopalakrishnan (effective November 1, 2013)
Haragopal Mangipudi (effective November 1, 2013)
Manish Tandon (effective November 1, 2013)
K. Muralikrishna (effective November 1, 2013)
S. Ravi Kumar (effective November 1, 2013)
Sanjay Jalona (effective November 1, 2013)
Jackie Korhonen (appointed effective November 1, 2013)
Subrahmanyam Goparaju (appointed effective November 1, 2013 and resigned effective December 27, 2013)

(*) Executive council dissolved effective April 1, 2014

Executive Officers (effective April 1, 2014)

Rajiv Bansal, Chief Financial Officer
Srikantan Moorthy, Group Head of Human Resource Development
Parvatheesam K, Chief Risk & Compliance Officer and Company Secretary (effective September 12, 2013)

The details of amounts due to or due from as at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014 are as follows:

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Trade Receivables		
Infosys China	12	8
Infosys Mexico	5	2
Infosys Brasil	7	4
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	3	1
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	17	16
Edgeverve Systems Limited	16	-
Infosys Public Services	197	98
	<u>257</u>	<u>129</u>
Loans		
Infosys Brasil	38	36
	<u>38</u>	<u>36</u>
Other receivables		
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	2	2
Infosys China	6	-
Infosys Sweden	-	5
Infosys Public Services	1	2
Infosys Mexico	3	-
Edgeverve Systems Limited	23	-
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	285	4
	<u>320</u>	<u>13</u>
Unbilled revenues		
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	2	-
	<u>2</u>	<u>-</u>
Trade payables		
Infosys China	13	14
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	4	4
Infosys Mexico	1	1
Infosys Sweden	3	6
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	177	4
Edgeverve Systems Limited	31	-
Infosys Brasil	2	1
	<u>231</u>	<u>30</u>
Other payables		
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	9	3
Infosys China	-	(12)
Infosys Mexico	1	2
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	2	4
Infosys Brasil	-	6
Edgeverve Systems Limited	10	-
Infosys Public Services	2	-
	<u>24</u>	<u>3</u>
Provision for expenses		
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	-	2
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	-	6
	<u>-</u>	<u>8</u>
Rental Deposit given for shared services		
Infosys BPO	21	21
Rental Deposit taken for shared services		
Infosys BPO	27	27

The details of the related party transactions entered into by the Company, in addition to the lease commitments described in note 2.9, for the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 are as follows:

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
in ₹ crore				
Capital transactions:				
Financing transactions				
Infosys Americas	-	1	-	1
Edgeverve Systems Limited	461	-	461	-
	<u>461</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>461</u>	<u>1</u>
Loans				
Edgeverve Systems Limited *	-	-	-	-
Infosys Brasil	-	-	-	22
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22</u>
Revenue transactions:				
Purchase of services				
Infosys China	38	68	74	131
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	197	250	419	412
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	53	50	106	91
Infosys Sweden	10	-	22	1
Infosys Mexico	3	3	5	6
Edgeverve Systems limited	29	-	29	-
Infosys Brasil	2	1	3	2
	<u>332</u>	<u>372</u>	<u>658</u>	<u>643</u>
Purchase of shared services including facilities and personnel				
Infosys BPO (including subsidiaries)	19	15	37	36
	<u>19</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>36</u>
Interest income				
Lodestone Holding AG	-	2	-	4
Infosys Public Services	-	1	-	2
Infosys Brasil	-	1	1	1
	<u>-</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>7</u>
Sale of services				
Infosys China	1	1	4	1
Infosys Mexico	3	-	5	-
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	5	-	11	2
Infosys Brasil	2	-	3	-
Infosys BPO (including subsidiaries)	22	19	45	35
Edgeverve Systems limited	16	-	16	-
Infosys Public Services	194	136	363	273
	<u>243</u>	<u>156</u>	<u>447</u>	<u>311</u>
Sale of shared services including facilities and personnel				
Edgeverve Systems limited	9	-	9	-
Infosys BPO (including subsidiaries)	10	10	19	21
	<u>19</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>21</u>
Profit on transfer to business				
Edgeverve Systems limited (Refer Note 2.10.2)	412	-	412	-
	<u>412</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>412</u>	<u>-</u>

* During the quarter ended September 30, 2014 loan of ₹12 crore was given and repaid.

During the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014, an amount of ₹72 crore and ₹120 crore respectively (Nil for the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2013 respectively) was donated to Infosys Foundation, a not-for-profit foundation, in which certain directors of the Company are trustees.

The table below describes the compensation to key managerial personnel which comprise directors and members of executive council:

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
in ₹ crore				
Salaries and other employee benefits to whole-time directors and members of executive council ⁽¹⁾	3	15	14	22
Commission and other benefits to non-executive/independent directors	2	2	4	5
Total	<u>5</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>27</u>

⁽¹⁾ Executive Council dissolved effective April 1, 2014 and Executive officers have been appointed with effect from that date

2.27 Merger of Infosys Consulting India Limited

The Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka sanctioned the scheme of amalgamation of Infosys Consulting India Limited (ICIL) with Infosys Limited with an effective date of August 23, 2013 and an appointed date of January 12, 2012. ICIL was a wholly owned subsidiary of Infosys Limited and was engaged in software related consultancy services. The merger of ICIL into Infosys Limited has been accounted for under pooling of interest method referred to in Accounting Standard 14, *Accounting for Amalgamation* (AS-14).

All the assets and liabilities of ICIL on and after the appointed date and prior to the effective date have been transferred to Infosys Limited on a going concern basis. As ICIL was a wholly owned subsidiary of Infosys Limited, no shares have been allotted to the shareholders upon the scheme becoming effective.

2.28 RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE

in ₹ crore

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Expenditure at Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (DSIR) approved R&D centres (eligible for weighted deduction) ⁽¹⁾				
Capital Expenditure	-	-	-	-
Revenue Expenditure	41	68	85	133
Other R&D Expenditure				
Capital Expenditure	-	-	-	-
Revenue Expenditure	91	193	208	369
Total R&D Expenditure				
Capital Expenditure	-	-	-	-
Revenue Expenditure	132	261	293	502

⁽¹⁾ During the six months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013, the company received weighted tax deduction on eligible research and development expenditures based on the approval received from Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (DSIR) on 23rd November, 2011 which has been renewed up to 31st March, 2017 with effect from 1st April 2014. The weighted tax deduction is equal to 200% of such expenditures incurred.

The eligible R&D revenue and capital expenditure are ₹41 crore and Nil for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 and ₹68 crore and Nil towards revenue and capital expenditure for the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

The eligible R&D revenue and capital expenditure are ₹85 crore and Nil for the half-year ended September 30, 2014 and ₹133 crore and Nil towards revenue and capital expenditure for the half-year ended September 30, 2013.

2.29 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company's operations predominantly relate to providing end-to-end business solutions to enable clients to enhance business performance. Effective quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company reorganized its business to strengthen its focus on growing existing client relationships and increasing market share through service differentiation and operational agility. Consequent to the internal reorganization there were changes effected in the reportable industry segments based on the "management approach" as laid down in AS 17, Segment reporting and an additional segment, Life Sciences and Healthcare was identified. The Chief Executive Officer evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by industry classes and geographic segmentation of customers. Accordingly, segment information has been presented both along industry classes and geographic segmentation of customers, industry being the primary segment. The accounting principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistently applied to record revenue and expenditure in individual segments, and are as set out in the significant accounting policies.

Industry segments for the Company are primarily enterprises in Financial Services and Insurance (FSI), enterprises in Manufacturing (MFG), enterprises in the Energy & utilities, Communication and Services (ECS), enterprises in Retail, Consumer packaged goods and Logistics (RCL) and enterprises in Life Sciences and Healthcare (LSH). Geographic segmentation is based on business sourced from that geographic region and delivered from both on-site and off-shore. North America comprises the United States of America, Canada and Mexico; Europe includes continental Europe (both the east and the west), Ireland and the United Kingdom; and the Rest of the World comprising all other places except those mentioned above and India. Consequent to the above change in the composition of reportable industry segments, the prior year comparatives have been restated.

Revenue and identifiable operating expenses in relation to segments are categorized based on items that are individually identifiable to that segment. Allocated expenses of segments include expenses incurred for rendering services from the company's offshore software development centres and on-site expenses, which are categorized in relation to the associated turnover of the segment. Certain expenses such as depreciation, which form a significant component of total expenses, are not specifically allocable to specific segments as the underlying assets are used interchangeably. Management believes that it is not practical to provide segment disclosures relating to those costs and expenses, and accordingly these expenses are separately disclosed as "unallocated" and adjusted against the total income of the Company.

Fixed assets used in the Company's business or liabilities contracted have not been identified to any of the reportable segments, as the fixed assets and services are used interchangeably between segments. Accordingly, no disclosure relating to total segment assets and liabilities are made. Geographical information on revenue and industry revenue information is collated based on individual customers invoiced or in relation to which the revenue is otherwise recognized.

Industry Segments

Quarter ended September 30, 2014 and *September 30, 2013* :

Particulars						<i>in ₹ crore</i>
	FSI	MFG	ECS	RCL	LSH	Total
Income from software services and products	3,992	2,537	2,534	2,097	703	11,863
	3,979	2,476	2,298	2,089	640	11,482
Identifiable operating expenses	1,968	1,284	1,206	994	357	5,809
	1,979	1,301	1,023	1,050	360	5,713
Allocated expenses	813	534	532	441	147	2,467
	941	616	571	520	159	2,807
Segmental operating income	1,211	719	796	662	199	3,587
	1,059	559	704	519	121	2,962
Unallocable expenses						251
						257
Other income, net						833
						503
Profit before exceptional item and tax						4,169
						3,208
Exceptional item						412
						-
Profit before tax						4,581
						3,208
Tax expense						1,216
						882
Profit after taxes and exceptional item						3,365
						2,326

Half-year ended September 30, 2014 and *September 30, 2013* :

Particulars						<i>in ₹ crore</i>
	FSI	MFG	ECS	RCL	LSH	Total
Income from software services and products	7,888	4,976	4,823	4,159	1,336	23,182
	7,446	4,587	4,276	3,914	1,218	21,441
Identifiable operating expenses	3,916	2,523	2,402	1,975	714	11,530
	3,658	2,388	1,940	1,974	658	10,618
Allocated expenses	1,620	1,058	1,023	884	283	4,868
	1,717	1,109	1,032	945	295	5,098
Segmental operating income	2,352	1,395	1,398	1,300	339	6,784
	2,071	1,090	1,304	995	265	5,725
Unallocable expenses						443
						507
Other income, net						1,623
						1,066
Profit before exceptional item and tax						7,964
						6,284
Exceptional item						412
						-
Profit before tax						8,376
						6,284
Tax expense						2,291
						1,708
Profit after taxes and exceptional item						6,085
						4,576

Geographic Segments

Quarter ended September 30, 2014 and *September 30, 2013* :

Particulars					<i>in ₹ crore</i>
	North America	Europe	India	Rest of the World	Total
Income from software services and products	7,530	2,658	306	1,369	11,863
	7,322	2,487	312	1,361	11,482
Identifiable operating expenses	3,708	1,303	158	640	5,809
	3,674	1,243	119	677	5,713
Allocated expenses	1,583	557	58	269	2,467
	1,900	566	60	281	2,807
Segmental operating income	2,239	798	90	460	3,587
	1,748	678	133	403	2,962
Unallocable expenses					251
					257
Other income, net					833
					503
Profit before exceptional item and tax					4,169
					3,208
Exceptional item					412
					-
Profit before tax					4,581
					3,208
Tax expense					1,216
					882
Profit after taxes and exceptional item					3,365
					2,326

Half-year ended September 30, 2014 and *September 30, 2013* :

Particulars					<i>in ₹ crore</i>
	North America	Europe	India	Rest of the World	Total
Income from software services and products	14,711	5,149	608	2,714	23,182
	13,684	4,603	605	2,549	21,441
Identifiable operating expenses	7,264	2,598	395	1,273	11,530
	6,829	2,329	244	1,216	10,618
Allocated expenses	3,123	1,089	115	541	4,868
	3,383	1,057	118	540	5,098
Segmental operating income	4,324	1,462	98	900	6,784
	3,472	1,217	243	793	5,725
Unallocable expenses					443
					507
Other income, net					1,623
					1,066
Profit before exceptional item and tax					7,964
					6,284
Exceptional item					412
					-
Profit before tax					8,376
					6,284
Tax expense					2,291
					1,708
Profit after taxes and exceptional item					6,085
					4,576

2.30 GRATUITY PLAN

The following table set out the status of the Gratuity Plan as required under AS 15.

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and plan assets :

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at	
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Obligations at year beginning	668	612
Service cost	45	94
Interest cost	29	45
Transfer of obligation on amalgamation (refer to note 2.27)	-	3
Transfer of obligation (refer to note 2.10.2)	(5)	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss	26	8
Benefits paid	(67)	(94)
Obligations at year/ period end	696	668
Change in plan assets		
Plan assets at year beginning, at fair value	677	643
Expected return on plan assets	32	59
Actuarial gain/(loss)	2	(3)
Contributions	105	70
Benefits paid	(67)	(94)
Transfer of plan assets on amalgamation (refer to note 2.27)	-	2
Plan assets at year/ period end, at fair value	749	677
Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of the plan assets:		
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year/period	749	677
Present value of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the year/period	696	668
Re-imbursment (obligation)/asset	(6)	-
Asset recognized in the balance sheet	47	9
Assumptions		
Interest rate	8.70%	9.20%
Estimated rate of return on plan assets	9.50%	9.55%
Weighted expected rate of salary increase	8.00%	8.00%

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>				
	As at				
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011
Obligations at year/ period end	696	668	612	569	459
Plan assets at year/ period end, at fair value	749	677	643	582	459
Funded Status	53	9	31	13	-
Experience adjustments:					
(Gain)/loss:					
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	9	14	(49)	13	18
Experience adjustments on plan assets	(2)	3	-	-	1

Net gratuity cost for the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 comprises of the following components:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>			
	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Gratuity cost for the period				
Service cost	23	7	45	47
Interest cost	14	12	29	23
Expected return on plan assets	(16)	(14)	(32)	(29)
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(4)	(29)	24	(29)
Plan amendment amortization	(2)	(1)	(2)	(2)
Net gratuity cost	15	(25)	64	10
Actual return on plan assets	15	13	34	29

During the quarter ended September 30, 2014, a reimbursement obligation of ₹ 6 crore has been recognized towards settlement of gratuity liability of employees transferred to Edgeverve Systems Limited.

As at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014, the plan assets have been primarily invested in insurer managed funds. The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market. The Company expects to contribute Nil to the gratuity trust during the remainder of fiscal 2015.

Effective July 1, 2007, the Company revised the employee death benefits provided under the gratuity plan, and included all eligible employees under a consolidated term insurance cover. Accordingly, the obligations under the gratuity plan reduced by ₹ 37 crore, which is being amortized on a straight line basis to the statement of profit and loss over 10 years representing the average future service period of the employees. The unamortized liability as at September 30, 2014 and March 31, 2014 amounts to ₹ 9 crore and ₹ 11 crore, respectively and disclosed under 'Other long-term liabilities' and 'other current liabilities'.

2.31 PROVIDENT FUND

The Company contributed ₹ 70 crore and ₹ 139 crore towards provident fund during the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014, respectively (₹ 67 crore and ₹ 129 crore during the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2013, respectively).

The Guidance on Implementing AS 15, Employee Benefits (revised 2005) issued by Accounting Standards Board (ASB) states that benefits involving employer established provident funds, which require interest shortfalls to be recompensed are to be considered as defined benefit plans. The Actuarial Society of India has issued the final guidance for measurement of provident fund liabilities during the quarter ended December 31, 2011. The actuary has accordingly provided a valuation and based on the below provided assumptions there is no shortfall as at June 30, 2014, March 31, 2014, March 31, 2013, March 31, 2012, and March 31, 2011.

The details of fund and plan asset position are given below:

Particulars	in ₹ crore				
	As at				
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011
Plan assets at period end, at fair value	2,873	2,817	2,399	1,816	1,579
Present value of benefit obligation at period end	2,873	2,817	2,399	1,816	1,579
Asset recognized in balance sheet	-	-	-	-	-

Assumptions used in determining the present value obligation of the interest rate guarantee under the Deterministic Approach:

Particulars	As at				
	September 30, 2014	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011
	Government of India (GOI) bond yield	8.70%	9.20%	7.95%	8.57%
Remaining term of maturity	8 years	8 years	8 years	8 years	7 years
Expected guaranteed interest rate	8.75%	8.75%	8.25%	8.25%	9.50%

2.32 SUPERANNUATION

The Company contributed ₹ 53 crore and ₹ 105 crore to the Superannuation trust during the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2014, respectively (₹ 51 crore and ₹ 99 crore during the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2013, respectively).

2.33 RECONCILIATION OF BASIC AND DILUTED SHARES USED IN COMPUTING EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	Number of shares considered as basic weighted average shares outstanding	57,14,02,566	57,42,36,166	57,14,02,566
Effect of dilutive common equivalent shares	976	-	488	-
Number of shares considered as weighted average shares and potential shares	57,14,03,542	57,42,36,166	57,14,03,054	57,42,36,166

2.34 RESTRICTED DEPOSITS

Restricted deposits as at September 30, 2014 comprises ₹ 966 crore (₹ 977 crore as at March 31, 2014) deposited with financial institutions to settle employee-related obligations as and when they arise during the normal course of business.

2.35 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a CSR committee has been formed by the company. The proposed areas for CSR activities are eradication of hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting education and healthcare and rural development projects. The funds will be allocated to a corpus and utilized through the year on these activities which are specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

2.36 LITIGATION

On May 23, 2011, the company received a subpoena from a grand jury in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas. The subpoena required that the company provide to the grand jury certain documents and records related to its sponsorships for, and uses of, B1 business visas.

In addition, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security ("DHS") has reviewed the company's employer eligibility verifications on Form I-9 with respect to its employees working in the United States. In connection with this review, the company was advised that the DHS has found errors in a significant percentage of its Forms I-9 that the DHS has reviewed, and may impose fines and penalties on the company related to such alleged errors.

On October 30, 2013, the company settled the foregoing matters and entered into a Settlement Agreement ("Settlement Agreement") with the U.S. Attorney, the DHS and the United States Department of State ("State," and collectively with the U.S. Attorney and the DHS, the "United States").

In the Settlement Agreement, the company denied and disputed all allegations made by the United States, except for the allegation that the company failed to maintain accurate Forms I-9 records for many of its foreign nationals in the United States in 2010 and 2011 as required by law, and that such failure constituted civil violations of certain laws.

During the year ended March 31, 2014 the Company recorded a charge related to the settlement agreement (including legal costs) of ₹ 219 crore related to the matters that were the subject of the Settlement agreement. The said amount was paid prior to December 31, 2013.

In addition, the company is subject to legal proceedings and claims, which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. The company's management does not reasonably expect that these legal actions, when ultimately concluded and determined, will have a material and adverse effect on the company's results of operations or financial condition.

2.37 FUNCTION WISE CLASSIFICATION OF STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

In ₹ crore

Particulars	Quarter ended September 30,		Half-year ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Income from software services and products	11,863	11,482	23,182	21,441
Software development expenses	6,897	6,991	13,746	13,080
GROSS PROFIT	4,966	4,491	9,436	8,361
Selling and marketing expenses	664	697	1,242	1,239
General and administration expenses	715	832	1,410	1,397
	1,379	1,529	2,652	2,636
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE DEPRECIATION	3,587	2,962	6,784	5,725
Depreciation and amortization	251	257	443	507
OPERATING PROFIT	3,336	2,705	6,341	5,218
Other income	833	503	1,623	1,066
PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEM AND TAX	4,169	3,208	7,964	6,284
Profit on transfer of business (refer to note 2.10.2)	412	-	412	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	4,581	3,208	8,376	6,284
Tax expense:				
Current tax	1,231	1,006	2,319	1,852
Deferred tax	(15)	(124)	(28)	(144)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	3,365	2,326	6,085	4,576

As per our report of even date attached

for B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number:101248W/W-100022

for Infosys Limited

Akhil Bansal
Partner
Membership No. 090906

Narayana Murthy
Non-Executive
Chairman

S. Gopalakrishnan
Non-Executive
Vice-Chairman

Dr. Vishal Sikka
Chief Executive Officer and
Managing Director

U.B.Pravin Rao
Director and
Chief Operating Officer

K.V. Kamath
Director

R.Seshasayee
Director

Ravi Venkatesan
Director

Prof. Jeffrey S. Lehman
Director

Bangalore
October 10, 2014

Dr. Omkar Goswami
Director

Kiran Mazumdar- Shaw
Director

Rajiv Bansal
Chief Financial Officer

Parvatheesam K
Chief Risk &
Compliance Officer
and Company Secretary