Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of Infosys Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Infosys Limited ('the Company') which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2014, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956 ("the Act") read with the General Circular 15/2013 dated 13 September 2013 of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- (i) in the case of the balance sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2014;
- (ii) in the case of the statement of profit and loss, of the profit for the year ended on that date; and
- (iii) in the case of the cash flow statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 ("the Order"), as amended, issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (4A) of section 227 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 227(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b. in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. the balance sheet, statement of profit and loss and cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - a. in our opinion, the balance sheet, statement of profit and loss and cash flow statement comply with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956 read with the General Circular 15/2013 dated 13 September 2013 of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. ; and
 - b. on the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2014, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2014, from being appointed as a director in terms of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 274 of the Companies Act, 1956.

for **B S R & Co. LLP** Chartered Accountants Firm's registration number: 101248W

Akhil Bansal Partner Membership number: 090906

Bangalore 15 April 2014

Annexure to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our report to the members of Infosys Limited ('the Company') (formerly Infosys Technologies Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2014. We report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain fixed assets were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) Fixed assets disposed off during the year were not substantial, and therefore, do not affect the going concern assumption.
- The Company is a service company, primarily rendering information technology services. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories. Thus, paragraph 4(ii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) (a) The Company has granted loans to two bodies corporate covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956 ('the Act'). The maximum amount outstanding during the year was Rs 1,950,186,528 and the year-end balance of such loan amounted to Rs Nil. Other than the above, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or parties covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act.
 - (b) In our opinion, the rate of interest and other terms and conditions on which the loans had been granted to the bodies corporate listed in the register maintained under Section 301 of the Act were not, prima facie, prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
 - (c) In the case of the loans granted to the bodies corporate listed in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act, the borrowers have been regular in the payment of the interest as stipulated. The loans were repayable on demand and have been fully repaid during the year.
 - (d) The loans granted were repaid during the year. Accordingly, there are no overdue amounts of more than rupees one lakh in respect of the loan granted to a body corporate listed in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act.
 - (e) The Company has not taken any loans, secured or unsecured from companies, firms or parties covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraphs 4(iii)(e) to 4(iii)(g) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business with regard to purchase of fixed assets and sale of services. The activities of the Company do not involve purchase of inventory and the sale of goods. We have not observed any major weakness in the internal control system during the course of the audit.

- (v) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the particulars of contracts or arrangements referred to in section 301 of the Act have been entered in the register required to be maintained under that section.
 - (b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions made in pursuance of contracts and arrangements referred to in (v)(a) above and exceeding the value of Rs 5 lakh with any party during the year have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time.
- (vi) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- (vii) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
- (viii) The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 209(1)(d) of the Act for any of the services rendered by the Company.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Investor Education and Protection Fund, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Wealth tax, Service tax, and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. As explained to us, the Company did not have any dues on account of Employees' State Insurance, Customs duty and Excise duty.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Investor Education and Protection Fund, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Wealth tax, Service tax and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2014 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues of Wealth tax and Cess which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. However, according to information and explanations given to us, the following dues of Income tax, Sales tax, and Service tax, have not been deposited by the Company on account of disputes:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (in Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Interest on Income- tax demanded	5,084,704	Assessment year 2006-2007	CIT (Appeals), Bangalore
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	29,595,642 *	Assessment year 2009-2010	CIT (Appeals), Bangalore
Service tax	Service tax and penalty demanded	57,563,973 #	July 2004 to October 2005	CESTAT, Bangalore
Service tax	Service tax demanded	25,784,864 #	January 2005 to March 2009	CESTAT- Bangalore
Service tax	Service tax and penalty demanded	231,521,178 #	February 2007 to March 2009	CESTAT- Bangalore
Service tax	Service tax demanded	41,972,658 #	April 2009 to March 2010	CESTAT, Bangalore
Service tax	Service tax demanded	64,654,051 #	April 2010 to March 2011	CESTAT- Bangalore
Service tax	Service tax and penalty demanded	60,643,700	April 2007 to March 2008	Commissioner- Bangalore

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (in Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
APVAT Act, 2005	Sales tax demanded	3,112,450 *#	April 2007 to March 2008	High Court of Andhra Pradesh
MVAT Act, 2005	Sales tax	935,455 *#	April 2006 to December 2007	Joint Commissioner (Appeals)
MVAT Act, 2005	Sales tax	45,250,506	September 2008 to October 2011	Specified Officer of SEZ
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise duty & penalty	386,148,018 #	March 2006 to December 2009	CESTAT, Bangalore
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise duty & penalty	26,746,497 #	January 2010 to December 2010	Commissioner, Bangalore
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise duty & penalty	45,132,885	January 2011 to June 2011	CESTAT, Bangalore
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise duty & penalty	32,344,749 #	July 2011 to December 2011	CESTAT, Bangalore
Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise duty & penalty	42,003,700 #	January 2012 to November 2012	CESTAT, Bangalore
KVAT Act, 2003	Sales tax, interest and penalty demanded	481,461,456 *#	April 2005 to March 2009	High Court of Karnataka

* net of amounts paid under protest.

a stay order has been received against the amount disputed and not deposited.

- (x) The Company does not have any accumulated losses at the end of the financial year and has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xi) The Company did not have any outstanding dues to any financial institution, banks or debenture holders during the year.
- (xii) The Company has not granted any loans and advances on the basis of security by way of pledge of shares, debentures and other securities.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a chit fund/ nidhi/ mutual benefit fund/ society.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not dealing or trading in shares, securities, debentures and other investments.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions.
- (xvi) The Company did not have any term loans outstanding during the year.
- (xvii) The Company has not raised any funds on short-term basis.
- (xviii) The Company has not made any preferential allotment of shares to parties and companies covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act.

- (xix) The Company did not have any outstanding debentures during the year.
- (xx) The Company has not raised any money by public issues during the year.
- (xxi) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.

for B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's registration number: 101248W

Akhil Bansal Partner Membership number: 090906

Bangalore 15 April 2014