

**INFOSYS LIMITED**
*in ₹ crore*

<b>Balance Sheet as at March 31,</b>	<b>Note</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>			
Share capital	2.1	286	287
Reserves and surplus	2.2	41,806	35,772
		<u>42,092</u>	<u>36,059</u>
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	2.3	-	56
Other long-term liabilities	2.4	364	120
		<u>364</u>	<u>176</u>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Trade payables	2.5	68	178
Other current liabilities	2.6	4,071	2,827
Short-term provisions	2.7	6,117	3,788
		<u>10,256</u>	<u>6,793</u>
		<u><u>52,712</u></u>	<u><u>43,028</u></u>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2.8	5,719	4,425
Intangible assets	2.8	13	28
Capital work-in-progress		954	1,135
		<u>6,686</u>	<u>5,588</u>
Non-current investments	2.10	3,968	2,764
Deferred tax assets (net)	2.3	542	378
Long-term loans and advances	2.11	2,227	1,529
Other non-current assets	2.12	52	31
		<u>13,475</u>	<u>10,290</u>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Current investments	2.10	2,749	1,580
Trade receivables	2.13	7,336	6,365
Cash and cash equivalents	2.14	24,100	20,401
Short-term loans and advances	2.15	5,052	4,392
		<u>39,237</u>	<u>32,738</u>
		<u><u>52,712</u></u>	<u><u>43,028</u></u>

**SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

1

*As per our report of even date attached*
*for B S R & Co. LLP*
*Chartered Accountants*
*Firm's Registration Number: 101248W*
*for Infosys Limited*

 Akhil Bansal  
*Partner*  
 Membership No. 090906

 N. R. Narayana Murthy  
*Executive Chairman*

 S. Gopalakrishnan  
*Executive Vice-Chairman*

 S. D. Shibulal  
*Chief Executive Officer and  
 Managing Director*

 K.V.Kamath  
*Director*

 R.Seshasayee  
*Director*

 Dr. Omkar Goswami  
*Director*

 Prof. Jeffrey S. Lehman  
*Director*

 Ravi Venkatesan  
*Director*

 Kiran Mazumdar-Shaw  
*Director*

 Srinath Batni  
*Director*

 B. G. Srinivas  
*Director*

 U.B.Pravin Rao  
*Director*

 Bangalore  
 April 15, 2014

 Rajiv Bansal  
*Chief Financial Officer*

 Parvatheesam K  
*Chief Risk Officer and  
 Company Secretary*

**INFOSYS LIMITED**
*in ₹ crore*

Statement of Profit and Loss for the	Note	Year ended March 31,	
		2014	2013
Income from software services and products	2.16	44,341	36,765
Other income	2.17	2,576	2,215
<b>Total revenue</b>		<b>46,917</b>	<b>38,980</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Employee benefit expenses	2.18	24,350	19,932
Deferred consideration pertaining to acquisition	2.10.1	228	85
Cost of technical sub-contractors	2.18	2,596	1,731
Travel expenses	2.18	1,287	1,281
Cost of software packages and others	2.18	920	734
Communication expenses	2.18	329	289
Professional charges		474	504
Depreciation and amortisation expense	2.8	1,101	956
Other expenses	2.18	1,630	1,194
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>32,915</b>	<b>26,706</b>
<b>PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEM AND TAX</b>		<b>14,002</b>	<b>12,274</b>
Dividend income	2.36	-	83
<b>PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>		<b>14,002</b>	<b>12,357</b>
Tax expense:			
Current tax	2.19	4,063	3,361
Deferred tax	2.19	(255)	(120)
<b>PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD</b>		<b>10,194</b>	<b>9,116</b>
<b>EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE</b>			
Equity shares of par value ₹5/- each			
Before Exceptional item			
Basic		178.39	157.55
Diluted		178.39	157.55
After Exceptional item			
Basic		178.39	158.76
Diluted		178.39	158.76
Number of shares used in computing earnings per share			
Basic	2.32	57,14,02,566	57,42,32,838
Diluted		57,14,02,566	57,42,33,691

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 Bangalore  
 April 15, 2014

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*Chief Financial Officer*

 Parvatheesam K  
*Chief Risk Officer and*  
*Company Secretary*

Cash Flow Statement for the	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Profit before tax and exceptional item	14,002	12,274
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to cash generated by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,101	956
Deferred purchase price	228	85
Profit on sale of assets	(1)	-
Interest and dividend income	(2,272)	(1,931)
Effect of exchange differences on translation of assets and liabilities	26	15
Effect of exchange differences on translation of foreign currency cash and cash equivalents	(34)	(45)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Trade receivables	(971)	(961)
Loans and advances and other assets	(844)	(997)
Liabilities and provisions	1,542	690
	12,777	10,086
Income taxes paid	(3,629)	(3,144)
<b>NET CASH GENERATED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>9,148</b>	<b>6,942</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Payment towards capital expenditure	(2,490)	(1,852)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	2	5
Investments in subsidiaries	(2)	(1,384)
Investment in fixed maturity plan securities	(100)	-
Investment in mutual fund units	(21,262)	(21,178)
Disposal of liquid mutual fund units	20,986	19,606
Investment in certificates of deposit	(1,233)	-
Redemption of certificates of deposit	450	336
Investment in tax free bonds	(927)	(308)
Interest and dividend received	2,269	1,868
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEM</b>	<b>(2,307)</b>	<b>(2,907)</b>
Dividend received	-	83
<b>NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(2,307)</b>	<b>(2,824)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of share capital on exercise of stock options	-	1
Loan given to subsidiary	(33)	(184)
Dividends paid	(2,686)	(2,698)
Dividend tax paid	(458)	(438)
<b>NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(3,177)</b>	<b>(3,319)</b>
Effect of exchange differences on translation of foreign currency cash and cash equivalents	34	45
<b>NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>3,698</b>	<b>844</b>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD (includes ₹ 1 crore bank balances arising on consolidation of trust)	20,402	19,557
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD</b>	<b>24,100</b>	<b>20,401</b>

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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As per our report of even date attached

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Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number : 101248W

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Chief Financial Officer

Parvatheesam K  
Chief Risk Officer and  
Company Secretary

Bangalore  
April 15, 2014

## **Significant accounting policies**

### **Company overview**

Infosys Limited ('Infosys' or 'the Company') along with its controlled trust, Infosys Science Foundation, majority-owned and controlled subsidiary, Infosys BPO Limited and its controlled subsidiaries ('Infosys BPO') and wholly-owned and controlled subsidiaries, Infosys Technologies (Australia) Pty. Limited ('Infosys Australia'), Infosys Technologies (China) Co. Limited ('Infosys China'), Infosys Technologies S. de R. L. de C. V. ('Infosys Mexico'), Infosys Technologies (Sweden) AB. ('Infosys Sweden'), Infosys Tecnologia DO Brasil LTDA. ('Infosys Brasil'), Infosys Public Services, Inc, USA ('Infosys Public Services'), Infosys Consulting India Limited, Infosys Americas Inc., (Infosys Americas), Edgeverve Systems Limited (Edgeverve), Infosys Technologies (Shanghai) Company Limited ('Infosys Shanghai') and Lodestone Holding AG and its controlled subsidiaries ('Infosys Lodestone') is a leading global services corporation. The Company provides business consulting, technology, engineering and outsourcing services to help clients build tomorrow's enterprise. In addition, the Company offers software products and platforms.

### **1 Significant accounting policies**

#### **1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values. GAAP comprises mandatory accounting standards as prescribed by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified) and the Companies Act, 1956 (to the extent applicable) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

#### **1.2 Use of estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. Examples of such estimates include computation of percentage of completion which requires the Company to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended, provisions for doubtful debts, future obligations under employee retirement benefit plans, income taxes, post-sales customer support and the useful lives of fixed tangible assets and intangible assets.

Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the Management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **1.3 Revenue recognition**

Revenue is primarily derived from software development and related services and from the licensing of software products. Arrangements with customers for software development and related services are either on a fixed-price, fixed-timeframe or on a time-and-material basis.

Revenue on time-and-material contracts are recognized as the related services are performed and revenue from the end of the last billing to the Balance Sheet date is recognized as unbilled revenues. Revenue from fixed-price and fixed-timeframe contracts, where there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration, is recognized based upon the percentage of completion method. When there is uncertainty as to measurement or ultimate collectability revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved. Cost and earnings in excess of billings are classified as unbilled revenue while billings in excess of cost and earnings is classified as unearned revenue. Provision for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current estimates.

Annual Technical Services revenue and revenue from fixed-price maintenance contracts are recognized ratably over the period in which services are rendered. Revenue from the sale of user licenses for software applications is recognized on transfer of the title in the user license, except in case of multiple element contracts, which require significant implementation services, where revenue for the entire arrangement is recognized over the implementation period based upon the percentage-of-completion method. Revenue from client training, support and other services arising due to the sale of software products is recognized as the related services are performed.

The Company accounts for volume discounts and pricing incentives to customers as a reduction of revenue based on the ratable allocation of the discount / incentive amount to each of the underlying revenue transactions that result in progress by the customer towards earning the discount / incentive. Also, when the level of discount varies with increases in levels of revenue transactions, the Company recognizes the liability based on its estimate of the customer's future purchases. If it is probable that the criteria for the discount will not be met, or if the amount thereof cannot be estimated reliably, then discount is not recognized until the payment is probable and the amount can be estimated reliably. The Company recognizes changes in the estimated amount of obligations for discounts using a cumulative catchup approach. The discounts are passed on to the customer either as direct payments or as a reduction of payments due from the customer.

The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its statement of profit and loss.

Profit on sale of investments is recorded on transfer of title from the Company and is determined as the difference between the sale price and carrying value of the investment. Lease rentals are recognized ratably on a straight line basis over the lease term. Interest is recognized using the time-proportion method, based on rates implicit in the transaction. Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established.

#### **1.4 Provisions and contingent liabilities**

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by the best estimate of the outflow of economic benefits required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. Where no reliable estimate can be made, a disclosure is made as contingent liability. A disclosure for a contingent liability is also made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

#### **1.5 Post-sales client support and warranties**

The Company provides its clients with a fixed-period warranty for corrections of errors and telephone support on all its fixed-price, fixed-timeframe contracts. Costs associated with such support services are accrued at the time when related revenues are recorded and included in statement of profit and loss. The Company estimates such costs based on historical experience and the estimates are reviewed annually for any material changes in assumptions.

#### **1.6 Onerous contracts**

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract. The provision is measured at lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of fulfilling the contract.

#### **1.7 Tangible assets, intangible assets and capital work-in-progress**

Fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Direct costs are capitalized until fixed assets are ready for use. Capital work-in-progress comprises of the cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use at the reporting date. Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment.

#### **1.8 Depreciation and amortization**

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided on the straight-line method over the useful lives of assets estimated by the Management. Depreciation for assets purchased / sold during a period is proportionately charged. Individual low cost assets (acquired for ₹5,000/- or less) are depreciated over a period of one year from the date of acquisition. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, commencing from the date the asset is available to the Company for its use. The Management estimates the useful lives for the other fixed assets as follows :

Buildings	15 years
Plant and machinery	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	2-5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Vehicles	5 years

Depreciation and amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date.

#### **1.9 Impairment**

The Management periodically assesses using, external and internal sources, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of the asset's net selling price and value in use, which means the present value of future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and its eventual disposal. An impairment loss for an asset is reversed if, and only if, the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. The carrying amount of an asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

#### **1.10 Retirement benefits to employees**

##### **a Gratuity**

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan (the Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company.

Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation at each Balance Sheet date using the projected unit credit method. The Company fully contributes all ascertained liabilities to the Infosys Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund Trust (the Trust). Trustees administer contributions made to the Trust and contributions are invested in specific investments as permitted by the law. The Company recognizes the net obligation of the gratuity plan in the Balance Sheet as an asset or liability, respectively in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) 15, 'Employee Benefits'. The Company's overall expected long-term rate-of-return on assets has been determined based on consideration of available market information, current provisions of Indian law specifying the instruments in which investments can be made, and historical returns. The discount rate is based on the Government securities yield. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

#### **b Superannuation**

Certain employees of Infosys are also participants in the superannuation plan ('the Plan') which is a defined contribution plan. The Company has no obligations to the Plan beyond its monthly contributions.

#### **c Provident fund**

Eligible employees receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined benefit plan. Both the employee and the Company make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Company contributes a part of the contributions to the Infosys Limited Employees' Provident Fund Trust. The remaining portion is contributed to the government administered pension fund. The rate at which the annual interest is payable to the beneficiaries by the trust is being administered by the government. The Company has an obligation to make good the shortfall, if any, between the return from the investments of the trust and the notified interest rate.

#### **d Compensated absences**

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation based on the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the Balance Sheet date. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognized in the period in which the absences occur.

### **1.11 Research and development**

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Software product development costs are expensed as incurred unless technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the Company has an intention and ability to complete and use or sell the software and the costs can be measured reliably.

### **1.12 Foreign currency transactions**

Foreign-currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in the Statement of profit and loss. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at fair value are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of transaction.

Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction. Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled.

### **1.13 Forward and options contracts in foreign currencies**

The Company uses foreign exchange forward and options contracts to hedge its exposure to movements in foreign exchange rates. The use of these foreign exchange forward and options contracts reduce the risk or cost to the Company and the Company does not use those for trading or speculation purposes.

Effective April 1, 2008, the Company adopted AS 30, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement', to the extent that the adoption did not conflict with existing accounting standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Company Law and other regulatory requirements.

Forward and options contracts are fair valued at each reporting date. The resultant gain or loss from these transactions are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. The Company records the gain or loss on effective hedges, if any, in the foreign currency fluctuation reserve until the transactions are complete. On completion, the gain or loss is transferred to the statement of profit and loss of that period. To designate a forward or options contract as an effective hedge, the Management objectively evaluates and evidences with appropriate supporting documents at the inception of each contract whether the contract is effective in achieving offsetting cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. In the absence of a designation as effective hedge, a gain or loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Currently hedges undertaken by the Company are all ineffective in nature and the resultant gain or loss consequent to fair valuation is recognized in the statement of profit and loss at each reporting date.

#### **1.14 Income taxes**

Income taxes are accrued in the same period that the related revenue and expenses arise. A provision is made for income tax annually, based on the tax liability computed, after considering tax allowances and exemptions. Provisions are recorded when it is estimated that a liability due to disallowances or other matters is probable. Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefits in the form of tax credit against future income tax liability, is recognized as an asset in the Balance Sheet if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal tax after the tax holiday period and the resultant asset can be measured reliably. The Company offsets, on a year on year basis, the current tax assets and liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right and where it intends to settle such assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The differences that result between the profit considered for income taxes and the profit as per the financial statements are identified, and thereafter a deferred tax asset or deferred tax liability is recorded for timing differences, namely the differences that originate in one accounting period and reverse in another, based on the tax effect of the aggregate amount of timing difference. The tax effect is calculated on the accumulated timing differences at the end of an accounting period based on enacted or substantively enacted regulations. Deferred tax assets in situation where unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward business loss exists, are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realized. Deferred tax assets, other than in situation of unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward business loss, are recognized only if there is reasonable certainty that they will be realized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed for the appropriateness of their respective carrying values at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority. Tax benefits of deductions earned on exercise of employee share options in excess of compensation charged to statement of profit and loss are credited to the share premium account.

#### **1.15 Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The diluted potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value which is the average market value of the outstanding shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

The number of shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

#### **1.16 Investments**

Trade investments are the investments made to enhance the Company's business interests. Investments are either classified as current or long-term based on Management's intention. Current investments are carried at the lower of cost and fair value of each investment individually. Cost for overseas investments comprises the Indian Rupee value of the consideration paid for the investment translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of investment. Long term investments are carried at cost less provisions recorded to recognize any decline, other than temporary, in the carrying value of each investment.

#### **1.17 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and cash on deposit with banks and corporations. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

#### **1.18 Cash flow statement**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

#### **1.19 Leases**

Lease under which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Such assets acquired are capitalized at fair value of the asset or present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease, whichever is lower. Lease payments under operating leases are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis in the statement of profit and loss over the lease term.

## 2 NOTES TO ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

Amounts in the financial statements are presented in ₹ crore, except for per share data and as otherwise stated. All exact amounts are stated with the suffix “/-”. One crore equals 10 million.

The previous period figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary to conform to the current period presentation.

### 2.1 SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	in ₹ crore, except as otherwise stated	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Authorized		
Equity shares, ₹5/- par value		
60,00,00,000 (60,00,00,000) equity shares	300	300
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-Up		
Equity shares, ₹5/- par value <sup>(1)</sup>	286	287
57,14,02,566 (57,42,36,166) equity shares fully paid-up		
	<b>286</b>	<b>287</b>
Forfeited shares amounted to ₹1,500/- (₹1,500/-)		

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to note 2.32 for details of basic and diluted shares

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of ₹5/-. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the year ended March 31, 2013, the amount of per share dividend recognized as distributions to equity shareholders was ₹42/-. The dividend for the year ended March 31, 2013 includes ₹27/- per share of final dividend. The total dividend appropriation amounted to ₹2,815 crore including corporate dividend tax of ₹403 crore.

The Board of Directors, in their meeting on October 11, 2013 declared an interim dividend of ₹20/- per equity share.

Further the Board of directors, in their meeting on April 15, 2014 proposed a final dividend of ₹43 per equity share. The proposal is subject to the approval of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to be held on June 14, 2014. The total dividend appropriation for the year ended March 31, 2014 amounted to ₹4,233 crore, including corporate dividend tax of ₹615 crore.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. However, no such preferential amounts exist currently. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

The details of shareholder holding more than 5% shares as at March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 is set out below :

Name of the shareholder	As at March 31, 2014		As at March 31, 2013	
	No. of shares	% held	No. of shares	% held
Life Insurance Corporation of India <sup>(1)</sup>	1,86,56,581	3.25%	3,42,33,932	5.96%
Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (Depository of ADR's - legal ownership)	9,24,70,660	16.10%	7,08,83,217	12.34%

<sup>(1)</sup> includes all schemes under their management

The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding and the amount of share capital as at March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 is set out below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2014		As at March 31, 2013	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Number of shares at the beginning of the period	57,42,36,166	287	57,42,30,001	287
Add: Shares issued on exercise of employee stock options	-	-	6,165	-
Less : Treasury shares	28,33,600	1	-	-
Number of shares at the end of the period	<b>57,14,02,566</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>57,42,36,166</b>	<b>287</b>

### Stock option plans

The Company had two Stock Option Plans.

#### 1998 Stock Option Plan ('the 1998 Plan')

The 1998 Plan was approved by the Board of Directors in December 1997 and by the shareholders in January 1998, and is for issue of 1,17,60,000 ADSs representing 1,17,60,000 equity shares. All options under the 1998 Plan are exercisable for ADSs representing equity shares. The 1998 Plan is administered by a compensation committee (now known as the Management Development and Compensation Committee), all of whom are independent members of the Board of Directors and through the Infosys Limited Employees' Welfare Trust (the Trust). All options had been granted at 100% of fair market value. The 1998 Plan lapsed on January 6, 2008, and consequently no further shares will be issued to employees under this plan.

#### 1999 Stock Option Plan ('the 1999 Plan')

In fiscal 2000, the Company instituted the 1999 Plan. The shareholders and the Board of Directors approved the plan in September 1999, which provides for the issue of 5,28,00,000 equity shares to the employees. The 1999 Plan is administered by a compensation committee (now known as the Management Development and Compensation Committee), all of whom are independent members of the Board of Directors and through the Trust. Options were issued to employees at an exercise price that is not less than the fair market value. The 1999 Plan lapsed on September 11, 2009, and consequently no further shares will be issued to employees under this plan.

There were no share options outstanding and exercisable as of March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013.

There was no activity in the 1998 Plan during the year ended March 31, 2013. The activity in the 1999 Plan during the year ended March 31, 2013 is set out below:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013
<b>The 1999 Plan :</b>	
Options outstanding, beginning of the period	11,683
Less: Exercised	6,165
Forfeited	5,518
Options outstanding, end of the period	-
Options exercisable, end of the period	-

The weighted average share price of options exercised under the 1999 Plan during the year ended March 31, 2013 was ₹2,374/-

## 2.2 RESERVES AND SURPLUS

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Capital reserve - Opening balance	54	54
Add: Transferred from Surplus	-	-
	<b>54</b>	<b>54</b>
Securities premium account - Opening balance	3,065	3,064
Add: Reserves on consolidation of trust	4	-
Add: Receipts on exercise of employee stock options	-	1
	<b>3,069</b>	<b>3,065</b>
General reserve - Opening balance	7,270	6,359
Add: Transferred from Surplus	1,021	911
	<b>8,291</b>	<b>7,270</b>
Surplus - Opening balance	25,383	19,993
Add: Net profit after tax transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss	10,194	9,116
Reserves on consolidation of trust	50	-
Dividend eliminated on consolidation of trust	13	-
Reserves on transfer of assets and liabilities of Infosys Consulting India Limited (refer to note 2.26)	6	-
Amount available for appropriation	35,646	29,109
Appropriations:		
Interim dividend	1,149	862
Final dividend	2,469	1,550
Total dividend	3,618	2,412
Dividend tax	615	403
Amount transferred to general reserve	1,021	911
Surplus- Closing Balance	<b>30,392</b>	<b>25,383</b>
	<b>41,806</b>	<b>35,772</b>

## 2.3 DEFERRED TAXES

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>		
Fixed assets	356	329
Trade receivables	44	18
Unavailed leave	249	133
Computer software	50	45
Accrued compensation to employees	31	29
Post sales client support	98	67
Others	17	19
	<b>845</b>	<b>640</b>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>		
Intangible assets	-	3
Branch profit tax	303	315
	<b>303</b>	<b>318</b>
Deferred tax assets after set off	<b>542</b>	<b>378</b>
Deferred tax liabilities after set off	-	<b>56</b>

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

As at March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, the Company has provided for branch profit tax of ₹303 crore and ₹315 crore, respectively, for its overseas branches, as the Company estimates that these branch profits would be distributed in the foreseeable future. The change in provision for branch profit tax includes ₹35 crore movement on account of exchange rate during the year ended March 31, 2014.

## 2.4 OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Others		
Gratuity obligation - unamortised amount relating to plan amendment ( <i>refer to note 2.29</i> )	7	11
Payable for acquisition of business ( <i>refer to note 2.10.1</i> )	330	82
Rental deposits received from subsidiary ( <i>refer to note 2.25</i> )	27	27
	<b>364</b>	<b>120</b>

## 2.5 TRADE PAYABLES

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Trade payables	68	178
	<b>68</b>	<b>178</b>
<i>Includes dues to subsidiaries (refer to note 2.25)</i>	30	82

## 2.6 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
<i>Accrued salaries and benefits</i>		
Salaries and benefits	503	79
Bonus and incentives	669	389
<i>Other liabilities</i>		
Provision for expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	1,296	914
Retention monies	72	69
Withholding and other taxes payable	834	587
Gratuity obligation - unamortised amount relating to plan amendment, current ( <i>refer to note 2.29</i> )	4	4
Other payables <sup>(2)</sup>	63	36
Advances received from clients	21	20
Unearned revenue	606	726
Unpaid dividends	3	3
	<b>4,071</b>	<b>2,827</b>
<sup>(1)</sup> <i>Includes dues to subsidiaries (refer to note 2.25)</i>	8	34
<sup>(2)</sup> <i>Includes dues to subsidiaries (refer to note 2.25)</i>	3	33

## 2.7 SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Provision for employee benefits		
Unavailed leave	798	502
Others		
Proposed dividend	2,469	1,550
Provision for		
Tax on dividend	420	263
Income taxes (net of advance tax and TDS)	2,105	1,274
Post-sales client support and warranties and other provisions	325	199
Provision towards visa related matters (Refer note 2.35)	-	-
	<b>6,117</b>	<b>3,788</b>

### Provision for post-sales client support and warranties and other provisions

The movement in the provision for post-sales client support and warranties and other provisions is as follows : *in ₹ crore*

Particulars	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Balance at the beginning	199	123
Provision recognized/(reversal)	124	79
Provision utilised	-	-
Exchange difference during the period	2	(3)
Balance at the end	<b>325</b>	<b>199</b>

Provision for post-sales client support and other provisions are expected to be utilized over a period of 6 months to 1 year.

Provision towards visa related matters amounting to ₹219 crore (including legal costs) was created and paid during the year ended March 31, 2014.

## 2.8 FIXED ASSETS

in ₹ crore, except as otherwise stated

Particulars	Original cost				Depreciation and amortization				Net book value	
	As at April 1, 2013	Additions/ Adjustments during the year	Deductions/ Retirement during the year	As at March 31, 2014	As at April 1, 2013	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments during the year	As at March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2013
<b>Tangible assets :</b>										
Land : Free-hold	492	290	1	781	-	-	-	-	781	492
Leasehold	348	1	-	349	-	-	-	-	349	348
Buildings <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	4,053	825	-	4,878	1,467	287	-	1,754	3,124	2,586
Plant and equipment <sup>(2)</sup>	779	312	1	1,090	547	125	1	671	419	232
Office equipment <sup>(2)</sup>	276	117	-	393	159	56	-	215	178	117
Computer equipment <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	1,525	672	19	2,178	1,053	520	19	1,554	624	472
Furniture and fixtures <sup>(2)</sup>	518	161	-	679	345	96	-	441	238	173
Vehicles	10	3	-	13	5	2	-	7	6	5
	8,001	2,381	21	10,361	3,576	1,086	20	4,642	5,719	4,425
<b>Intangible assets :</b>										
Intellectual property rights	59	-	-	59	31	15	-	46	13	28
	59	-	-	59	31	15	-	46	13	28
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,060</b>	<b>2,381</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>10,420</b>	<b>3,607</b>	<b>1,101</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>4,688</b>	<b>5,732</b>	<b>4,453</b>
Previous year <sup>(4)</sup>	<b>7,173</b>	<b>1,422</b>	<b>535</b>	<b>8,060</b>	<b>3,112</b>	<b>956</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>3,607</b>	<b>4,453</b>	

Notes: <sup>(1)</sup> Buildings include ₹250/- being the value of 5 shares of ₹50/- each in Mittal Towers Premises Co-operative Society Limited.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes certain assets provided on cancellable operating lease to Infosys BPO, a subsidiary.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes computer equipment having gross book value of ₹1 crore (net book value Nil) transferred from Infosys Consulting India Limited ( Refer note 2.26)

<sup>(4)</sup> During the year ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, certain assets which were old and not in use having gross book value of Nil and ₹521 crore respectively (net book value Nil) were retired.

Profit on disposal of fixed assets during the year ended March 31, 2014 is ₹1 crore (less than ₹1 crore for the year ended March 31, 2013).

The Company has entered into lease-cum-sale agreements to acquire certain properties. In accordance with the terms of some of these agreements, the Company has the option to purchase the properties on expiry of the lease period. The Company has already paid 99% of the value of the properties at the time of entering into the lease-cum-sale agreements with the balance payable at the time of purchase. These amounts are disclosed as 'Land - leasehold' under 'Tangible assets' in the financial statements.

Tangible assets provided on operating lease to Infosys BPO, a subsidiary company, as at March 31, 2014 and *March 31, 2013* are as follows:

<b>Particulars</b>	<i>in ₹ crore</i>		
	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>	<b>Net book value</b>
Buildings	49	32	17
	61	34	27
Plant	1	-	1
	-	-	-

The aggregate depreciation charged on the above assets during the year ended March 31, 2014 amounted to ₹3 crore ( ₹4 crore for the year ended March 31, 2013).

The rental income from Infosys BPO for the year ended March 31, 2014 amounted to ₹17 crore ( ₹17 crore for the year ended March 31, 2013 ).

## 2.9 LEASES

### Obligations on long-term, non-cancelable operating leases

The lease rentals charged during the period and the maximum obligations on long-term, non-cancelable operating leases payable as per the rentals stated in the respective agreements are as follows:

<b>Particulars</b>	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	<b>Year ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Lease rentals recognized during the year	177	148

  

<b>Lease obligations payable</b>	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	<b>As at March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Within one year of the balance sheet date	125	118
Due in a period between one year and five years	314	272
Due after five years	218	61

The operating lease arrangements, are renewable on a periodic basis and for most of the leases extend upto a maximum of ten years from their respective dates of inception and relates to rented premises. Some of these lease agreements have price escalation clauses.

**2.10 INVESTMENTS**
*m ₹ crore, except as otherwise stated*

Particulars	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
<b>Non-current investments</b>		
<b>Long term investments - at cost</b>		
<b>Trade (unquoted)</b>		
Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries		
Infosys BPO Limited		
3,38,22,319 (3,38,22,319) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each, fully paid	659	659
Infosys Technologies (China) Co. Limited	107	107
Infosys Technologies (Australia) Pty Limited		
1,01,08,869 (1,01,08,869) equity shares of AUD 0.11 par value, fully paid	66	66
Infosys Technologies, S. de R.L. de C.V., Mexico		
17,49,99,990 (17,49,99,990) equity shares of MXN 1 par value, fully paid up	65	65
Infosys Technologies (Sweden) AB		
1,000 (1,000) equity shares of SEK 100 par value, fully paid	-	-
Infosys Technologia DO Brasil LTDA		
4,00,00,000 (4,00,00,000) shares of BRL 1.00 par value, fully paid	109	109
Infosys Technologies (Shanghai) Company Limited	234	234
Infosys Consulting India Limited		
Nil (10,00,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each, fully paid	-	1
Infosys Public Services, Inc (refer to note 2.25)		
3,50,00,000 (1,00,00,000) shares of USD 0.50 par value, fully paid	99	24
Lodestone Holding AG (refer to note 2.10.1 and 2.25)		
23,350 (3,350) - Class A shares of CHF 1,000 each and 29,400 (29,400) - Class B Shares of CHF 100 each, fully paid up	1,323	1,187
Infosys Americas Inc (refer to note 2.25)		
10,000 (Nil) shares of USD 10 per share, fully paid up	1	-
Edgeverve Systems Limited (refer to note 2.10.2 and 2.25)		
10,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each, fully paid	1	-
	<u>2,664</u>	<u>2,452</u>
<b>Others (unquoted) (refer to note 2.10.3)</b>		
Investments in equity instruments	6	6
Less: Provision for investments	2	2
	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
<b>Others (quoted)</b>		
Investments in tax free bonds (refer to note 2.10.4)	1,300	308
	<u>1,300</u>	<u>308</u>
Total Non-current investments	<u>3,968</u>	<u>2,764</u>
<b>Current portion of Long term investments</b>		
<b>Quoted</b>		
Fixed Maturity Plans (refer to note 2.10.5)	100	-
	<u>100</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Current investments – at the lower of cost and fair value</b>		
<b>Other current investments</b>		
<b>Unquoted</b>		
Liquid mutual fund units (refer to note 2.10.6)	1,866	1,580
Certificates of deposit (refer to note 2.10.6)	783	-
	<u>2,649</u>	<u>1,580</u>
Total Current investments	<u>2,749</u>	<u>1,580</u>
Total Investments	<u>6,717</u>	<u>4,344</u>
Aggregate amount of quoted investments excluding interest accrued but not due of ₹48 crore included under Note 2.15 Short term Loans and advances	1,400	308
Market value of quoted investments	1,344	317
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	5,319	4,038
Aggregate amount of provision made for non-current unquoted investments	2	2

**2.10.1 Investment in Lodestone Holding AG**

On October 22, 2012, Infosys acquired 100% of the outstanding share capital of Lodestone Holding AG, a global management consultancy firm headquartered in Zurich, Switzerland. The acquisition was executed through a share purchase agreement for an upfront cash consideration of ₹1,187 crore and a deferred consideration of upto ₹608 crore.

The deferred consideration is payable to the selling shareholders of Lodestone on the third anniversary of the acquisition date and is contingent upon their continued employment for a period of three years. The investment in Lodestone has been recorded at the acquisition cost and the deferred consideration is being recognised on a proportionate basis over a period of three years from the date of acquisition. An amount of ₹228 crore and ₹85 crore representing the proportionate charge of the deferred consideration has been recognised as an expense during the year ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 respectively.

**2.10.2 Investment in Edgeverve Systems Limited**

On February 14, 2014, Infosys incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary called Edgeverve Systems Limited (Edgeverve). Edgeverve would focus on developing and selling products and platforms. On April 15, 2014, the Board of Directors of Infosys has authorized the Company to execute a Business Transfer Agreement and related documents with Edgeverve, subject to securing the requisite approval from shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting scheduled on June 14, 2014.

### 2.10.3 Details of Investments

The details of non-current other investments in equity instruments as at March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 are as follows:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
OnMobile Systems Inc., (formerly Onscan Inc.) USA		
21,54,100 (21,54,100) common stock at USD 0.4348 each, fully paid, par value USD 0.001 each	4	4
Meraport Technologies Private Limited		
2,420 (2,420) equity shares at ₹ 8,052/- each, fully paid, par value ₹ 10/- each	2	2
Global Innovation and Technology Alliance		
5,000 (5,000) equity shares at ₹ 1,000/- each, fully paid, par value ₹ 1,000/- each	-	-
	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>
Less: Provision for investment	2	2
	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>

### 2.10.4 Details of Investments in tax free bonds

The balances held in tax free bonds as at March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 is as follows:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>				
	Face Value ₹	As at March 31, 2014		As at March 31, 2013	
		Units	Amount	Units	Amount
7.18% Indian Railway Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 19FEB2023	1,000/-	20,00,000	201	-	-
7.34% Indian Railway Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 19FEB2028	1,000/-	21,00,000	211	20,00,000	201
7.93% Rural Electrification Corporation Limited Bonds 27MAR2022	1,000/-	2,00,000	21	-	-
8.26% India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited Bonds 23AUG28	10,00,000/-	1,000	100	-	-
8.30% National Highways Authority of India Bonds 25JAN2027	1,000/-	5,00,000	53	5,00,000	53
8.35% National Highways Authority of India Bonds 22NOV2023	10,00,000/-	1,500	150	-	-
8.46% India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited Bonds 30AUG2028	10,00,000/-	2,000	200	-	-
8.46% Power Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 30AUG2028	10,00,000/-	1,500	150	-	-
8.48% India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited Bonds 05SEP2028	10,00,000/-	450	45	-	-
8.54% Power Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 16NOV2028	1,000/-	5,00,000	50	-	-
8.10% Indian Railway Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 23FEB2027	1,000/-	5,00,000	54	5,00,000	54
8.20% Power Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 2022	1,000/-	5,00,000	50	-	-
8.00% Indian Railway Finance Corporation Limited Bonds 2022	1,000/-	1,50,000	15	-	-
		<b>64,56,450</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>30,00,000</b>	<b>308</b>

### 2.10.5 Details of Investments in Fixed Maturity Plans

The balances held in Fixed Maturity Plans as at March 31, 2014 is as follows:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	Units	Amount
UTI - Fixed Term Income Fund Series - XVII - XIII	2,50,00,000	25
HDFC Fixed Maturity Plans - Series 29	2,50,00,000	25
DSP BlackRock FMP Series 146 12M - Dir - Growth	2,50,00,000	25
DSP Black Rock FMP Series 151 12M - Dir - Growth	2,50,00,000	25
	<b>10,00,00,000</b>	<b>100</b>

There were no balances held in Fixed Maturity Plans as at March 31, 2013.

### 2.10.6 Details of Investments in liquid mutual fund units and certificate of deposits

The balances held in liquid mutual fund units as at March 31, 2014 is as follows:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	Units	Amount
SBI Premier Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	14,96,454	150
IDFC Cash Fund Daily Dividend - Direct Plan	23,95,149	240
Tata Liquid Fund Direct Plan - Daily Dividend	24,61,026	274
HDFC Liquid Fund-Direct Plan- Daily Dividend Reinvestment	33,44,09,159	341
Religare Invesco Liquid Fund-Direct Plan Daily Dividend	12,704	1
Reliance Liquidity Fund-Direct Plan Daily Dividend Reinvestment Option	35,45,234	355
L & T Liquid Fund Direct Plan - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	14,82,628	150
UTI Liquid Cash Plan - Institutional - Direct Plan - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	11,78,546	120
Birla Sun Life Floating Rate Fund-STP-DD-Direct Reinvestment	2,34,93,259	235
	<b>37,04,74,159</b>	<b>1,866</b>

The balances held in certificates of deposit as at March 31, 2014 is as follows:

Particulars	Face value ₹	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
		Units	Amount
Oriental Bank of Commerce	100,000/-	48,500	454
IDBI Bank Limited	100,000/-	10,000	93
Corporation Bank	100,000/-	8,000	75
Union Bank of India	100,000/-	5,000	46
Indian Overseas Bank	100,000/-	5,000	46
HDFC Bank	100,000/-	5,000	46
Vijaya	100,000/-	2,500	23
		<b>84,000</b>	<b>783</b>

The balances held in liquid mutual fund units as at March 31, 2013 is as follows:

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	Units	Amount
Tata Floater Fund Plan A -Daily Dividend - Direct Plan	24,10,062	242
Kotak Liquid Scheme Plan A- Daily Dividend - Direct Plan	2,77,271	34
Birla Sun Life Savings Fund-Daily Dividend Reinvestment - Direct Plan	4,10,12,872	410
ICICI Prudential Flexible Income - Daily Dividend - Direct Plan	1,22,52,481	130
UTI Treasury Advantage Fund - Institutional Plan - Daily Dividend - Direct Plan	58,42,445	584
DWS Ultra Short Term Fund -Institutional Plan-Daily Dividend - Direct Plan	17,99,62,153	180
	<b>24,17,57,284</b>	<b>1,580</b>

There were no balances held in certificates of deposit as at March 31, 2013.

## 2.11 LONG-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Unsecured, considered good		
Capital advances	687	439
Electricity and other deposits	59	28
Rental deposits <sup>(1)</sup>	48	29
Other loans and advances		
Advance income taxes (net of provisions)	1,417	1,019
Prepaid expenses	10	8
Loans and advances to employees		
Housing and other loans	6	6
	<b>2,227</b>	<b>1,529</b>
<sup>(1)</sup> Includes deposits with subsidiaries (refer to note 2.25)	21	-

## 2.12 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Others		
Restricted deposits (refer to note 2.33)	43	-
Advance to gratuity trust (refer to note 2.29)	9	31
	<b>52</b>	<b>31</b>

## 2.13 TRADE RECEIVABLES <sup>(1)</sup>

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Debts outstanding for a period exceeding six months		
Unsecured		
Considered doubtful	135	61
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	135	61
	-	-
Other debts		
Unsecured		
Considered good <sup>(2)</sup>	7,336	6,365
Considered doubtful	61	24
	7,397	6,389
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	61	24
	<b>7,336</b>	<b>6,365</b>
<sup>(1)</sup> Includes dues from companies where directors are interested	117	21
<sup>(2)</sup> Includes dues from subsidiaries (refer to note 2.25)	129	204

### Provision for doubtful debts

Periodically, the Company evaluates all customer dues to the Company for collectability. The need for provisions is assessed based on various factors including collectability of specific dues, risk perceptions of the industry in which the customer operates, general economic factors, which could affect the customer's ability to settle. The Company normally provides for debtor dues outstanding for six months or longer from the invoice date, as at the Balance Sheet date. The Company pursues the recovery of the dues, in part or full.

## 2.14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Cash on hand	-	-
Balances with banks		
In current and deposit accounts	20,600	17,401
Others		
Deposits with financial institutions	3,500	3,000
	<b>24,100</b>	<b>20,401</b>
Balances with banks in unpaid dividend accounts	3	3
Deposit accounts with more than 12 months maturity	182	181
Balances with banks held as margin money deposits against guarantees	200	189

Cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 include restricted cash and bank balances of ₹203 crore and ₹192 crore, respectively. The restrictions are primarily on account of cash and bank balances held as margin money deposits against guarantees and unclaimed dividends.

The deposits maintained by the Company with banks and financial institutions comprise of time deposits, which can be withdrawn by the Company at any point without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

The details of balances as on Balance Sheet dates with banks are as follows:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
<b>In current accounts</b>		
ANZ Bank, Taiwan	1	1
Bank of America, USA	632	751
Citibank NA, Australia	75	131
Citibank NA, Dubai	-	4
Citibank NA, India	2	13
Citibank NA, EEFC (U.S. Dollar account)	-	110
Citibank NA, Japan	11	16
Citibank NA, New Zealand	2	1
Citibank NA, South Africa	1	1
Citibank NA, Thailand	1	1
Deutsche Bank, India	7	10
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (Euro account)	8	21
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (GBP account)	11	-
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (AUD account)	8	-
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (U.S. Dollar account)	63	64
Deutsche Bank, Belgium	12	10
Deutsche Bank, France	5	5
Deutsche Bank, Germany	33	14
Deutsche Bank, Netherlands	16	10
Deutsche Bank, Russia	1	2
Deutsche Bank, Russia (U.S. Dollar account)	13	-
Deutsche Bank, Singapore	10	1
Deutsche Bank, Spain	3	2
Deutsche Bank, Switzerland	3	1
Deutsche Bank, Switzerland (U.S. Dollar account)	2	-
Deutsche Bank, UK	73	69
Deutsche Bank-EEFC (Swiss Franc account)	1	2
HSBC, Hong Kong	2	-
ICICI Bank, India	31	44
ICICI Bank-EEFC (U.S. Dollar account)	8	9
Nordbanken, Sweden	13	2
Punjab National Bank, India	3	3
RBS, Denmark	-	1
Royal Bank of Canada, Canada	22	15
State Bank of India	9	-
The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd., Japan	-	1
	<b>1,082</b>	<b>1,315</b>
	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
<b>Particulars</b>	<b>As at March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
<b>In deposit accounts</b>		
Allahabad Bank	931	275
Andhra Bank	753	704
Axis Bank	1,000	1,000
Bank of Baroda	2,125	1,919
Bank of India	2,461	1,891
Canara Bank	2,046	1,891
Central Bank of India	1,500	1,262
Corporation Bank	1,054	699
Federal Bank	-	25
ICICI Bank	2,976	2,499
IDBI Bank	1,650	995
Indusind Bank	25	-
ING Vysya Bank	200	88
Indian Overseas Bank	700	441
Jammu and Kashmir Bank	25	25
Kotak Mahindra Bank	25	200
Oriental Bank of Commerce	86	750
Ratnakar Bank	-	5
State Bank of Hyderabad	-	700
South Indian Bank	-	25
Syndicate Bank	783	-
Vijaya Bank	775	300
Yes Bank	200	200
	<b>19,315</b>	<b>15,894</b>
<b>In unpaid dividend accounts</b>		
HDFC Bank - Unclaimed dividend account	1	1
ICICI bank - Unclaimed dividend account	2	2
	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>In margin money deposits against guarantees</b>		
Canara Bank	142	130
ICICI Bank	-	1
State Bank of India	58	58
	<b>200</b>	<b>189</b>
<b>Deposits with financial institutions</b>		
HDFC Limited	3,500	3,000
	<b>3,500</b>	<b>3,000</b>
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet</b>	<b>24,100</b>	<b>20,401</b>

**2.15 SHORT-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES**

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Unsecured, considered good		
Loans to subsidiary (refer to note 2.25)	36	184
Others		
Advances		
Prepaid expenses	98	57
For supply of goods and rendering of services	72	46
Withholding and other taxes receivable	987	732
Others <sup>(1)</sup>	20	12
	1,213	1,031
Restricted deposits (refer to note 2.33)	934	724
Unbilled revenues <sup>(2)</sup>	2,392	2,217
Interest accrued but not due	92	91
Loans and advances to employees		
Housing and other loans	64	62
Salary advances	127	125
Electricity and other deposits	8	31
Mark-to-market forward and options contracts	217	88
Rental deposits <sup>(3)</sup>	5	23
	5,052	4,392
Unsecured, considered doubtful		
Loans and advances to employees	6	6
	5,058	4,398
Less: Provision for doubtful loans and advances to employees	6	6
	5,052	4,392
<sup>(1)</sup> Includes dues from subsidiaries (refer to note 2.25)	13	10
<sup>(2)</sup> Includes dues from subsidiaries (refer to note 2.25)	-	5
<sup>(3)</sup> Includes deposits with subsidiaries (refer to note 2.25)	-	21

## 2.16 INCOME FROM SOFTWARE SERVICES AND PRODUCTS

*in ₹ crore*

Particulars	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Income from software services	42,531	35,163
Income from software products	1,810	1,602
	<b>44,341</b>	<b>36,765</b>

## 2.17 OTHER INCOME

*in ₹ crore*

Particulars	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Interest received on deposits with banks and others	2,135	1,714
Dividend received on investment in mutual fund units	137	217
Miscellaneous income, net	26	27
Gains / (losses) on foreign currency, net	278	257
	<b>2,576</b>	<b>2,215</b>

## 2.18 EXPENSES

*in ₹ crore*

Particulars	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
<i>Employee benefit expenses</i>		
Salaries and bonus including overseas staff expenses	23,852	19,523
Contribution to provident and other funds	432	378
Staff welfare	66	31
	<b>24,350</b>	<b>19,932</b>
<i>Cost of technical sub-contractors</i>		
Technical sub-contractors - subsidiaries	1,451	500
Technical sub-contractors - others	1,145	1,231
	<b>2,596</b>	<b>1,731</b>
<i>Travel expenses</i>		
Overseas travel expenses	1,186	1,174
Traveling and conveyance	101	107
	<b>1,287</b>	<b>1,281</b>
<i>Cost of software packages and others</i>		
For own use	726	585
Third party items bought for service delivery to clients	194	149
	<b>920</b>	<b>734</b>
<i>Communication expenses</i>		
Telephone charges	232	214
Communication expenses	97	75
	<b>329</b>	<b>289</b>

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
<i>Other expenses</i>		
Office maintenance	315	262
Power and fuel	181	180
Brand building	77	84
Rent	177	148
Rates and taxes, excluding taxes on income	89	69
Repairs to building	40	38
Repairs to plant and machinery	41	40
Computer maintenance	90	69
Consumables	21	22
Insurance charges	34	34
Research grants	8	9
Marketing expenses	31	29
Commission charges	38	32
Printing and Stationery	14	11
Professional membership and seminar participation fees	16	16
Postage and courier	21	11
Advertisements	1	5
Provision for post-sales client support and warranties	36	79
Commission to non-whole time directors	8	8
Freight charges	1	1
Provision for bad and doubtful debts and advances	126	30
Books and periodicals	4	3
Auditor's remuneration		
Statutory audit fees	1	1
Other services	-	1
Bank charges and commission	6	3
Miscellaneous expenses	23	(2)
Donations	12	11
Others (Refer note 2.35)	219	-
	<b>1,630</b>	<b>1,194</b>

## 2.19 TAX EXPENSE

	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Current tax		
Income tax	4,063	3,361
Deferred tax	(255)	(120)
	<b>3,808</b>	<b>3,241</b>

During the year ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 the company had a reversal of ₹19 crore (net of provisions) and provision of ₹6 crore (net of reversals), respectively, pertaining to tax relating to prior years.

### Income taxes

The provision for taxation includes tax liabilities in India on the Company's global income as reduced by exempt incomes and any tax liabilities arising overseas on income sourced from those countries. Infosys' operations are conducted through Software Technology Parks ('STPs') and Special Economic Zones ('SEZs'). Income from STPs were tax exempt for the earlier of 10 years commencing from the fiscal year in which the unit commences software development, or March 31, 2011. Income from SEZs is fully tax exempt for the first 5 years, 50% exempt for the next 5 years and 50% exempt for another 5 years subject to fulfilling certain conditions.

## 2.20 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>			
	As at March 31,			
	2014		2013	
<b>Contingent liabilities :</b>				
Outstanding guarantees and counter guarantees to various banks, in respect of the guarantees given by those banks in favour of various government authorities and others	24		19	
Claims against the Company, not acknowledged as debts <sup>(1)</sup> [Net of amount paid to statutory authorities ₹1,716 crore (₹1,114 crore )]	169		535	
<b>Commitments :</b>				
Estimated amount of unexecuted capital contracts (net of advances and deposits)	827		1,139	
	in million	in ₹ crore	in million	in ₹ crore
Forward contracts outstanding				
In USD	724	4,338	814	4,419
In Euro	49	405	50	348
In GBP	73	732	55	453
In AUD	75	415	70	396
Option Outstanding				
In USD	20	120	-	-
		<b>6,010</b>		<b>5,616</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts include demands from the Indian Income tax authorities for payment of additional tax of ₹1,548 crore (₹1,088 crore), including interest of ₹430 crore (₹313 crore) upon completion of their tax review for fiscal 2006, fiscal 2007, fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2009. These income tax demands are mainly on account of disallowance of a portion of the deduction claimed by the company under Section 10A of the Income Tax Act. The deductible amount is determined by the ratio of export turnover to total turnover. The disallowance arose from certain expenses incurred in foreign currency being reduced from export turnover but not reduced from total turnover. The tax demand for fiscal 2007, fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2009 also includes disallowance of portion of profit earned outside India from the STP units and disallowance of profits earned from SEZ units. The matter for fiscal 2006, fiscal 2007, fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2009 are pending before the Commissioner of Income tax ( Appeals), Bangalore. The company is contesting the demand and the management including its tax advisors believes that its position will likely be upheld in the appellate process. The management believes that the ultimate outcome of these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

As of the Balance Sheet date, the Company's net foreign currency exposures that are not hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise is Nil (₹1,189 crore as at March 31, 2013).

The foreign exchange forward & options contracts mature within 12 months. The table below analyzes the derivative financial instruments into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period as of the balance sheet date:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013
Not later than one month	1,137	945
Later than one month and not later than three months	2,674	1,701
Later than three months and not later than one year	2,199	2,970
	<b>6,010</b>	<b>5,616</b>

The Company recognized a gain on derivative financial instruments of ₹217 crore and ₹68 crore during the year ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, respectively, which is included in other income.

## 2.21 QUANTITATIVE DETAILS

The Company is primarily engaged in the development and maintenance of computer software. The production and sale of such software cannot be expressed in any generic unit. Hence, it is not possible to give the quantitative details of sales and certain information as required under paragraphs 5 (viii)(c) of general instructions for preparation of the statement of profit and loss as per revised Schedule VI to the Companies Act, 1956.

## 2.22 IMPORTS (VALUED ON THE COST, INSURANCE AND FREIGHT BASIS)

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Capital goods	374	307
Software packages	3	3
	<b>377</b>	<b>310</b>

## 2.23 ACTIVITY IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
<b>Earnings in foreign currency</b>		
Income from software services and products	43,150	36,020
Interest received from banks and others	7	4
Dividend received from subsidiary	-	83
	43,157	36,107
<b>Expenditure in foreign currency</b>		
Overseas travel expenses (including visa charges)	990	996
Professional charges	513	368
Technical sub-contractors - subsidiaries	1,299	382
Overseas salaries and incentives	16,523	13,164
Other expenditure incurred overseas for software development	2,075	1,924
	21,400	16,834
Net earnings in foreign currency	<b>21,757</b>	<b>19,273</b>

## 2.24 DIVIDENDS REMITTED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Company remits the equivalent of the dividends payable to equity shareholders and holders of ADS. For ADS holders the dividend is remitted in Indian rupees to the depository bank, which is the registered shareholder on record for all owners of the Company's ADSs. The depository bank purchases the foreign currencies and remits dividends to the ADS holders.

The particulars of dividends remitted are as follows:

Particulars	Number of Non-resident share holders	Number of shares to which the dividends relate	in ₹ crore	
			Year ended March 31,	
			2014	2013
Interim dividend for fiscal 2014	2	8,76,42,560	175	-
Final dividend for fiscal 2013	2	7,19,18,545	194	-
Interim dividend for fiscal 2013	3	6,45,41,612	-	97
Special dividend for fiscal 2012 - 10 years of Infosys BPO operations	4	7,73,18,432	-	77
Final dividend for fiscal 2012	4	7,73,18,432	-	170

## 2.25 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

List of related parties:

Name of subsidiaries	Country	Holding as at March 31,	
		2014	2013
Infosys BPO	India	99.98%	99.98%
Infosys China	China	100%	100%
Infosys Mexico	Mexico	100%	100%
Infosys Sweden	Sweden	100%	100%
Infosys Shanghai	China	100%	100%
Infosys Brasil	Brazil	100%	100%
Infosys Public Services	U.S.A	100%	100%
Infosys Consulting India Limited <sup>(1)</sup>	India	-	100%
Infosys Americas <sup>(2)</sup>	U.S.A	100%	-
Infosys BPO s. r. o <sup>(3)</sup>	Czech Republic	99.98%	99.98%
Infosys BPO (Poland) Sp Z.o.o <sup>(3)</sup>	Poland	99.98%	99.98%
Infosys BPO S.de R.L. de.C.V <sup>(3)(15)</sup>	Mexico	-	-
Infosys McCamish Systems LLC (Formerly known as McCamish Systems LLC) <sup>(3)</sup>	U.S.A	99.98%	99.98%
Portland Group Pty Ltd <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	Australia	99.98%	99.98%
Portland Procurement Services Pty Ltd <sup>(10)</sup>	Australia	99.98%	99.98%
Infosys Australia <sup>(5)</sup>	Australia	100%	100%
Edgeverve Systems Limited <sup>(14)</sup>	India	100%	-
Lodestone Holding AG <sup>(6)</sup>	Switzerland	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants (Canada) Inc. <sup>(7)(13)</sup>	Canada	-	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Inc. <sup>(7)</sup>	U.S.A	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Pty Limited <sup>(7)</sup>	Australia	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants (Asia Pacific) Limited <sup>(7)(8)</sup>	Thailand	-	-
Lodestone Management Consultants AG <sup>(7)</sup>	Switzerland	100%	100%
Lodestone Augmentis AG <sup>(12)</sup>	Switzerland	100%	100%
Hafner Bauer & Odman GmbH <sup>(7)</sup>	Switzerland	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants (Belgium) S.A. <sup>(9)</sup>	Belgium	99.90%	99.90%
Lodestone Management Consultants GmbH <sup>(7)</sup>	Germany	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Pte Ltd. <sup>(7)</sup>	Singapore	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants SAS <sup>(7)</sup>	France	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants s.r.o. <sup>(7)</sup>	Czech Republic	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants GmbH <sup>(7)</sup>	Austria	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants China Co., Ltd. <sup>(7)</sup>	China	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Ltd. <sup>(7)</sup>	UK	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants B.V. <sup>(7)</sup>	Netherlands	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Ltda. <sup>(9)</sup>	Brazil	99.99%	99.99%
Lodestone Management Consultants Sp. z.o.o. <sup>(7)</sup>	Poland	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants Portugal, Unipessoal, Lda. <sup>(7)</sup>	Portugal	100%	100%
S.C. Lodestone Management Consultants S.R.L. <sup>(7)</sup>	Romania	100%	100%
Lodestone Management Consultants S.R.L. <sup>(7)(11)</sup>	Argentina	100%	100%

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer Note 2.26

<sup>(2)</sup> Incorporated effective June 25, 2013

<sup>(3)</sup> Wholly owned subsidiaries of Infosys BPO.

<sup>(4)</sup> On January 4, 2012, Infosys BPO acquired 100% of the voting interest in Portland Group Pty Ltd

<sup>(5)</sup> Under liquidation

<sup>(6)</sup> On October 22, 2012, Infosys acquired 100% voting interest in Lodestone Holding AG

<sup>(7)</sup> Wholly owned subsidiaries of Lodestone Holding AG acquired on October 22, 2012

<sup>(8)</sup> Liquidated effective February 14, 2013

<sup>(9)</sup> Majority owned and controlled subsidiaries of Lodestone Holding AG acquired on October 22, 2012

<sup>(10)</sup> Wholly owned subsidiary of Portland Group Pty Ltd. Under liquidation.

<sup>(11)</sup> Incorporated effective January 10, 2013

<sup>(12)</sup> Wholly owned subsidiary of Lodestone Management Consultants AG

<sup>(13)</sup> Liquidated effective December 31, 2013

<sup>(14)</sup> Incorporated effective February 14, 2014 (Refer note 2.10.2)

<sup>(15)</sup> Incorporated effective February 14, 2014

Infosys has provided guarantee for performance of certain contracts entered into by its subsidiaries.

**List of other related party**

Particulars	Country	Nature of relationship
Infosys Limited Employees' Gratuity Fund Trust	India	Post-employment benefit plan of Infosys
Infosys Limited Employees' Provident Fund Trust	India	Post-employment benefit plan of Infosys
Infosys Limited Employees' Superannuation Fund Trust	India	Post-employment benefit plan of Infosys
Infosys Science Foundation	India	Controlled trust

**List of key management personnel**

**Whole time directors**

N. R. Narayana Murthy (appointed effective June 1, 2013)  
S. Gopalakrishnan  
S. D. Shibulal  
Srinath Batni  
V. Balakrishnan (resigned effective December 31, 2013)  
Ashok Vemuri (resigned effective September 12, 2013)  
B. G. Srinivas  
U B Pravin Rao (appointed effective January 10, 2014)

**Executive council members (\*)**

U. Ramadas Kamath  
Chandrashekar Kakal (resigning effective April 18, 2014)  
Nandita Gurjar  
Stephen R. Pratt (resigned effective January 31, 2014)  
Basab Pradhan (resigned effective July 12, 2013)  
Prasad Thrikutam  
Rajiv Bansal (effective November 1, 2012).  
Srikantan Moorthy (effective April 1, 2013)  
Sanjay Purohit (effective April 1, 2013)  
Ranganath D Mavinakere (effective August 19, 2013)  
Binod Hampapur Rangadore (effective August 19, 2013)  
Nithyanandan Radhakrishnan (effective August 19, 2013)  
Dheeshjith VG (Jith) (effective November 1, 2013)  
Ganesh Gopalakrishnan (effective November 1, 2013)  
Haragopal Mangipudi (effective November 1, 2013)  
Jackie Korhonen (effective November 1, 2013)  
Manish Tandon (effective November 1, 2013)  
Muralikrishna K (effective November 1, 2013)  
Ravi Kumar S (effective November 1, 2013)  
Sanjay Jalona (effective November 1, 2013)  
Subrahmanyam Goparaju (appointed effective November 1, 2013 and resigned effective December 27, 2013)

**Non-whole-time directors**

K.V.Kamath  
Deepak M. Satwalekar (retired effective November 13, 2013)  
Dr. Omkar Goswami  
David L. Boyles (retired effective January 17, 2014)  
Sridar A. Iyengar (retired effective August 13, 2012)  
Prof. Jeffrey S. Lehman  
R. Seshasayee  
Ann M. Fudge  
Ravi Venkatesan  
Leo Puri (appointed effective April 11, 2013 and resigned effective August 14, 2013)  
Kiran Mazumdar Shaw (appointed effective January 10, 2014)

**Chief Risk Officer and Company Secretary**

Parvatheesam K (appointed effective September 12, 2013)

(\*) Executive Council dissolved effective April 1, 2014

The details of amounts due to or due from as at March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 are as follows:

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	As at March 31, 2014	2013
<b>Trade Receivables</b>		
Infosys China	8	4
Infosys Mexico.	2	-
Infosys Brasil	4	-
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	1	40
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	16	-
Infosys Public Services	98	160
	<u>129</u>	<u>204</u>
<b>Loans</b>		
Infosys Public Services	-	68
Infosys Brasil	36	-
Lodestone Holding AG	-	116
	<u>36</u>	<u>184</u>
<b>Other receivables</b>		
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	2	9
Infosys Sweden	5	-
Infosys Public Services	2	-
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	4	1
	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>
<b>Unbilled revenues</b>		
Infosys Public Services	-	5
	<u>-</u>	<u>5</u>
<b>Trade payables</b>		
Infosys China	14	9
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	4	72
Infosys Mexico	1	1
Infosys Sweden	6	-
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	4	-
Infosys Brasil	1	-
	<u>30</u>	<u>82</u>
<b>Other payables</b>		
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	3	10
Infosys China	(12)	-
Infosys Mexico	2	-
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	4	21
Infosys Consulting India	-	2
Infosys Brasil	6	-
Infosys Public Services	-	-
	<u>3</u>	<u>33</u>
<b>Provision for expenses</b>		
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	2	1
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	6	33
	<u>8</u>	<u>34</u>
<b>Rental Deposit given for shared services</b>		
Infosys BPO	21	21
<b>Rental Deposit taken for shared services</b>		
Infosys BPO	27	27

Particulars	Maximum amount outstanding during	
	2014	2013
<b>Loans and advances in the nature of loans given to subsidiaries :</b>		
Infosys Public Services	71	68
Infosys Brasil	35	-
Lodestone Holding AG	124	116

The details of the related party transactions entered into by the Company, in addition to the lease commitments described in note 2.8, for the year ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 are as follows:

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
<b>Capital transactions:</b>		
<b>Financing transactions</b>		
Infosys Shanghai	-	141
Infosys Mexico	-	11
Infosys Brasil	-	49
Lodestone Holding AG	136	1,187
Infosys Americas	1	-
Infosys Public Services	75	-
Edgeverve	1	-
	<u>213</u>	<u>1,388</u>
<b>Loans</b>		
Infosys Public Services	(75)	66
Infosys Brasil	33	-
Lodestone Holding AG	(136)	118
	<u>(178)</u>	<u>184</u>
<b>Revenue transactions:</b>		
<b>Purchase of services</b>		
Infosys Australia	-	2
Infosys China	225	238
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	1,020	104
Infosys BPO (Including subsidiaries)	180	135
Infosys Sweden	10	6
Infosys Mexico	12	13
Infosys Brasil	4	2
	<u>1,451</u>	<u>500</u>
<b>Purchase of shared services including facilities and personnel</b>		
Infosys BPO (including subsidiaries)	74	72
	<u>74</u>	<u>72</u>
<b>Interest income</b>		
Lodestone Holding AG	4	2
Infosys Public Services	5	1
Infosys Brasil	1	-
	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>
<b>Sale of services</b>		
Infosys Australia	-	1
Infosys China	9	1
Infosys Mexico	9	1
Lodestone Holding AG (including subsidiaries)	16	-
Infosys Brasil	4	-
Infosys BPO (including subsidiaries)	71	58
Infosys Public Services	577	439
	<u>686</u>	<u>500</u>
<b>Sale of shared services including facilities and personnel</b>		
Infosys BPO (including subsidiaries)	36	39
	<u>36</u>	<u>39</u>
<b>Dividend Income</b>		
Infosys Australia	-	83
	<u>-</u>	<u>83</u>

During the year ended March 31, 2014, an amount of ₹9 crore (₹10 crore for the year ended March 31, 2013) was donated to Infosys Foundation, a not-for-profit foundation, in which certain directors of the Company are trustees.

The table below describes the compensation to key managerial personnel which comprise directors and members of executive council:

Particulars	in ₹ crore	
	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Salaries and other employee benefits to whole-time directors and members of executive council <sup>(1)</sup>	56	41
Commission and other benefits to non-executive/independent directors	9	9
Total	<u>65</u>	<u>50</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes a one time earn out payment of ₹6 crore made to Stephen Pratt during the year ended March 31, 2013.

## 2.26 Merger of Infosys Consulting India Limited

The Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka sanctioned the scheme of amalgamation of Infosys Consulting India Limited (ICIL) with Infosys Limited with an effective date of August 23, 2013 and an appointed date of January 12, 2012. ICIL was a wholly owned subsidiary of Infosys Limited and was engaged in software related consultancy services. The merger of ICIL into Infosys Limited has been accounted for under pooling of interest method referred to in Accounting Standard 14, *Accounting for Amalgamation* (AS-14).

All the assets and liabilities of ICIL on and after the appointed date and prior to the effective date have been transferred to Infosys Limited on a going concern basis. As ICIL was a wholly owned subsidiary of Infosys Limited, no shares have been allotted to the shareholders upon the scheme becoming effective.

**2.27 RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE**

in ₹ crore

Particulars	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Expenditure at Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (DSIR) approved R&D centers (eligible for weighted deduction) <sup>(1)</sup>		
Capital Expenditure	-	3
Revenue Expenditure	261	247
Other R&D Expenditure		
Capital Expenditure	-	3
Revenue Expenditure	612	660
Total R&D Expenditure		
Capital Expenditure	-	6
Revenue Expenditure	873	907

<sup>(1)</sup> DSIR has accorded weighted deduction approval for Finacle and Infosys labs R&D centers of Infosys located at Bangalore, Bhubaneswar, Chandigarh, Chennai, Hyderabad, Mysore, Pune and Trivandrum locations. The approval is effective 23rd November 2011.

The eligible R&D revenue and capital expenditure are ₹261 crore and Nil for the Year ended March 31, 2014 and ₹247 crore and ₹3 crore towards revenue and capital expenditure for the year ended March 31, 2013.

**2.28 SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Company's operations predominantly relate to providing end-to-end business solutions to enable clients to enhance business performance. Effective quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company reorganized its business to strengthen its focus on growing existing client relationships and increasing market share through service differentiation and operational agility. Consequent to the internal reorganization, there were changes effected in the reportable industry segments based on the "management approach" as laid down in AS 17, Segment reporting and an additional segment, Life Sciences and Healthcare was identified. The Chief Executive Officer evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by industry classes and geographic segmentation of customers. Accordingly, segment information has been presented both along industry classes and geographic segmentation of customers, industry being the primary segment. The accounting principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistently applied to record revenue and expenditure in individual segments, and are as set out in the significant accounting policies.

Industry segments for the Company are primarily enterprises in Financial Services and Insurance (FSI), enterprises in Manufacturing (MFG), enterprises in the Energy & utilities, Communication and Services (ECS) and enterprises in Retail, Consumer packaged goods and Logistics (RCL), enterprises in Life Sciences and Healthcare (LSH). Geographic segmentation is based on business sourced from that geographic region and delivered from both on-site and off-shore. North America comprises the United States of America, Canada and Mexico; Europe includes continental Europe (both the east and the west), Ireland and the United Kingdom; and the Rest of the World comprising all other places except those mentioned above and India. Consequent to the above change in the composition of reportable industry segments, the prior year comparatives have been restated.

Revenue and identifiable operating expenses in relation to segments are categorized based on items that are individually identifiable to that segment. Allocated expenses of segments include expenses incurred for rendering services from the company's offshore software development centers and on-site expenses, which are categorized in relation to the associated turnover of the segment. Certain expenses such as depreciation, which form a significant component of total expenses, are not specifically allocable to specific segments as the underlying assets are used interchangeably. Management believes that it is not practical to provide segment disclosures relating to those costs and expenses, and accordingly these expenses are separately disclosed as "unallocated" and adjusted against the total income of the Company.

Fixed assets used in the Company's business or liabilities contracted have not been identified to any of the reportable segments, as the fixed assets and services are used interchangeably between segments. Accordingly, no disclosure relating to total segment assets and liabilities are made. Geographical information on revenue and industry revenue information is collated based on individual customers invoiced or in relation to which the revenue is otherwise recognized.

**Industry Segments**

Year ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 :

Particulars						in ₹ crore	
	FSI	MFG	ECS	RCL	LSH	Total	
Income from software services and products	15,374	9,434	8,862	8,106	2,565	44,341	
	12,775	7,657	7,506	6,812	2,015	36,765	
Identifiable operating expenses	7,413	4,835	4,088	3,991	1,348	21,675	
	5,767	3,751	3,378	3,012	918	16,826	
Allocated expenses	3,408	2,194	2,057	1,884	596	10,139	
	3,032	1,880	1,844	1,673	495	8,924	
Segmental operating income	4,553	2,405	2,717	2,231	621	12,527	
	3,976	2,026	2,284	2,127	602	11,015	
Unallocable expenses						1,101	
						956	
Other income, net						2,576	
						2,215	
Profit before exceptional item and tax						14,002	
						12,274	
Exceptional item-Dividend Income						-	
						83	
Profit before tax						14,002	
						12,357	
Tax expense						3,808	
						3,241	
Profit after taxes and exceptional item						10,194	
						9,116	

**Geographic Segments**Year ended March 31, 2014 and *March 31, 2013:*

<b>Particulars</b>	North America	Europe	India	Rest of the World	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
					Total	
Income from software services and products	27,963	9,800	1,278	5,300	44,341	
	<i>23,454</i>	<i>8,026</i>	<i>833</i>	<i>4,452</i>	<i>36,765</i>	
Identifiable operating expenses	13,624	5,021	621	2,409	21,675	
	<i>10,699</i>	<i>3,733</i>	<i>472</i>	<i>1,922</i>	<i>16,826</i>	
Allocated expenses	6,577	2,210	249	1,103	10,139	
	<i>5,758</i>	<i>1,949</i>	<i>179</i>	<i>1,038</i>	<i>8,924</i>	
Segmental operating income	7,762	2,569	408	1,788	12,527	
	<i>6,997</i>	<i>2,344</i>	<i>182</i>	<i>1,492</i>	<i>11,015</i>	
Unallocable expenses					1,101	
					<i>956</i>	
Other income, net					2,576	
					<i>2,215</i>	
Profit before exceptional item and tax					14,002	
					<i>12,274</i>	
Exceptional item-Dividend Income					-	
					<i>83</i>	
Profit before tax					14,002	
					<i>12,357</i>	
Tax expense					3,808	
					<i>3,241</i>	
Profit after taxes and exceptional item					10,194	
					<i>9,116</i>	

## 2.29 GRATUITY PLAN

The following table set out the status of the Gratuity Plan as required under AS 15.

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and plan assets :

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>				
	As at March 31,				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
<b>Obligations at year beginning</b>	612	569	459	308	256
Service cost	94	183	143	171	72
Interest cost	45	35	37	24	19
Transfer of obligation on amalgamation ( <i>refer to note 2.26</i> )	3	-	-	-	(2)
Actuarial (gain)/loss	8	(23)	(6)	15	(4)
Benefits paid	(94)	(83)	(64)	(59)	(33)
Curtailed gain	-	(69)	-	-	-
<b>Obligations at year end</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>612</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>459</b>	<b>308</b>

Defined benefit obligation liability as at the balance sheet date is fully funded by the Company.

### Change in plan assets

Plan assets at year beginning, at fair value	643	582	459	310	256
Expected return on plan assets	59	57	47	34	24
Actuarial gain/(loss)	(3)	1	-	1	1
Contributions	70	86	140	173	62
Benefits paid	(94)	(83)	(64)	(59)	(33)
Transfer of plan assets on amalgamation ( <i>refer to note 2.26</i> )	2	-	-	-	-
<b>Plan assets at year end at fair value</b>	<b>677</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>582</b>	<b>459</b>	<b>310</b>

### Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of the plan assets:

Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	677	643	582	459	310
Present value of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the year	668	612	569	459	308
<b>Asset recognized in the balance sheet</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2</b>

### Assumptions

Interest rate	9.20%	7.95%	8.57%	7.98%	7.82%
Estimated rate of return on plan assets	9.55%	9.51%	9.45%	9.36%	9.00%
Weighted expected rate of salary increase	8.00%	7.27%	7.27%	7.27%	7.27%

### Experience adjustments:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>				
	As at March 31,				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
<b>(Gain)/loss:</b>					
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	14	(49)	13	18	11
Experience adjustments on plan assets	3	-	-	1	4

Net gratuity cost for the year ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 comprises of the following components:

Particulars	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
<b>Gratuity cost for the year</b>		
Service cost	94	183
Interest cost	45	35
Expected return on plan assets	(59)	(57)
Actuarial (gain)/loss	11	(24)
Curtailed	-	(69)
Plan amendment amortization	(4)	(4)
<b>Net gratuity cost</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>64</b>
Actual return on plan assets	56	58

During the year ended March 31, 2010, a reimbursement obligation of ₹2 crore has been recognized towards settlement of gratuity liability of Infosys Consulting India Limited (ICIL). This has been offset pursuant to transfer of all assets and liabilities of ICIL on account of merger.

As at March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, the plan assets have been primarily invested in government securities. The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market. The Company expects to contribute ₹110 crore to the gratuity trust during the fiscal 2015.

Effective July 1, 2007, the Company revised the employee death benefits provided under the gratuity plan, and included all eligible employees under a consolidated term insurance cover. Accordingly, the obligations under the gratuity plan reduced by ₹37 crore, which is being amortised on a straight line basis to the statement of profit and loss over 10 years representing the average future service period of the employees. The unamortized liability as at March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 amounts to ₹11 crore and ₹15 crore, respectively and disclosed under 'Other long-term liabilities' and 'other current liabilities'.

The company has aligned the gratuity entitlement for majority of its employees prospectively to the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. This amendment has resulted in a curtailment gain of ₹69 crores for the year ended March 31, 2013 which has been recognized in the statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2013.

### 2.30 PROVIDENT FUND

The Company contributed ₹262 crore towards provident fund during the year ended March 31, 2014, respectively ( ₹240 crore during the year ended March 31, 2013).

The Guidance on Implementing AS 15, Employee Benefits (revised 2005) issued by Accounting Standards Board (ASB) states that benefits involving employer established provident funds, which require interest shortfalls to be recompensed are to be considered as defined benefit plans. The Actuarial Society of India has issued the final guidance for measurement of provident fund liabilities during the quarter ended December 31, 2011. The actuary has accordingly provided a valuation and based on the below provided assumptions there is no shortfall as at March 31, 2014, March 31, 2013, March 31, 2012, March 31, 2011 and March 31, 2010.

The details of fund and plan asset position are given below:

Particulars	As at March 31,				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Plan assets at year end, at fair value	2,817	2,399	1,816	1,579	1,295
Present value of benefit obligation at year end	2,817	2,399	1,816	1,579	1,295
<b>Asset recognized in balance sheet</b>	-	-	-	-	-

Assumptions used in determining the present value obligation of the interest rate guarantee under the Deterministic Approach:

Particulars	As at March 31,				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Government of India (GOI) bond yield	9.20%	7.95%	8.57%	7.98%	7.83%
Remaining term of maturity	8 years	8 years	8 years	7 years	7 years
Expected guaranteed interest rate	8.75%	8.25%	8.25%	9.50%	8.50%

### 2.31 SUPERANNUATION

The Company contributed ₹202 crore to the superannuation trust during the year ended March 31, 2014, (₹176 crore during the year ended March 31, 2013).

### 2.32 RECONCILIATION OF BASIC AND DILUTED SHARES USED IN COMPUTING EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Number of shares considered as basic weighted average shares outstanding	57,14,02,566	57,42,32,838
Add: Effect of dilutive issues of shares/stock options	-	853
Number of shares considered as weighted average shares and potential shares outstanding	<b>57,14,02,566</b>	<b>57,42,33,691</b>

### 2.33 RESTRICTED DEPOSITS

Restricted deposits as at March 31, 2014 include ₹977 crore (₹724 crore as at March 31, 2013) deposited with financial institutions to settle employee-related obligations as and when they arise during the normal course of business.

### 2.34 DUES TO MICRO SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES

As at March 31, 2014, ₹1 crore is outstanding to micro and small enterprises. There are no interests due or outstanding on the same. The Company has no dues to micro and small enterprises during the quarter and year ended March 31, 2013.

### 2.35 LITIGATION

On May 23, 2011, the company received a subpoena from a grand jury in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas. The subpoena required that the company provide to the grand jury certain documents and records related to its sponsorships for, and uses of, B1 business visas. The company complied with the subpoena. In connection with the subpoena, during a meeting with the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of Texas, the company was advised that it and certain of its employees are targets of the grand jury investigation.

In addition, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security ("DHS") reviewed the company's employer eligibility verifications on Form I-9 with respect to its employees working in the United States. In connection with this review, the company was advised that the DHS has found errors in a significant percentage of its Forms I-9 that the DHS has reviewed, and may impose fines and penalties on the company related to such alleged errors.

On October 30, 2013, the company settled the foregoing matters and entered into a Settlement Agreement ("Settlement Agreement") with the U.S. Attorney, the DHS and the United States Department of State ("State," and collectively with the U.S. Attorney and the DHS, the "United States").

In the Settlement Agreement, the company denied and disputed all allegations made by the United States, except for the allegation that the company failed to maintain accurate Forms I-9 records for many of its foreign nationals in the United States in 2010 and 2011 as required by law, and that such failure constituted civil violations of certain laws.

Under the Settlement Agreement, the company agreed, among other things, that

the company will pay to the United States an aggregate amount equal to ₹213 crore;

the company will retain, for a period of two years from the date of the Settlement Agreement, an independent third-party auditor or auditing firm at its expense which will annually review and report on its Forms I-9 compliance, which reports shall be submitted to the U.S. Attorney; and

within 60 days after the first anniversary of the Settlement Agreement, the company will furnish a report to the U.S. Attorney concerning the company's compliance with its internal B-1 visa use policies, standards of conduct, internal controls and disciplinary procedures.

In return, the United States agreed, among other things, that:

the United States will file a motion to dismiss with prejudice the complaint it will file in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas relating to allegations made by the United States regarding the company's compliance with laws regulating H1-B and B-1 visas and Forms I-9 (the "Alleged Conduct");

the United States will not use the Alleged Conduct to revoke any existing visas or petitions or deny future visas or petitions for the company's foreign nationals, and will evaluate each visa or petition on its own individual merits;

the United States will not use the Alleged Conduct to debar or suspend the company from any B-1 or H1-B immigration program, and the United States will not make any referrals to any government agencies for such debarment or suspension proceedings related to the Alleged Conduct; and

the United States will release the company and each of its current and former employees, directors, officers, agents and contractors from any civil, administrative or criminal claims the United States has or may have arising out of or pertaining to the Alleged Conduct, subject to certain exceptions specified in the Settlement Agreement.

Further, separate from, but related to the Settlement Agreement, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement has confirmed that it will not impose debarment from any B-1 or H1-B immigration program on the company related to the Alleged Conduct.

The company recorded a charge related to the Settlement Agreement including legal costs of ₹219 crore in the year ended March 31, 2014 related to the matters that were the subject of the Settlement Agreement. The said amounts were paid prior to December 31, 2013.

In addition, the company is subject to legal proceedings and claims, which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. The management does not reasonably expect that these legal actions, when ultimately concluded and determined, will have a material and adverse effect on the company's results of operations or financial condition.

### 2.36 Exceptional Item

During the year ended March 31, 2013, the Company received dividend of ₹83 crore from its wholly owned subsidiary Infosys Australia. The tax on such dividend is ₹14 crore.

### 2.37 FUNCTION WISE CLASSIFICATION OF STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

Statement of Profit and Loss for the	<i>in ₹ crore</i>	
	Year ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Income from software services and products	44,341	36,765
Software development expenses	26,738	21,662
<b>GROSS PROFIT</b>	<b>17,603</b>	<b>15,103</b>
Selling and marketing expenses	2,390	1,870
General and administration expenses	2,686	2,218
	5,076	4,088
<b>OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE DEPRECIATION</b>	<b>12,527</b>	<b>11,015</b>
Depreciation and amortization	1,101	956
<b>OPERATING PROFIT</b>	<b>11,426</b>	<b>10,059</b>
Other income	2,576	2,215
<b>PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEM AND TAX</b>	<b>14,002</b>	<b>12,274</b>
Dividend income	-	83
<b>PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>	<b>14,002</b>	<b>12,357</b>
Tax expense:		
Current tax	4,063	3,361
Deferred tax	(255)	(120)
<b>PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD</b>	<b>10,194</b>	<b>9,116</b>

*As per our report of even date attached  
for B S R & Co. LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration Number:101248W*

*for Infosys Limited*

Akhil Bansal  
Partner  
Membership No. 090906

N. R. Narayana Murthy  
Executive Chairman

S. Gopalakrishnan  
Executive Vice-Chairman

S. D. Shibulal  
Chief Executive Officer and  
Managing Director

K.V.Kamath  
Director

R.Seshasayee  
Director

Dr. Omkar Goswami  
Director

Prof. Jeffrey S. Lehman  
Director

Ravi Venkatesan  
Director

Kiran Mazumdar-shaw  
Director

Srinath Batni  
Director

B. G. Srinivas  
Director

U.B. Pravin Rao  
Director

Bangalore  
April 15, 2014

Rajiv Bansal  
Chief Financial Officer

Parvatheesam K  
Chief Risk Officer and  
Company Secretary