NETWORK TRANSFORMATION – PUSHING THE BUSINESS FRONTIER
"Please check your network connectivity" - this is the first response a user receives whenever a workplace or business application slows down, underlining the importance of the network in the IT environment. In traditional IT, the network enabled communication between business users and the datacenter. However, the onset of digital transformation in enterprises has changed the game. With the increase in cloud adoption and the proliferation of mobile and IoT devices, the era of the datacenter-driven IT is over. Instead, cloud, core and edges with connected devices have become the new enterprise IT.

COVID-19 has added a new dimension to connectivity. With a large part of the workforce at home, network connectivity has become truly boundaryless.

This brings new challenges and expectations of network infrastructure. The network of today and tomorrow is expected to deliver -
1. Always-on connectivity
2. Enhanced user experience
3. Zero-touch security
4. Extreme agility in execution
5. Lowered cost

**Always on connectivity**

Globalization has led to manufacturing in different geographies, workforce across the globe, and the rise of online sales channels. In the mobile-first business model, seamless, uninterrupted and round-the-clock applications access is mandatory. As a result, IT today is a 24x7 requirement and “always on” connectivity becomes the default.

**Enhanced user experience**

Businesses look for ways to be proactive with customers. Some methods that businesses have adopted to enhance customer engagement include personalization with location-enabled services. In the COVID-19 scenario, there is an unprecedented and growing use of videoconferencing, chat, telepresence, and data collaboration applications.

Enterprise networks should be capable of handling the high bandwidth with low latency to deliver enhanced user experience. The network should have the ability to dynamically manage the quality of service requirements and application performance needs.

**Zero-touch security**

Connected devices such as IoT and mobile sees widespread adoption. These devices transact heavily and in real-time with the core and cloud. As the IoT and always-on mobile workforce expand, IT infrastructure will be more exposed to attacks than ever before. Unlike laptops and desktops, IoT devices are not armed with security software. Today, working from home brings a new element of security risks to enterprise systems.

Hence, modern networks should have robust security measures yet provide simplified management for security operations. Organizations require a unified approach to security across both wired and wireless infrastructure. The network infrastructure should provide a uniform policy for all users, regardless of where or how they connect to the network. Such an approach makes it easier for network administrators to track policy and secure connectivity.

**Extreme agility in execution**

Business expansion implies setting up new offices, stores, branches and manufacturing hubs speedily. The right network solution is the starting point for these activities. The traditional network takes months to set up due to its hardware-centric approach and requires significant manual efforts and results in high operational costs. There is increasing complexity of networks at all levels—endpoint devices, protocols, access methods, traffic monitoring and management, security and quality of services. At the same time, the expectation today is to provision the network faster.

Modern networks must be agile and provide a single pane of the console, with unified policy-driven management rather than a hardware-controlled network to meet these stringent demands.

**Bring down the cost**

Bandwidth requirements of enterprises have gone up significantly with the advent of technologies such as the cloud, artificial intelligence (AI), machine learning (ML), IoT and edge. As the complexity and bandwidth requirements increase, the cost of the network also rises. Traditional networks like MPLS and other bandwidth-driven links increases the cost as the bandwidth consumption grows. The traditional network architecture is unable to manage the consumption patterns dynamically and fails to exploit the internet as an enterprise connectivity solution.

Organizations should look beyond traditional network solutions to reduce the cost of network consumption.
What should enterprises do?
Software-defined networks have become mainstream across all layers of networking. Software definition in networks makes the network programmable and facilitate much needed agility and dynamic scalability. It also helps the networks to adopt the AI and ML capabilities, both in operations and user engagement.

Various products and hybrid cloud networking solutions help enterprises improve their datacenter networking and application performance. Campus networks are becoming intent-based networks with the help of AI and ML. Software definition in WAN enables enterprises to transition from fixed links to a cloud-first and internet-first solution.

Hence, enterprises must look at their current legacy network landscape and develop a plan to modernize using software-defined networking solutions. This approach will help the enterprise personalize customer engagement and deliver business growth. It will also enable the enterprise to adopt intelligent automation and unified management capabilities in operation, which will lower the time and cost of execution.
About the Author

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Pandi has over 25 years of experience in cloud infrastructure and security services consulting, advisory, solutions, delivery and practice development. At Infosys, he manages cloud infrastructure and security services delivery for many customers across various segments and is responsible for the network transformation practice. Pandi has created successful teams and practices around data center transformation, private cloud and other cutting-edge technologies like open source solutions in infrastructure. Pandi is an automation evangelist and has created solutions, methodologies and frameworks for the adoption of automation.