# Infosys cobalt

# WHITE PAPER



# AIOPS: Charting an It operations and Business transformation

#### Abstract

Modern IT systems run a huge volume of business-critical applications, which demand significant manual effort and time for supervision. Moreover, each IT environment involves several technologies with their own set of tools for deployment and management. The volume and complexity of data makes IT environments vulnerable to security threats, which pose existential and reputational risks to enterprises.

Artificial Intelligence for IT Operations (AIOps) addresses complex IT environment challenges. Our white paper discusses how AIOps delivers a one-stop solution for businesses by helping site reliability engineering and support teams continuously monitor to detect any anomalies across the IT environment.



### Introduction

The modern IT environment is complex, which makes it challenging to ensure efficient and reliable IT operations and maintenance. Conventional Application Performance Monitoring (APM) and Infrastructure Performance Monitoring (IPM) tool methods focus on performing repetitive tasks and resolving anomalies manually. These methods lack visibility and predictive intelligence from real-time and historical data, thereby, increasing mean time to resolution (MTTR). AlOps leverages Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML) models to improve IT services. AlOps relies on ML, big data, and analytics to monitor infrastructure and offer proactive insights, detect new patterns and recommendations to reduce failures, and improve MTTR. It provides support to manage and allocate computing resources efficiently. AlOps offers in-depth insights and various sets of tools and methodologies for various applications, from efficient resource management and scheduling to complex failure management tasks such as failure prediction, anomaly detection, and remediation.





### **Components of AlOps**

**Configuration Management Database (CMDB):** AlOps platforms perform optimally when IT environments and the CMDB are up-to-date and robust. It constitutes the foundation for successful proactive monitoring of the IT landscape. CMDB helps identify the right Configuration Item (CI) within the IT environment, which enables correlation and identifying the root cause within the business application.

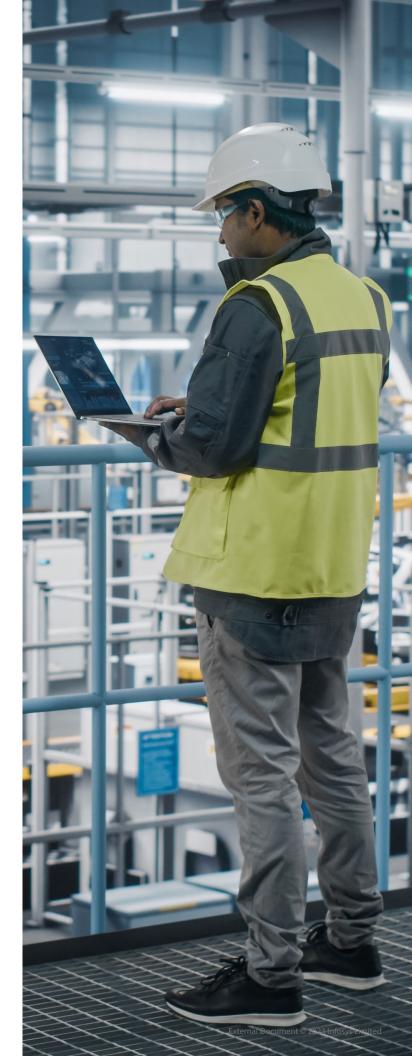
**Topology discovery:** In a complex IT environment characterized by a multi-cloud, containerization, and hybrid cloud, determining the origin of the problem is challenging. Discovery and service maps (topographical view of the application) help keep the application service up-to-date, thereby, making it easier to identify the root cause and provide insights into solving the problem with the support of an AlOps platform.[2] Since modern enterprises are powered by IT, visibility into IT infrastructure is mission critical. As IT infrastructure grows with the addition of new integrations and becomes more complex due to multi-cloud environments, visibility into serverless compute and containerization involves monitoring a moving target.

To gain visibility into an IT environment, you need to address the challenge of consolidating, maintaining, and understanding complex configuration data. It requires a continuously updated CMDB. Discovery and service maps enable AIOps platforms to determine fault prediction and anomaly detection with precision.

**Event management and correlation:** AlOps utilizes machine learning to analyze behavioral patterns in data, identifying and correlating relationships among innumerable events. With the use of anomaly detection algorithms[1,2], it can swiftly detect abnormalities that may cause significant problems. Through advanced machine learning techniques, AlOps groups related alerts, enabling NOC operators or the SRE team to identify the symptoms of an underlying cause with ease.

AlOps 'learns' different behavioral patterns of repetitive alerts and applies these patterns to create anomalies for actionable new alerts. With its ability to leverage service maps and other relationships within the CMDB, AlOps is capable of providing topological correlation that identifies how symptoms propagate across business services and IT infrastructure. Additionally, AlOps offers temporal correlation by analyzing sequences of alerts that occur over time.

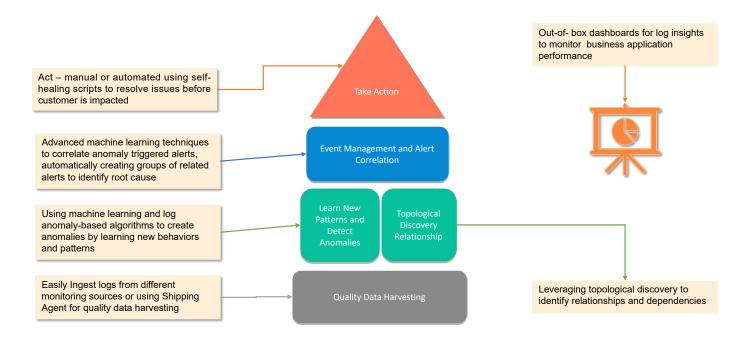
Using topographical maps, AlOps assists IT teams in enhancing their IT operations by providing tools to visualize, analyze, and consolidate data. This enables a more comprehensive understanding of the data, leading to improved decision-making and operational efficiency. Anomaly-based alerts, a major source of business-related alerts in a complex IT environment, are the 'ceiling' of the AlOps architecture and a key AlOps use case. The difference of anomaly-based alerts in an AlOps infrastructure lies in their reliance on algorithms to identify anomalies, but not on pre-configured threshold action alerting defined by technical



teams. At its core, AlOps relies on comprehensive data from a range of sources, as well as a sophisticated anomaly detection engine that takes context into account. With the ability to prioritize alerts based on their relevance to the specific business operation affected, AlOps tools such as BigPanda or ServiceNow can automatically or manually suppress insignificant alerts. This can significantly reduce notification fatigue among diverse SRE and support teams, enabling them to undertake root cause analysis more effectively, speed up the resolution of issues, and prevent outages.

Log analytics: AlOps uses Al/ML capabilities to detect anomalous behavior from diverse data sources. The process begins with ingestion of logs for quality data harvesting using shipping agents such as Filebeats or using AlOps platform out-of-the-box connectors such as Elastic and Kafka. AlOps infrastructure is built on a foundation of continuous data harvesting, which includes the collection of time-series performance metrics, text logs, and observation of various behavioral patterns, logs, and traces. This involves gathering historical and real-time data from multiple sources to enable more comprehensive analysis. A key feature of AlOps is its ability to structure and normalize data, providing flexibility to detect anomalies at a faster pace. [2] By using log parsers and pre-processing methods, it analyzes vast amounts of data from multiple sources to identify anomalies in the system through a range of models, enabling it to make sense of complex data sets and logs. This results in the generation of alerts that provide notification of potential issues. It identifies the root cause with the help of past incidents and resolves incidents by providing predictive insights using different ITSM platforms. To detect and address any abnormal behavior within the IT environment, it is essential to possess the capability to flexibly consume, normalize, and structure data from various sources for further processing. This enables the identification of the root cause and subsequent action to be taken.

**Automated remediation:** By ingesting data from various sources, processing it with an anomaly detection engine, and analyzing it for domain-agnostic anomalies within the appropriate context, the root cause of potential issues can be swiftly identified and addressed using ITSM capabilities or self-automation techniques. This also enables the platform to take action on its own through self-remediation, triggered by the implementation of self-healing scripts or integration with third-party tools like Ansible, Chef, ServiceNow Integration Hub, and Terraform.



#### Why AIOps tools complement APM and IPM tools [13]?

The distinction between AlOps monitoring tools and APM and IPM tools is based on their scope: APM and IPM tools offer device monitoring capabilities and detailed guidance for a specific set of software and hardware resources. While these tools are effective, they lack the ability to proactively detect anomalies across the entire stack. Therefore, the combination of AlOps with APM and IPM is considered a viable solution for achieving comprehensive monitoring coverage. Let us consider two scenarios:

Scenario #1: An APM tool indicates a high storage latency problem. In such an event, an administrator must investigate the issue by analyzing APM log data and cross-referencing it with input monitoring sources such as infrastructure and systems management log data. This process helps identify the relationship between the application's performance problem and the storage subsystem. To pinpoint the root cause, the administrator needs to write various queries and functions, which can be time-consuming and require significant effort. Moreover, the administrator needs to find out whether the problem is related to the application layer, network, storage subsystem, or a specific disk.

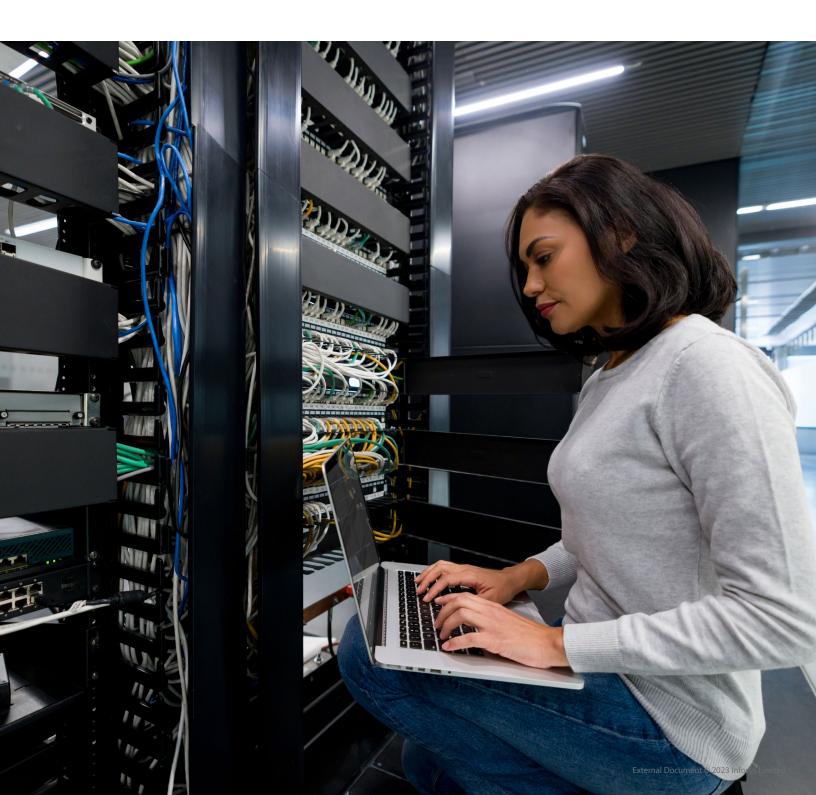
<u>Solution:</u> AlOps monitoring tools break down silos in the IT environment by integrating metrics, traces, and log events to provide a comprehensive overview of operations. This allows for a more holistic and unified understanding of the overall system performance.

<u>Scenario #2:</u> Continuing with the previous example, where an AlOps tool used to analyze logs from APM, IPM, and other tools in order to pinpoint the root cause of an application's storage

latency problem. For example, one of the disks associated with the logical unit number has reported errors to the storage subsystem, indicating a risk of malfunction.

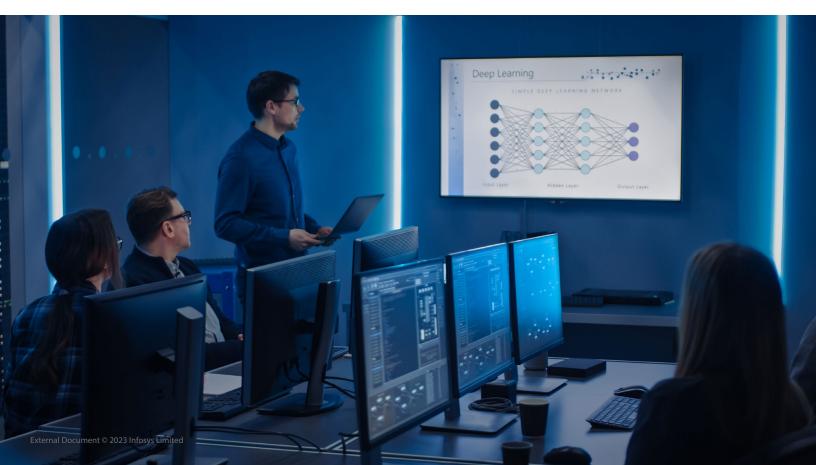
<u>Solution</u>: The AlOps tool suggests a disk rebuild as a preventative measure to avoid storage failure and can even initiate self-healing scripts with minimal need for support team intervention.

There are various tools available in the AIOPs space [4] which can be easily leveraged based upon the specific needs and requirements. It's recommended to evaluate each platform and see which one fits better with the IT environment and business.



### Benefits of AIOps adoption

Lower dependency on multiple monitoring tools	<ul> <li>72% [15] of IT environments depend on at least nine different monitoring tools.</li> <li>AlOps reduces the dependency on multiple monitoring tools, thereby saving time and effort.</li> </ul>
Cost savings	<ul> <li>Reducing the complexity and amount of time that an IT team has to spends on certain tasks can result in cost savings along with the dependency on purchasing different monitoring tools.</li> </ul>
Collaboration	<ul> <li>Proactively monitoring for anomaly-based alerts and escalating to automatically route incidents to individuals or teams best equipped to respond using various channels such as Slack and Microsoft Teams.</li> </ul>
Zero-touch automation	<ul> <li>Automated incident remediation, which includes various workflows to resolve the incident when it occurs and reduce MTTR and MTTD. [12]</li> <li>Using self-healing scripts or using third party tools such as Ansible helps reduce the MTTR using anomaly-based alerts.</li> </ul>
Improved scalability of software and software development life cycle teams	• By writing various automation scripts and creating solutions for AlOps visualization, insights improve the scalability of the software and SDLC team. In addition, it increases the agility and speed of DevOps projects. [12]
Reduce false alarms and enable prediction	<ul> <li>Various machine learning capabilities and tools are a major part of AlOps. By using these capabilities, AlOps platforms can be trained continuously to identify the anomaly in the form of an alert, either redundant, false or something that needs to be dealt with immediately[12]. It transforms SRE teams to become proactive from reactive.</li> </ul>



### **Emerging AlOps landscape**

The evolution of AlOps will deliver Machine Learning Operations (MLOps). It will create a seamless integration between development cycle and the overall operations process to transform how the enterprise manages big data as input to machine learning models. MLOps will deliver insights that IT teams can count on and put into practice.

The continuous need of hyper parameter tuning within models makes it difficult to retrain and deploy code. Adoption of MLOps addresses these issues to fine tune complex code and provide the necessary steps for creating a pipeline to deploy, test and train models. MLOps provides an opportunity to train existing models without manual intervention. AlOps platforms can update models for various log anomaly detection with new and emerging technologies.

### Conclusion

AlOps capabilities empower SRE, DevOps, Security, and IT support teams to pinpoint the root cause of IT malfunctions quickly and accurately.

AlOps platforms significantly improve IT operations and reduce MTTR. Equipped with Al/ML capabilities in AlOps, the SRE and DevOps teams make the shift from reactive to proactive monitoring.

AlOps benefits the SRE team by implementing automatic diagnostics and metric-driven continuous improvement across the SDLC by incorporating AlOps components. Significantly, it prevents outages in the IT environment and boosts the agility and speed of DevOps projects.



### About the Author



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Rishav has a strong focus on AlOps and over 5 years of experience in developing and implementing solutions in this field. He has a diverse background in business and technology, allowing him to effectively address challenges in IT operations. Rishav is a strategic thinker, with a business-oriented approach and expertise in cloud computing with 5+ years of experience in Technology Strategy and Enterprise Architecture

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