Abstract

The advent of the Covid-19 pandemic has witnessed the world grappling with a crisis like never before. Governments were compelled to enforce complete lockdowns and social distancing norms. Every aspect of human life – be it academic, professional, personal was disrupted. Enterprises around the world were sent clambering for business process continuity and there was a unanimous clarion call for remote work. Even then, some sectors such as retail, manufacturing and healthcare could not implement remote working in its entirety and had to operate under the confines of the social-distancing directives.

In this post-pandemic era, it is time for organizations to reflect on the grind that they have been put through, the takeaways from this adverse situation and how to make the most out of it.
Embracing a digitized workplace in the new normal

Months into the pandemic crisis, organizations have finally embraced the reality of remote working. Some have quickly upended their technologies while others have found alternative ways of working. The key learnings from this crisis -

1. Remote working is here to stay – The pandemic has been a test for the productivity and efficacy of remote working. Industry leaders have realized that best-in-class collaboration and workplace tools can help remote workers be as productive as they were in office. Our organization has seen 93% of the global workforce (240,000) working remotely. Our productivity in the era of remote working was at par with the pre-Covid times. Employees across the organization used collaboration tools such as WebEx, Microsoft Teams to keep the momentum going. We had our network and VPN infrastructure upgraded. A study by Gartner [1] had projected that 74% of Companies Plan to permanently shift to more Remote Work post COVID-19.

The struggles of remote work

Working from home during the pandemic was a different ballgame altogether. Businesses had a tough time factoring in all these impediments.

• With the dissolution of the boundaries between what is professional and personal, employees have battled to find work-life balance - managing distractions at home, taking care of dependents, and focusing on work all at the same time. Not everyone had a designated home office setup.

• Speaking from personal experience, I have been part of meetings and webinars where participants have been dropped off multiple times due to erratic Wi-Fi networks. Weak or intermittent internet connectivity, inadequate help-desk support for hardware and software issues, lack of proper collaboration tools, intermittent electricity supply were factors that affected employee productivity and their ability to work towards deadlines.

• Not only that, employees have found it quite difficult to adapt to the drastic changes in technology in some cases. Baby Boomers and Gen X-ers needed more time to acclimatize themselves with remote working technologies.

• Lack of personal connections with co-workers, physical meetings and interactions have made people feel lonely and isolated and given rise to mental health issues. Trepidation about COVID-19 itself has added into the stress. To top everything, most employees have been victims to occupational burnout. Parenting while balancing work has been a challenge to most.

• New hires, in the absence of physical introductions, have felt a disconnect with their teams.
Eventually, we would see more companies adopting to a dynamic hybrid workplace with a mix of on-premise and remote workers. This will open avenues for organizations to attract talent across geographies. With the help of digital tools that aid remote working, organizations can look at reducing real-estate costs.

1. **Digitizing the workplace is core to business growth in a post-pandemic world** – The pandemic has forced organizations to move from legacy tools and technology to new technologies and ways of working.
   - Microsoft Teams has accelerated from 75 million active daily user in April 2019 to 115 million daily active users in October 2019.
   - Cisco’s video-conferencing app WebEx clocked 600 million participants in October 2020, which is nearly twice the numbers recorded in March 2020.
   - Zoom had its customers with more than 10 employees grow by 485% year on year as on the third quarter Third Quarter Fiscal Year 2021.
   - Virtual Desktop infrastructure (VDI) saw a growth of 20% over the pandemic period.

In an October 2020 survey, McKinsey & Company found that organizations have expedited the adoption of digital technologies by several years.

2. **User adoption of new technologies is a definite challenge** – Even as organizations have rolled out new digital technologies, user adoption of these technologies has been considerably slow when compared to leadership goals. There are multiple reasons attributing to this such as the high complexity of these new technologies, scarcity of training resources and of course, employee proficiency. Organization leaders must emphasize more on the outcome of the transformation than on the acclimatization process. Organization leaders should focus on providing adequate training to equip employees with the new technologies. The training should be gradual, starting with basic (quick wins) followed by complex for advanced users. Knowledge management and social collaboration tools such as Yammer would help employees create discussion forums within the organization. This can build up to a knowledge management space for employees. C-level executives must interact regularly with their employees via virtual events or other means of communication.
4. Mental wellbeing is just as important as physical health - The pandemic had a huge impact on every individual’s mental health. We have seen upheavals in the job market and families have been left without a breadwinner, overnight. Fear of losing a job, unprecedented workloads, isolation, and anxiety about the coronavirus has left a flurry of stressed-out employees in its wake who are trying different ways to cope with it. 

This has impacted the way employees work. A recent survey by WHO[6] stated that 93% of the countries reported disruption of mental health due to Covid-19. Organizations that are leveraging digital tools should identify mechanisms to help employees build social relationships to combat stress and loneliness.

Parenting - housework and childcare, dependents diagnosed with Covid, loss of loved ones were some of the common reasons that we saw affecting people’s emotional wellbeing. Organizations should come up with support programs such as day-care incentives, family leaves etc.

Infosys had introduced virtual yoga classes, one-on-one meetings between employees, medical incentives, mental well-being webinars to tackle the different aspects of health for its employees. Yoga classes have helped employees reduce stress and regain strength and balance. Meetings with fellow employees have helped them stay connected in a time of social isolation which in turn boosted employee morale and encouraged them to stay just as productive as before.

Conclusion

With the infrastructure for remote working rolled out at scale because of the crisis, there would be an exponential increase in digital nomads in the post pandemic world. It is high time that organizations gear up to provide hybrid digital workplace experiences for the employees to make the most of on-premise capabilities and remote workers. They should also look at investing in productivity and wellbeing monitoring tools such as Microsoft Workplace Analytics. Employers will need to reassess their benefit programs to help employees overcome the productivity challenges.

About the author

Maruthi Rao Gadde

Maruthi Rao Gadde has over 16 years of experience with a specialization in Digital Workspace Services. He has been instrumental in helping multiple large fortune 500 companies in their Digital Workplace transformation journey. After having worked with customers across multiple domains (Manufacturing, Automobile, Finance, Retail, Oil and Gas), he understands not only the technology but also the human side of Digital Workspace. He vision is to make technology work for everyone.

References

[1] CFO Actions in Response to COVID-19, Gartner Research
[2] Microsoft Teams reaches 115 million DAU—plus, a new daily collaboration minutes metric for Microsoft 365
[3] Cisco’s WebEx participants near 600 million as pandemic flares again
[4] Zoom Reports Results for Third Quarter Fiscal Year 2021
[6] COVID-19 disrupting mental health services in most countries, WHO survey