

F.No.21-157/2017-IA-III  
Government of India  
Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change  
(IA.III Section)

Indira Paryavaran Bhawan,  
Jor Bagh Road, New Delhi - 3

Date: 27<sup>th</sup> August, 2018

To,

**M/s Infosys Ltd Pune**

Plot No. 24, Rajiv Gandhi Info Tech Park, Phase II,

Village Mann, Hinjawadi, Mulshi,

Pune - 411 057, Maharashtra

E Mail: [infosyspune2016@gmail.com](mailto:infosyspune2016@gmail.com)

**Subject: Proposed Expansion of IT Park at Plot No 24, MIDC, Rajiv Gandhi InfoTech Park Phase II, Village Mann, Taluka Mulshi, Hinjawadi, Pune, Maharashtra by M/s Infosys Limited - Environmental Clearance - reg.**

Sir,

This has reference to your online proposal No. IA/MH/NCP/62924/2017 dated 1<sup>st</sup> December, 2017, submitted to this Ministry for grant of Environmental Clearance (EC) in terms of the provisions of the Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification, 2006 under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

2. The proposal for grant of environmental clearance to the project 'Proposed Expansion of IT Park at Plot No 24, MIDC, Rajiv Gandhi InfoTech Park Phase II, Village Mann, Taluka Mulshi, Hinjawadi, Pune, Maharashtra' by M/s Infosys Limited, was considered by the Expert Appraisal Committee (Infra-2) in its 26<sup>th</sup> meeting held on 14-15 December, 2017 and 31<sup>st</sup> meeting held on 29-30 May, 2018. Further correction in the minutes of meeting of 31<sup>st</sup> meeting has been made in 32<sup>nd</sup> EAC (Infra-2) meeting held on 2-4 July, 2018. The details of the project, as per the documents submitted by the project proponent, and also as informed during the above meeting are as under:-

- (i) The project is located at 18°35'50.2"N-18°35'59.7"N latitude and 73°42'20.2"E - 73°43'43.2"E longitude.
- (ii) This is an expansion project. Earlier EC was issued by SEIAA, Maharashtra vide letter no. SEAC-2010/CR.707/TC.2 dated 9<sup>th</sup> June 2011. Construction yet to start for proposed expansion.
- (iii) The total plot area is 4,63,380 sqm, FSI area is 6,64,220 sqm (Permissible FSI) and total construction area of 8,67,692 sqm. The project will comprise of SDB-12 (G+18), MLCP-3 (G+10), Collection Sump, Convention Centre, Gas Bank 1 & 2, Gas Bank 3, Gas Bank 4, Auditorium, MLPL2+Security Cabin, Security Block-4, Security Block-5 (dog Shed), Scrap Yard-2, 220 KVA Substation, Biogas Plant, Amphitheater, MLPL 4 (G+10) Buildings. No flats shall be developed. Maximum height of the building is (G + 18) 65 M.
- (iv) During construction phase, total water requirement is expected to be 100 KLD which will be met by through tankers. Also approximately local 400 laborers/workers will be deployed during construction; therefore total quantity of water is estimated to be 54 m<sup>3</sup>/d to meet the requirement of labour. The domestic wastewater (Sewage) generated will be 43 m<sup>3</sup>/d. During the construction

15/1/18

phase, soak pits and septic tanks will be provided for disposal of waste water. Temporary sanitary toilets will be provided during peak labor force.

- (v) During operational phase, total water demand of the project is expected to be 2840 KLD (2709 KLD existing + 131 KLD proposed) and the same will be met by the MIDC supply/reused /Recycled Water. Wastewater generated 2260 KLD (2155 KLD existing + 105 KLD proposed) uses will be treated in 2260 KLD STPs of total 2 MLD+1MLD capacity. 2260 KLD of treated wastewater will be recycled (reused for flushing, for gardening). About 0 KLD will be disposed in to municipal drain.
- (vi) About 928 Kg/day solid waste will be generated in the project. The biodegradable waste (556.80 kg/day) will be processed in OWC and the non-biodegradable waste generated (371.200 kg/day) will be handed over to authorized local vendor.
- (vii) The total power requirement during construction phase will be met from MSEDCL and back up DG set and total power requirement during operation phase is 15.35 MVA (MSEDCL) 24 MVA (DG set) and will be met from MSEDCL and back up DG set.
- (viii) Rooftoprainwater of buildings will be collected in an area of influence of 100 meters and depth of 20 meters for 68 Nos of Injection well (52 existing and 16 proposed) boreholes RWH tanks of total 1,36,000 m<sup>3</sup>/annum capacity for harvesting after filtration.
- (ix) There will be increase in Number of employees in the campus as a result there will be increase in vehicles. As vehicles will not ply inside the campus, they will directly enter into the Multi-Level Parking (MLP) there will be no need on developing additional infrastructure for additional vehicles. For internal movement of persons there are 14 electric golf carts inside the campus which takes away persons from one place to other.

Description of Item	Existing	Proposed	Total after Expansion
Parking Area	2957.48 sqm	10358.50 sqm	12315.98 sqm
Buses	140	-	140
Cars	4976	6608	11584
Scooter	400	3605	4005
Cycle	1000	-	1000

- (x) It is located in MIDC already approved and developed Hinjawadi as Rajiv Gandhi Infotech Park.
- (xi) The project was granted Standard ToR by MoEFCC vide letter No. 21-157/2017-IA-III dated 19.06.2017.
- (xii) There is no court case pending against the project.
- (xiii) Investment/Cost of the project is Rs. 690 Crores.
- (xiv) Employment potential. The existing IT professional is 31288, and for proposed it will be additional 3712, so the total IT professionals at Infosys campus will be 35000 after expansion.
- (xv) Benefits of the project. The proposed expansion project will develop environmental feature in the project area and enhance over all environment of the area.

3. The project/activity is covered under item 8(b) 'Townships and Area Development Projects' of the Schedule to the EIA Notification, 2006.

4. The EAC, in its meetings held on 14-15 December, 2017 and 29-30 May, 2018, after detailed deliberations on the proposal, has recommended for grant of Environmental Clearance to the project. As per recommendations of the EAC, the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change hereby accords Environmental Clearance to the project 'Proposed Expansion of IT Park at Plot No 24, MIDC, Rajiv Gandhi InfoTech Park Phase II, Village Mann, Taluka Mulshi, Hinjawadi, Pune, Maharashtra' by M/s Infosys Limited,, under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 and amendments/circulars issued thereon, and subject to the specific and general conditions as under:-

#### **PART A – SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:**

- (i) Consent to Establish/Operate for the project shall be obtained from the State Pollution Control Board as required under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.
- (ii) The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightning etc.
- (iii) The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.

#### **Topography and natural Drainage**

- (iv) The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.

#### **Water requirement, Conservation, rain water Harvesting, and Ground Water Recharge**

- (v) As proposed, fresh water requirement from MIDC water shall not exceed 2840 KLD.
- (vi) A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- (vii) The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.

- (viii) At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- (ix) Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
- (x) Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
- (xi) Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing system. In case of single stack system separate recirculation lines for flushing by giving dual plumbing system be done.
- (xii) Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- (xiii) The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local bye-law provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rooftop rainwater of buildings will be collected in 68 Nos of Injection well (52 existing and 16 proposed) boreholes.
- (xiv) As proposed, no ground water shall be used during construction/ operation phase of the project.
- (xv) Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.

### **Solid Waste Management**

- (xvi) The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- (xvii) Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- (xviii) Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials. Wet garbage shall be composted in Organic Waste Converter. Adequate area shall be provided for solid waste management within the premises which will include area for segregation, composting. The inert waste from group housing project will be sent to dumping site.
- (xix) Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.

- (xx) A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.

### Sewage Treatment Plant

- (xxi) Sewage shall be treated in the STP based on MBR technology with tertiary treatment i.e. Ultra Filtration. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing and gardening. No treated water will be disposed in to municipal drain.
- (xxii) No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
- (xxiii) The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- (xxiv) Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

### Energy

- (xxv) Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED. Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof u-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.
- (xxvi) Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning. Used CFLs, TFL and LED shall be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.
- (xxvii) Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher. Follow super ECBC requirement of ECBC 2017 and provide compliance report.
- (xxviii) Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.



(xxix) Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27<sup>th</sup> August, 2003 and 25<sup>th</sup> January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.

(xxx) A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project shall be obtained.

### **Air Quality and Noise**

(xxxii) Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meter height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site. Sand, murram, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting. Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.

(xxxiii) All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules, 2016. All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.

(xxxiiii) The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise emission standards.

(xxxv) The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.

(xxxvi) For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.

(xxxvii) A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.

(xxxviii) Ambient noise levels shall conform to commercial standard both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.

## Green Cover

(xxxviii) A minimum of 1 tree for every 80 sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The existing trees will be counted for this purpose. Preference should be given to planting native species. Where the trees need to be cut, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:3 (i.e. planting of 3 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. As proposed, area of 2,00,335 sqm shall be provided exclusively for green-belt/landscape development.

## Top Soil preservation and Reuse

(xxxix) Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.

## Transport

- (xl) A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
- Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
  - Traffic calming measures
  - Proper design of entry and exit points.
  - Parking norms as per local regulation
- (xli) A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.
- (xlii) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.

## Environment management Plan

- (xlili) An environmental management plan (EMP) as prepared and submitted shall be implemented to ensure compliance with the environmental conditions specified above. A dedicated Environment Monitoring Cell with defined functions and responsibility shall be put in place to implement the EMP. The environmental cell shall ensure that the environment infrastructure like Sewage Treatment Plant, Landscaping, Rain Water Harvesting, Energy efficiency and conservation, water efficiency and conservation, solid waste

management, renewable energy etc. are kept operational and meet the required standards. The environmental cell shall also keep the record of environment monitoring and those related to the environment infrastructure.

#### Others

- (xlv) Provisions shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, creche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- (xlv) A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.
- (xlvi) The company shall draw up and implement corporate social Responsibility plan as per the Company's Act of 2013.
- (xlvii) As per the Ministry's Office Memorandum F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1<sup>st</sup> May 2018, and proposed by the project proponent, an amount of Rs. 3.45 Crore (@0.5% of project Cost) shall be earmarked under Corporate Environment Responsibility (CER) for the activities such as Skill & Economic Development activities, Education facilities, Health & Medical facilities, Drainage and sanitation facilities, infrastructure development and Agriculture Improvement program. The activities proposed under CER shall be restricted to the affected area around the project. The entire activities proposed under the CER shall be treated as project and shall be monitored. The monitoring report shall be submitted to the regional office as a part of half yearly compliance report, and to the District Collector. It should be posted on the website of the project proponent. per the Ministry's Office Memorandum F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1<sup>st</sup> May 2018, and proposed by the project proponent, an amount @1.0% of project Cost shall be earmarked under Corporate Environment Responsibility (CER) for the activities such as infrastructure creation for drinking water supply, sanitation, health, education, skill development, roads, cross drains, electrification including solar power, solid waste management facilities, scientific support and awareness to local farmers to increase yield of crop and fodder, rain water harvesting, soil moisture conservation works, avenue plantation, plantation in community areas. The activities proposed under CER shall be restricted to the affected area around the project. The entire activities proposed under the CER shall be treated as project and shall be monitored. The monitoring report shall be submitted to the regional office as a part of half yearly compliance report, and to the District Collector. It should be posted on the website of the project proponent.

#### **PART B - GENERAL CONDITIONS**

- (i) A copy of the environmental clearance letter shall also be displayed on the website of the concerned State Pollution Control Board. The EC letter shall also be displayed at the Regional Office, District Industries centre and Collector's Office/ Tehsildar's office for 30 days.
- (ii) The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and shall not be diverted for other purpose. Year-wise



expenditure shall be reported to this Ministry and its concerned Regional Office.

- (iii) Officials from the Regional Office of MoEF&CC, Nagpur who would be monitoring the implementation of environmental safeguards should be given full cooperation, facilities and documents/data by the project proponents during their inspection. A complete set of all the documents submitted to MoEF&CC shall be forwarded to the APCCF, Regional Office of MoEF&CC, Nagpur.
- (iv) In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project would require a fresh appraisal by this Ministry.
- (v) The Ministry reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environment clearance under the provisions of the Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986, to ensure effective implementation of the suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.
- (vi) All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department, the Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 etc. shall be obtained, as applicable by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- (vii) These stipulations would be enforced among others under the provisions of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and the EIA Notification, 2006.
- (viii) The project proponent shall advertise in at least two local Newspapers widely circulated in the region, one of which shall be in the vernacular language informing that the project has been accorded Environmental Clearance and copies of clearance letters are available with the State Pollution Control Board and may also be seen on the website of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at <http://www.envfor.nic.in>. The advertisement shall be made within Seven days from the date of receipt of the Clearance letter and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the Regional Office of this Ministry at Nagpur.
- (ix) Any appeal against this clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.
- (x) A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zilla Parisad/Municipal Corporation, Urban Local Body and the Local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the company by the proponent.
- (xi) The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; SPM, RSPM, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company in the public domain.

(xii) The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of MoEF&CC by e-mail.

5. This issues with the approval of Competent Authority.



(Kushal Vashist)  
Director

Copy to:

- 1) The Principal Secretary, Environment Department, Government of Maharashtra, 15<sup>th</sup> Floor, New Administrative Building, Mantralaya, Mumbai - 400 032.
- 2) The APCCF (C), MoEF&CC, Regional Office (WCZ), Ground Floor, East Wing, New Secretariat Building, Civil Lines, Nagpur - 440001.
- 3) The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board Parivesh Bhavan, CBD-cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi - 110 032.
- 4) The Chairman, Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, Kalpataru Point, 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Opp. Cine Planet, Sion Circle, Mumbai - 400 022.
- 5) Monitoring Cell, MoEF&CC, Indira Paryavaran Bhavan, New Delhi.
- 6) Guard File/ Record File/ Notice Board.
- 7) MoEFCC Website.



(Kushal Vashist)  
Director